

# PILOT'S GUIDE AND REFERENCE



GNC 300XL

This manual is written for software version 2.04 or above, and is not suitable for earlier software versions.

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**NOTE:** This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC limits for Class B digital devices. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by relocating the equipment or connecting the equipment to a different circuit than the affected equipment. Consult an authorized dealer or other qualified avionics technician for additional help if these remedies do not correct the problem.

Operation of this device is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The GARMIN GNC 300XL does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized GARMIN service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void your warranty and authority to operate this device under Part 15 regulations.

# CAUTION

The Global Positioning System is operated by the United States government, which is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Although the GARMIN GNC 300XL is a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID), any NAVAID can be misused or misinterpreted and therefore become unsafe.

Use the GNC 300XL at your own risk. To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of this Owner's Manual and the Flight Manual Supplement, and thoroughly practice using the simulator mode prior to actual use. When in actual use, carefully compare indications from the GNC 300XL to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDS, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.

The altitude calculated by the GNC 300XL is geometric height above mean sea level and could vary significantly from altitude displayed by pressure altimeters in aircraft. **Never** use GPS altitude for vertical navigation.

The Jeppesen database incorporated in the GNC 300XL must be updated regularly in order to ensure that its information is current. Updates are released every 28 days. A database information packet is included in your GNC 300XL package.

### Pilots using an out-of-date database do so entirely at their own risk.

# Accessories & Packing List

Congratulations on choosing the finest, most advanced panel mount IFR GPSCOM available. The GNC 300XL represents GARMIN's commitment to provide an accurate, easy-to-use GPS for all of your aviation needs.

Before installing and getting started with your unit, please check to see that your package includes the following items. If any parts are missing or damaged, please see your GARMIN dealer immediately.

# Standard Package:

- GNC 300XL Unit & NavData® Card
- GPS Antenna
- Installation Rack & Connectors
- Pilot's Guide & Quick Reference Guide
- Database Subscription Packet
- Warranty Registration Card

# **Optional Accessories:**

- Remote Battery Pack
- AC Adapter
- PC Software/Interface Kit
- User Data Card
- 28 to 14 volt DC converter
- MD-41 External Switch/Annunciator



To obtain accessories for your GNC 300XL, please contact your nearest GARMIN dealer.



To obtain warranty service, see your local dealer or call the GARMIN Customer Service department for a returned merchandise tracking number. The unit should be securely packaged with the tracking number clearly marked on the outside of the package, and sent freight prepaid and insured to a GARMIN authorized warranty service facility.

GARMIN is fully committed to your satisfaction as a customer. If you have any questions regarding the GNC 300XL, please contact our customer service department at:

> GARMIN International, Inc. 1200 East 151st Street Olathe, KS 66062-3426 (913) 397-8200 FAX (913) 397-8282

Every GARMIN GPS is built to exacting standards to provide years of trouble-free service. GARMIN warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for one year from the date of purchase.

GARMIN International, Inc. will at its sole option, repair or replace any components which fail in normal use. Such repairs or replacement will be made at no charge to the customer for parts or labor. The customer is, however, responsible for any transportation costs. This warranty does not cover failures due to abuse, misuse, accident or unauthorized alteration or repairs. GARMIN International, Inc. assumes no responsibility for special, incidental, punitive or consequential damages, or loss of use.

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# PART ONE: INTRODUCTION

Forewordi
Cautionsii
Accessories/Packing Listiii
Warrantyiv
Table of Contentsv-vi
Key and Knob Functions
GNC 300XL Takeoff Tour1-10

# PART TWO: REFERENCE



To quickly and easily locate information on specific tasks, please refer to the Index on page 135.



Section 7: Messages and Unit Settings ( MSG key)
Appendix A: NavData <sup>®</sup> and User Data Card Use
<b>Appendix B:</b> Installation and Maintenance of the GNC 300XL114
Appendix C: Simulator
Appendix D: GNC 300XL Messages and Abbreviations
Appendix E: Specifications
Appendix F: Map Datums
Appendix G: Troubleshooting Q & A
Appendix H: Index

# Key and Knob Functions



The **power/volume knob** controls unit power and radio volume.

- SQ
  - The **squelch button** activates automatic squelch control.
  - The **direct-to key** performs an instant direct-to, allows you to enter a waypoint, and sets a direct course to the destination. See Section 5.
- NRST

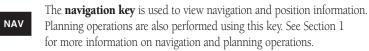
The **nearest key** is used to obtain information on the 9 nearest airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections, user waypoints and 2 nearest FSS/ARTCC points of communication. The nearest key also accesses any active SUA information. See Section 4 for more information on the nearest waypoints.

RTE

The **route key** enables you to create, edit, activate and invert routes, and access approaches, SIDs and STARs. Search-and-rescue, parallel offset and closest point of approach functions are also performed using the route key. See Section 5 for more route information on routes and Section 6 for more information on approaches, SIDs and STARs.

WPT

The **waypoint key** is used to view information such as runways, frequencies, position and comments on airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections and user waypoints. See Section 3 for more waypoint information.

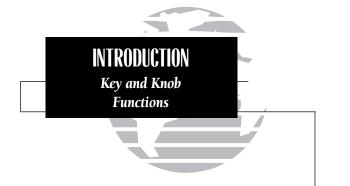


The GNC 300XL is designed to minimize keystrokes when performing operations. There are typically several ways to perform the same operation. In general, using the knobs will decrease keystrokes and time spent using the GNC 300XL. Experiment to find the most effective way to use the GNC 300XL to your advantage.

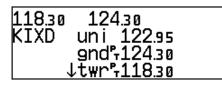
INTRODUCTION

Key and Knob

**Functions** 



This manual will describe entering data using the  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  knobs. Experiment with them and become efficient in entering data with the concentric knobs. This will greatly reduce the amount of time required to navigate with the GNC 300XL.



Whenever the GNC 300XL is displaying a list of information that is too long for the display screen, the scrolling arrow prompt will indicate which direction to scroll to view additional information. To scroll through a list (with the cursor active), simply rotate the inner knob. When the cursor in not active, use the outer knob to view additional information. MSG

The **message key** is used to view system messages and to alert you to important warnings and requirements. This key is also used to access the GNC 300XI's unit settings. See Section 7 for more information on messages and unit settings.



The transfer key flip-flops the active and standby frequencies.



The **clear key** is used to erase information or cancel an entry.



CRSR

The **enter key** is used to approve an operation or complete data entry. It is also used to confirm information, such as during power on.

The **cursor key** is used to activate or deactivate the cursor in the separate areas of the GNC 300XL. Pressing once will activate the cursor in the comm 'window' and enable the pilot to change frequencies. Pressing twice will activate the cursor in the GPS window (indicated by highlighted characters in a GPS window field). It is used to highlight fields for data entry, changing information or cycling through available options. Pressing a third time will deactivate the cursor.



The **outer knob** is used to advance through pages, advance the cursor or move through data fields.



The **inner knob** is used to change data or scroll through information that cannot fit on the screen all at once.

The GARMIN GNC 300XL is a powerful navigational tool that provides pilots with accurate navigational data and communication capability, along with along with non-precision approach certification in the IFR environment. The Takeoff Tour is designed to familiarize you with the operation of the GNC 300XL, including powering up the unit, changing frequencies, entering data and performing a simple direct-to, and provide a limited introduction to the 'Nearest' functions. In addition, this section also briefly covers the position, CDI, map and frequency pages available from the NAV key. These pages will be used for most of your in-flight navigation.

The Takeoff Tour assumes that the GPSCOM<sup>™</sup> and antennas have been properly installed and you have not changed any of the GNC 300XIs default settings. If you have changed any of the factory default settings (position format, units of measure, selectable fields, etc.), the pictures shown here may not match your configuration. Prior to using your GNC 300XL for the first time, we recommend that you taxi to a location that is well away from buildings and other aircraft so the unit can collect satellite data without interruption.

#### Powering up the GNC 300XL

The GNC 300XI's power and volume are controlled using the (power/volume) knob at the bottom left of the unit. Rotating it clockwise will turn unit power on and increase the radio volume. After turning the unit on, a **welcome page** will be displayed while the unit performs a self test.

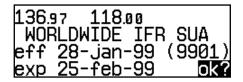
The **database page** will appear next, showing the current database information on the NavData card, with the valid operating dates, cycle number and database type indicated. The database is updated every 28 days, and must be current for approved approach and IFR operations. Information on database subscriptions is available inside your GNC 300XL package.

#### To acknowledge the database information:

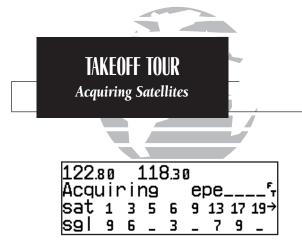
1. Press the ENT key.



The welcome page appears when the GNC 300XL is turned on. During the time this screen is displayed, the GNC 300XL performs a self test to ensure proper operation.



The database confirmation page shows the effective and expiration dates of the Jeppesen database on the NavData Card.



The satellite status page shows the ID numbers for the satellites and the relative signal strength of each satellite received. Turn the **()** knob to view additional satellites.



'Search Sky' indicates that satellite almanac data is not available or has expired (if the unit hasn't been used for six months or more). The data will be recollected from the first available satellite. Once the database has been acknowledged, the **satellite status page** will appear, and the GNC 300XL will begin to collect satellite information. An 'Acquiring' status will be displayed on the satellite status page, and the signal values on the bottom line of the page will begin displaying numeric values. This is a good indication that you are receiving signals and satellite lock will occur. Following the first-time use of your GNC 300XL, the time required for a position fix will vary — usually from one to two minutes.

If the unit can only obtain enough satellites for 2D navigation (no altitude), the unit will use the altitude provided by your altitude encoder (if one is connected and working). If not, you will be prompted to enter the altitude with a 'Need alt- Press NAV' message. If this message occurs, press the way key and use the  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  knobs to enter the altitude shown on your altimeter. Press when finished.

If the GNC 300XL has not been operated for a period of six months or more, it may have to 'Search the Sky' to collect new data. This means the unit is acquiring satellite data to establish almanac and satellite orbit information, which can take 5 to 10 minutes. The satellite status page will display a 'Search Sky' status, and the message annunciator (), next to the search key, will also flash to alert you of a system message — 'Searching the Sky'.

#### To view a system message:

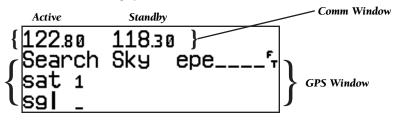
1. Press Msg

The **message page** will appear and display the status or warning information applicable to the receiver's current operating condition.

To return to the previous page after viewing a message:



While the GNC 300XL is acquiring a position, let's take a minute to dial in the active and standby frequencies you'll be using for the first phase of your flight. The GNC 300XL's display can be broken down into two separate 'windows' (or screen areas), the **comm window** (the top line of the display) and the **GPS window** (the bottom three lines of the display).



The CRSR key is used to activate the cursor in a particular window (see right) to provide access to various comm and navigation features. To select the active frequency, you must first enter the frequency in the standby field, and use the **set** key to move it to the active field.

#### To change the standby communication frequency:

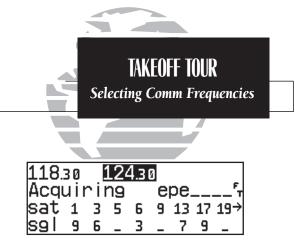


1. Press CRSR once to activate the cursor in the comm window.

2. Rotate the outer knob (O) to select the MHz, and the inner knob (O) to select the kHz of the desired frequency.

# To place the standby frequency in the active field, press

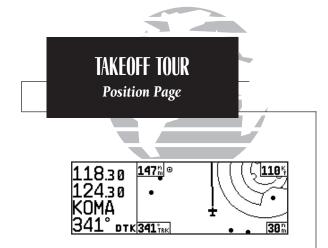
Once you've entered the active frequency, simply repeat steps 1 and 2 to enter the standby frequency. After both frequencies have been entered, you may elect to keep the comm window 'hot' by leaving the cursor on the standby frequency, or remove the cursor by pressing the **CRSR** key twice.



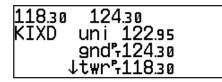
Status page with cursor active in comm window.

124. Acqu	30	Í	118	3.31	5			
Acqu	lii	rir	າອ		е	pe.		<sup>F</sup> T
sat sgl	1	3	5	6	9	13	17	19→
sgl	9	6	-	3	_	7	9	-

To switch the active and standby frequencies, press the **•** key. Switching the active and standby frequencies will not remove the cursor from the comm window.

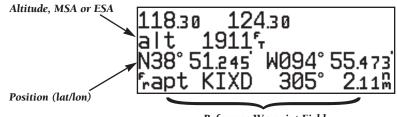


The map page combines a moving map display and navigation data for complete situational awareness.



The navigation communications (NAVCOM) page provides a complete list of airport frequencies at your departure and arrival airports.

After the GNC 300XL acquires satellites and computes a position, the **position page** will appear automatically, and you'll be informed with 'Ready for navigation' on the message page.



**Reference Waypoint Field** 

The position page displays your present latitude and longitude, altitude and a reference waypoint field. The altitude and reference waypoint fields are also selectable (see Section 1 for more information) to allow you to configure the unit to your own preferences. The default settings are:

- Altitude— Your present GPS altitude
- Present Position- Latitude and longitude displayed in degrees/minutes
- Reference Waypoint— The bearing and distance to the nearest airport

The position page is one of seven pages available under the GNC 300XL's way key:

- CDI page
- NAVCOM page
- Satellite status page
- NAV menu 2

- Map page
- Position page
- NAV menu 1

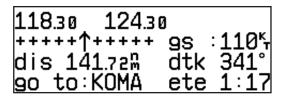
During most flights, the position, CDI (course deviation indicator), map and NAVCOM pages will be the primary pages used for navigation. These pages are accessible by pressing the key and rotating the outer knob, or by pressing the key repeatedly.

The GNC 300XL uses direct point-to-point navigation to guide you from takeoff to touchdown in the IFR environment. Once a destination is selected, the unit will provide speed, course and distance data based upon a direct course from your present position to your destination. A destination can be selected from any page with the

→ (direct-to) key.

#### To select a direct-to destination:

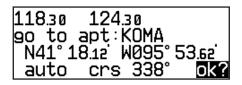
- 1. Press the 💀 key. The CDI page will appear with the destination field highlighted.
- 2. Rotate the **()** knob to enter the first letter of the destination waypoint identifier. The destination waypoint may be an airport, VOR, NDB, intersection or user waypoint, as long as it is in the database or stored in memory as a user waypoint.
- 3. Rotate the  $\bigcirc$  knob to the right to move the cursor to the next character position.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 to spell out the rest of the waypoint identifier.
- 5. Press **ENT** to confirm the identifier. The direct-to confirmation page will appear.
- 6. Press **ENT** to confirm the destination.



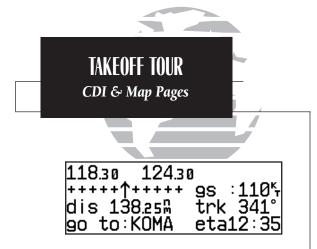
Once the direct-to destination is confirmed, the **CDI page** will appear with the destination indicated in the lower left hand corner of the screen. Your present speed and track over the ground, and the distance and estimated time en route to your destination are also displayed. The graphical CDI (course deviation indicator), located at the top left of the screen, displays your position relative to the desired course and provides turn anticipation and waypoint messages during route navigation.



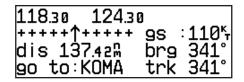
The CDI page without a direct-to destination or active route appears blank, except for ground speed (GS) and track (TRK) figures, if displayed.



When a destination is selected the direct-to confirmation page appears to verify the destination you selected. The lat/long, facility name or city may be displayed by highlighting the position field (third display line) and rotating the  $\textcircledline$  knob.



CDI page with 'trk' and 'eta' displayed.



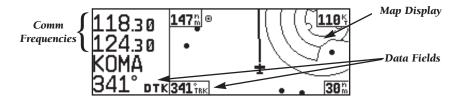
CDI page with 'brg' and 'trk' displayed.

In addition to the destination field and graphical CDI, the GNC 300XL CDI page features four selectable fields for various navigation data so that the page may be configured to your own preferences (see Section 1 for more information). The default settings for the CDI page are:

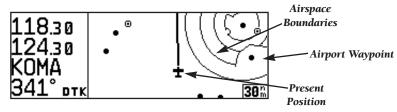
- Ground Speed (gs)— Your present speed over the ground in knots
- Distance (dis)— The distance to your destination in nautical miles
- Desired Track (dtk)— The course between the 'from' and 'to' waypoints
- Estimated Time En route (ete)— The time to your destination (in hours and minutes) based upon your present speed and course

The next page available from the **map page**. The map page combines the primary navigation information from the CDI page – distance to waypoint, ground speed, desired track and ETE – with a moving map display. The moving map display shows your current position (using an airplane symbol) or a diamond symbol) relative to nearby airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections, user waypoints and airspace boundaries.

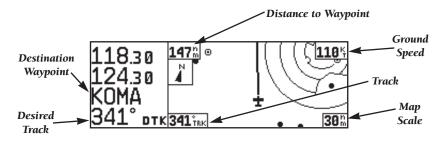
The map page can be divided into three main sections:



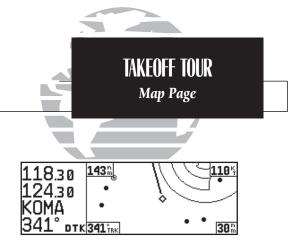
The **communication frequencies** are located in the upper left corner of the page, instead of across the top line as on other pages. The top frequency is the active frequency, with the standby frequency directly below.



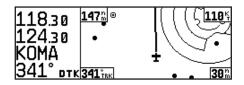
The **map display** occupies the right side of the display. Your present position is indicated by a plane symbol (in track up mode) or a position diamond (in other orientation modes), with your route displayed as a solid line. Nearby airports, navaids and user waypoints may be depicted on the map; with unique identifying symbols for each waypoint type. Boundaries for special use and controlled airspaces can also appear on the map display. You may select which features are shown on the map using the map setup page (see page 101).



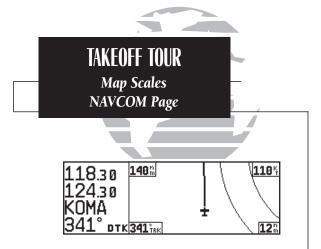
The **data fields** on the map page indicate distance to destination waypoint, desired track, ground track, ground speed and map scale. The destination waypoint name and desired track appear on the left side of the page, below the communication frequencies. The other data fields are located at the corners of the map display as shown in the illustration above, and may be removed by pressing **CR**.



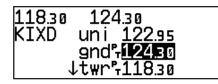
The map display may be oriented along your ground track (track up), course (desired track up) or fixed at north up. Desired track up or north up settings show your present position with a diamond symbol instead of the airplane symbol.



Communication frequencies are shown in the top left corner of the map page, instead of across the top line as shown on other GNC 300XL screens.



To change the map scale rotate the 
 knob clockwise to increase the scale or counterclockwise to decrease the scale.



The NAVCOM page lists the frequencies for your departure and arrival airports. To place a frequency from this list on standby, highlight the desired frequency and press

The map display has 14 available ranges from 0.5 to 300 (nautical miles, statute miles or kilometers) representing the vertical height of the map. The map scale is controlled by the inner knob ( $\bigcirc$ ), with the current scale displayed in the lower right corner of the page.

#### To select a map scale:

1. Rotate the 🔘 knob clockwise to increase the map scale and show a larger area.

2. Rotate the 🔘 knob counterclockwise to decrease the map scale and show a smaller area.

Another page available under the GNC 300XI's var key is the **navigation communications (NAVCOM) page**. It provides you with a complete list of airport frequencies at your departure and arrival airports, allowing convenient selection of frequencies you'll need along your flight path. If you do not have an active departure airport, the navigation communications page will display the frequencies for the airport nearest your departure position.

### To view the NAVCOM page from the map page, rotate $\bigcirc$ one stop to the right.

The NAVCOM page lists your departure and arrival airports on the left side of the page, with all the database frequencies listed in a column down the right side of the page. To scroll through the list of frequencies, simply rotate the inner knob ( $\bigcirc$ ) in the direction of the arrow prompts at the bottom left of the page.

#### To place a frequency from the list in the standby field:

1. Press the CRSR key twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.

2. Use the  $\bigcirc$  knob to select the desired frequency. Press at to place the frequency in the standby field. The cursor will automatically advance to the next frequency on the list.

Once a direct-to is activated, the CDI page will provide navigation to the destination until the direct-to is cancelled or another direct-to destination is activated.

#### To cancel a direct-to from the CDI page:

1. Press the CRSF key twice to activate the cursor in the destination field.

2. Press CLR .
 3. Press ENT .

The GNC 300XL's **key** provides the nine nearest airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections, user waypoints and any SUA (special use airspace) alerts, as well as the two closest FSS (Flight Service Station) and center (ARTCC) frequencies for your present position. The nearest waypoint feature is a handy safety feature that may be used to execute a quick direct-to in case of an in-flight emergency or to review the closest facilities to your present position. The nearest feature can also be used to quickly find the contact frequency of the nearest airport and enter it in the standby field.

#### To view the nine nearest airports:

- 1. Press the NEST key. The nearest airport will be displayed, with the range and bearing from your present position, along with elevation, frequency and runway data.
- 2. To review the rest of the nearest airport list, rotate the  $\bigodot$  knob to the right.

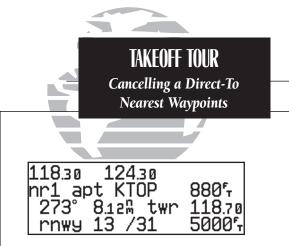
# To place a nearest airport frequency in the standby field:

1. Press ENT. Press the  $\checkmark$  key to place the frequency in the active field.

# To view the nearest list for other waypoint categories (VOR, NDB, etc.):

1. Rotate the 🔘 knob to the right, or press the NRST key repeatedly.

2. Rotate 🔘 to scroll through the list.



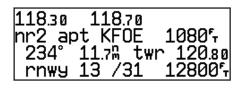
The nearest airport page shows up to nine nearest airports from your present position. To view additional nearest airports, rotate the Nob.



Additional frequencies may be displayed by pressing crisp twice and rotating the nob (or press crip repeatedly with the cursor inactive). To place a nearest airport frequency in the standby field,



To review a nearest waypoint, highlight the identifier and press **EVT**.



To select a nearest waypoint as a direct to destination, press  $\clubsuit$  and  $\clubsuit$ .

Once the nearest airport (or any other nearest waypoint) page is displayed, the selected waypoint can be quickly reviewed or selected as a direct-to destination.

#### To review the selected waypoint from the nearest waypoint list:

1. Press CRSR twice to activate the waypoint field.

2. Press **ENT** to display the waypoint identification page.

3. Rotate 🔘 to view any additional waypoint information available.

4. Press NRST to return to the nearest waypoint page.

#### To select a nearest waypoint as a direct-to destination:

1. Press the 💀 key. The direct-to confirmation page for the selected waypoint will appear.

2. Press ENT to confirm.

Congratulations! You've covered the basic operation of the GNC 300XL. We encourage you to experiment with your new GPSCOM to get to know all the advanced navigation features it has to offer. If you'd like a little more practice, try using the built-in simulator described in Appendix C. An optional AC adapter will even let you plan and simulate flights in the comfort of your home or office.

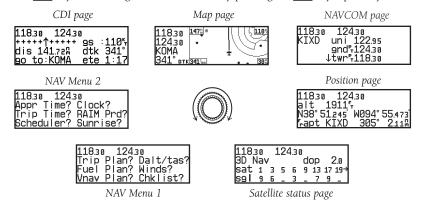
### To turn the GNC 300XL off:

1. Turn the **()** knob to the left until the unit shuts off.

NOTE: The GNC 300XL is normally connected to power through the avionics master switch. With the optional remote battery installed, the unit will display a power down warning when the master switch is turned off. This warning page features a timer which will count down from 30 seconds when the unit senses that power is off. After 30 seconds, the GNC 300XL will shut off. If you wish to continue operating the unit, press any key during the countdown period, and the unit will operate from the battery.

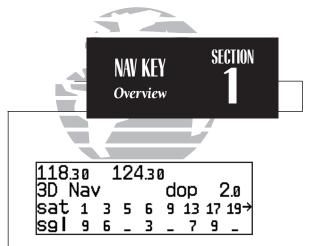
# Section 1 Navigation Key

The GNC 300XL features seven navigation pages to provide various position, course, speed, status and planning information. The pages may be viewed by pressing the two key and rotating the outer knob, or by pressing the two key repeatedly.



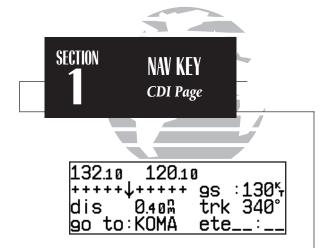
The **CDI**, **map**, **NAVCOM** and **position** pages are the primary pages used during in-flight navigation, while the nav menu and status pages offer access to planning, calculation and status functions. Note that rotating the outer knob clockwise will continuously cycle through all the navigation pages, whereas turning the knob counterclockwise will stop the page selection sequence at the CDI page.

Whenever the wave key pages are in use, the indicator light (1) next to the wave key will illuminate. If the GNC 300XL requires you to enter data on a navigation page, a message prompt with specific instructions will appear and the indicator will flash. If you leave the NAV page sequence for another set of pages, the last NAV page displayed will reappear when you return to the nav sequence.



**Remember!** The NAV pages will only display information **AFTER** the position and navigational information has been calculated from the satellites. If you are on the position page before the unit has calculated a position, you will be able to enter an approximate position and altitude. This is helpful in speeding satellite acquisition if the unit has moved a great distance with the power off.

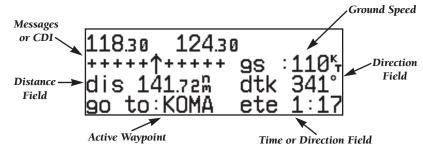
If you are not sure the GPS is actively calculating position, check the receiver status field for '2D NAV' or '3D NAV' by pressing the way key and rotating the outer knob until the satellite status page appears. The current receiver status is displayed at the top left of the page.



The TO/FROM arrow indicates whether you are heading to (an up arrow) the waypoint or if you've passed the waypoint (a down arrow).



'No active waypoint' appears on the CDI field if there is no destination waypoint selected using the •• key and no active route. The GNC 300XI's **CDI page** provides you with the important information needed to navigate directly to your destination. The destination field, located at the bottom left of the page, displays the current destination waypoint or active route leg being navigated. If no direct-to destination, route or approach is being navigated, the destination field will remain blank.



The **graphical CDI** (course deviation indicator) at the top left of the page shows your position relative to the desired course (the moving D-bar) to the destination waypoint. The **TO/FROM arrow** in the center of the scale indicates whether you are heading to (an up arrow) the waypoint or if you have passed the waypoint (a down arrow). Note that the GNC 300XL always navigates TO a waypoint unless the GPS SEQ switch is set to the HOLD position, or you have passed the last waypoint in a route. The default setting of the CDI scale is 'auto'. If you are not navigating to a destination, the CDI field will display a 'no actv wpt' message, and only speed and track data will be available. The CDI field is also used to display the GNC 300XLs turn anticipation and waypoint alert data during route operations (see Section 5).

In addition to displaying your active destination and the course deviation scale, the CDI page features four selectable fields for various distance, direction and time options. This allows you to configure the CDI page to your preferences. The default settings are ground speed, distance, desired track and estimated time en route.

The following functions may be displayed in the ground speed field:

- **gs** Your present speed over the ground.
- **str** Steer direction and distance, or digital crosstrack error. An 'L or 'R' indicates which direction to steer, while the distance value indicates how far you are off course.

The following functions may be displayed in the distance field:

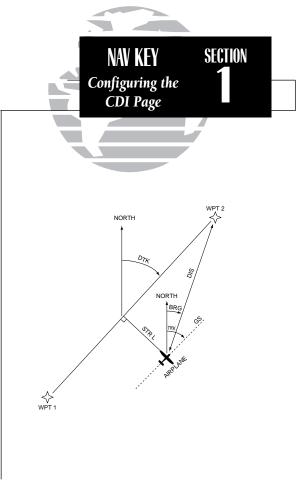
- dis— Distance from present position to the 'active to' waypoint.
- **str** Steer direction and distance, or digital crosstrack error. An 'L or 'R' indicates which direction to steer, while the distance value indicates how far you are off course.

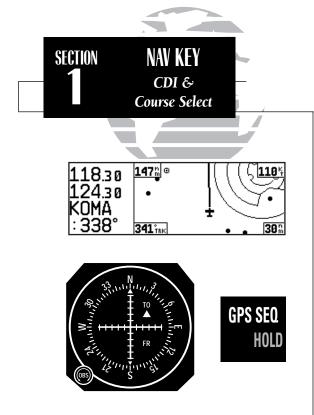
The following steering functions may be displayed in the direction field:

- brg— Bearing, the direction from your present position to the waypoint.
- cts— Course to steer to reduce cross track error and re-intercept course.
- dtk— Desired track, the course between the active from and to waypoints.
- trk— Track, the direction of movement relative to the ground.
- trn- Turn, the direction and degrees to turn to get back on course.

The following information can be displayed in the time field:

- eta— Estimated Time of Arrival (at the active to waypoint).
- ete- Estimated Time En route (to the active to waypoint).
- trk— Track, or the direction of movement relative to the ground.
- vn— Vertical Navigation, or VNAV. If VNAV has been activated, this field indicates either the elapsed time before the VNAV maneuver is to begin or the VNAV altitude (the suggested altitude you should be flying in order to complete the maneuver).

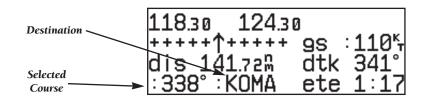




The GNC 300XL's course select feature uses the external GPS SEQ switch, allowing you to dial in the desired course to or from your destination directly from your HSI.

#### To change any of the selectable fields on the CDI page:

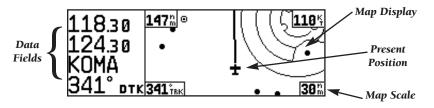
- 1. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.
- 2. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the field you would like to change.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to change the field to display the desired information.
- 4. Rotate 🔘 to highlight another field, or CRSP to finish.



The GNC 300XI's **course select feature** allows the pilot to define the inbound course to, or outbound course from, the 'active' waypoint, using an external HSI. Once the course select function is activated, the selected course will be displayed next to the destination waypoint identifier and the CDI will provide guidance relative to the desired course. The course select feature is only available during route, approach or direct-to navigation. For more information on the course select feature and the GPS SEQ switch, see Section 6.

#### To set a desired inbound course:

- 1. Dial the desired course on the HSI.
- 2. Set the external GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position.
- 3. To stop the course select function, set the GPS SEQ switch back to the AUTO position.

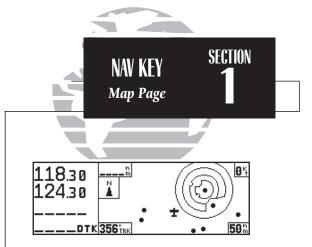


The next page available from the GNC 300XIs we key is the **map page**. The map page displays your present position, using an airplane symbol (in track up mode) or a position diamond (in other orientation modes), along with nearby airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections, user waypoints and airspace boundaries. **Note**: If the GNC 300XL is unable to determine a GPS position the present position symbol will not appear on the map page.

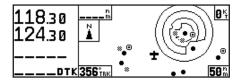
The top left corner of the page indicates the active and standby communications frequencies — unlike other GNC 300XL screens which display both frequencies across the top line — with the active frequency on top.

The map display occupies the right side of the display and shows your position relative to nearby airports, navaids, user waypoints and airspaces. Different symbols are used to distinguish between waypoint types. The identifiers for any on-screen waypoints can also be displayed. Special-use and controlled airspace boundaries appear on the map, showing the individual sectors in the case of Class B or Class C airspace. The map display can be configured to display airports, navaids, user waypoints, airspaces only at certain scales or these items may be disabled entirely (see page 100). This allows you to de-clutter the map display at larger scale settings.

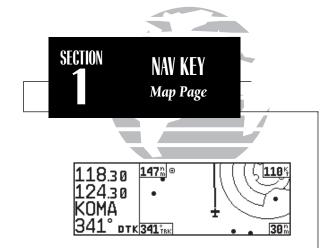
The map display can be set to 14 different scale settings from 0.5 to 300 (nautical miles, statute miles or kilometers) during en route operation; while in terminal or approach mode 12 different scale settings are available (with the two highest en route scales disabled). The scale represents the top-to-bottom distance covered by the map display.



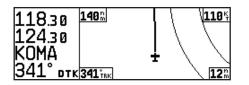
The map page, showing only airports and airspaces on the map display.



The map page, showing airports, airspaces, VORs and NDBs on the map display. The data fields located at the corners of the map display may be removed by pressing CLA.



On the map page the active and standby communication frequencies are in the upper left corner of the page. The active frequency is on top.



To change the map scale rotate the 
 knob clockwise to increase the scale or counterclockwise to decrease the scale.

#### To select a map scale:

1. Rotate the 🔘 knob clockwise to increase the map scale and show a larger area.

2. Rotate the **()** knob counterclockwise to decrease the map scale and show a smaller area.

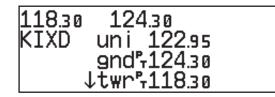
An autozoom feature is available which will automatically adjust from an en route scale of 300 through each lower scale, stopping at a scale of 1 as you approach your destination waypoint. The autozoom feature is turned on/off from the map setup page described on page 101.

The orientation of the map may be fixed at 'north up', or set to 'desired track up' (dtk up) or 'track up' (trk up). The 'north up' setting will keep the top of the map display fixed on north. 'Track up' will cause the map to rotate so the top of the map is the direction you are heading. 'Desired track up' keeps the map display fixed along your desired course. Map orientation is changed on the map setup page described on page 101.

Navigation data is also provided on the map page to guide you during your flight. The destination waypoint name and desired track (dtk) appear on the left side of the page, below the communication frequencies. Four additional data fields are located at the corners of the map display (and may be removed by pressing **CLP**), as follows:

Distance (dis) to waypoint Ground speed (gs) Ground track (trk) Map scale

- upper left corner
- upper right corner
- lower left corner
- lower right corner (cannot be removed)



The next page available from the GNC 300XI's way key is the **navigation commu**nications (NAVCOM) page. The NAVCOM page provides a list of the airport frequencies at your departure and arrival airports, allowing convenient selection of frequencies you'll need along your flight path. To scroll through the list of frequencies, rotate the inner knob () in the direction of the arrow prompts at the bottom left of the page.

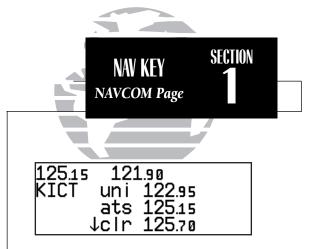
The frequencies displayed for the departure and arrival airports are listed in the order you are most likely to use them (see right), with the available frequencies displayed to the right of the airport identifier. If you do not have an active route with a departure airport, the NAVCOM page will display the frequencies for the airport nearest your departure position.

If a frequency has sector or altitude restrictions, the frequency will be followed by a 'brg?' indication.

#### To view restrictions on a frequency:

1. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.

- 2. Rotate O to highlight the 'brg?' next to the frequency you wish to view.
- 3. Press **ENT** to begin viewing restrictions.



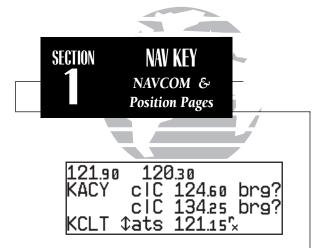
The NAVCOM page lists the frequencies for your departure (or nearest) and arrival airports in the following order:

#### Departure

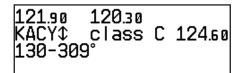
#### Arrival

- Unicom
- ATIS
- Clearance Delivery
- Clearance Pretaxi
- Ground
- Tower
- Multicom
- Other
- Departure
- TCA
- *TMA*
- CTA
- ARSA
- TRSA

- ATIS
- Approach
- Arrival
- TCA
- *TMA*
- CTA ARSA
- TRSA
- Tower
- Multicom
- Other
- Ground • Unicom



NAVCOM page with receive only (rx) frequencies and frequencies with restrictions (brg).



Frequency restrictions on 124.60, showing range of applicable radials from 130° through 309°.

Once you begin viewing restrictions, you can view any additional frequencies for the selected airport by rotating  $\bigcirc$ . (Note: An arrow prompt displayed next to the airport identifier indicates additional frequencies are available.) You can also view the other airport information pages by rotating  $\bigcirc$ . Information contained on these pages is covered in Section 3. To return to the NAVCOM page, press

Some frequencies in the NAVCOM page have tags which designate their usage:

'tx' – transmit only 'pt' – part time frequency 'rx' - receive only

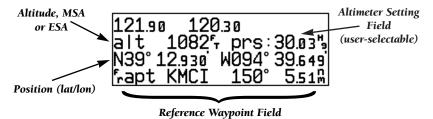
#### To make any of the frequencies on the NAVCOM page the standby frequency:

1. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.

2. Rotate 🔘 until the desired frequency is highlighted.

3. Press ever to make the highlighted frequency the standby frequency. The cursor will automatically advance to the next frequency on the list.

The GNC 300XL **position page** displays your present latitude and longitude, altitude and a reference waypoint field. The altitude and reference waypoint fields are selectable to configure the page to your own preferences and current navigation needs.



An altimeter setting field appears on the position page when you are within 30 nm of a destination airport. The altimeter setting field allows you to define the current barometric pressure, which is used by the integrity monitoring to cross check altitude.

The altitude field can display either the present altitude, minimum safe altitude (MSA) or en route safe altitude (ESA). MSA is the recommended minimum altitude within a ten mile radius of your present position. ESA is the recommended minimum altitude within a ten mile radius of your course on an active route or direct-to. MSA and ESA altitudes are calculated from information contained in the database and generally include mountains, buildings and other permanent features (see right).

#### To change the altitude field:

1. Press CRSR twice to obtain a cursor in the GPS window.

2. Rotate 🔘 until the 'alt/ESA/MSA' field is highlighted.

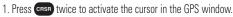
3. Rotate 🔘 to display the desired data. Press CRSP to return to normal navigation.

The position page also features a **reference waypoint field**, located at the bottom of the page, to indicate your bearing and distance from a selected waypoint. The reference waypoint field can display the following:

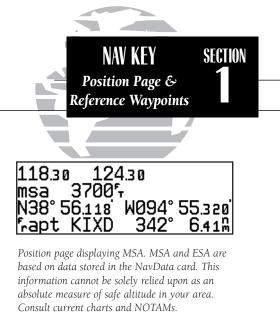
- Range, bearing and identifier from the nearest airport (default), VOR, NDB, intersection, or user waypoint
- Range, bearing, and identifier from a user specified waypoint

The default setting is to display the nearest airport. During DME arc approach operations, the reference field will automatically display the DME reference as long as the 'active to' waypoint is part of the DME arc.

To change the reference waypoint field to display the nearest airport, VOR, NDB, intersection, user waypoint or the range and bearing from a user selected waypoint:

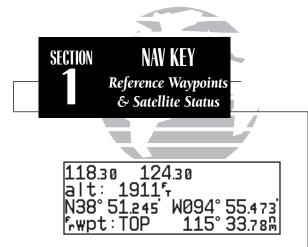


2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the category field after the  $^{\rm fr}$ .





The same position page displaying ESA.



Position page displaying 'TOP' VOR as the reference waypoint. This configuration can be used to help monitor your distance and radial from a waypoint of your choice. (NOTE: The waypoint category is listed as 'wpt' rather than 'vor' because the GNC 300XL is not using the nearest VOR.)

118.	30	1	L24	<b>1.</b> з і				
118: 3D N	ła	/			e	pe	1:	19-
sat	1	3	5	6	9	13	17	19≯
sgl	9	6		3	_	7	9	_

Satellite status page with 'EPE' displayed. Estimated Position Error (EPE) gives an overall measure of your position accuracy in feet or meters. 3. Use () to choose which waypoint type you would like displayed. (Choose 'wpt' if you would like range and bearing from a specific waypoint to be displayed.)

4. Press CRSP to remove the cursor, or:

If you have selected 'wpt':

5. Rotate 🔘 to advance the cursor to highlight the identifier field.

6. Use the ) and ) knobs to enter the identifier name. (This waypoint identifier can be an airport, VOR, NDB, intersection, or user waypoint.) Press

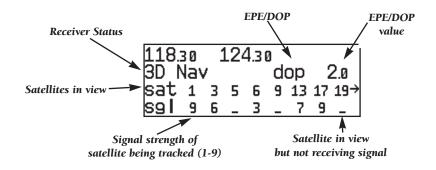
7. Press CRSR to confirm the selection.

This allows the distance and bearing from any waypoint to be displayed continuously, which may be useful when an approach reference is not the closest navaid.

The GNC 300XI's **satellite status page** provides satellite information to monitor GPS coverage and receiver performance. This is helpful when you may be experiencing low signal levels due to poor coverage or installation problems.

To view the satellite status page:

1. Press wav and rotate  $\bigcirc$  until the satellite status page appears.



The top lines of the status page display active and standby frequencies, followed by the receiver status and the current position accuracy in DOP or EPE. The default setting is DOP. The following functions may be displayed in the DOP/EPE field:

- **dop** Dilution of Precision, a measure of the satellite geometry quality and relative accuracy of your position, with 1 indicating good geometry and 10 indicating poor.
- **epe** Estimated Position Error, an overall measure of your positional accuracy in feet or meters using signal and data quality, receiver tracking status and DOP.

## To change the DOP/EPE field:

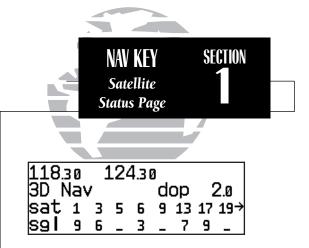
1. Press and rotate 🔘 to display the satellite status page.

2. If the desired field (EPE or DOP) is not displayed, press CRSB twice.

3. Use 🔘 to change between 'epe' and 'dop'. Press CRSB to finish.

The **receiver status field**, located at the top left of the page, will display the following messages under the appropriate conditions:

- **Search Sky** The GNC 300XL is searching the sky for visible satellites. You will be informed with the message 'Searching the Sky'.
- Acquiring The GNC 300XL is acquiring satellites for navigation.
- **2D Nav -** The GNC 300XL is in 2D navigation mode. If your installation does not include an altitude serializer, you must enter the altitude manually (see page 2). '2D Dif Nav' will appear when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 2D mode.
- **3D Nav -** The GNC 300XL is in 3D navigation mode and will compute altitude. '3D Dif Nav' will appear when you are receiving DGPS corrections in 3D mode.
- **Simulator** The GNC 300XL is in simulator mode, which should only be used for practice and trip planning. **Never** use simulator mode for actual navigation.



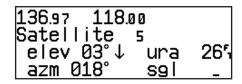
Satellite status page with 'DOP' displayed. Dilution of Precision (DOP) measures relative accuracy from 1 to 10.

122.80 118.30								
Acqu sat	lir	rir	າອ		e	pe.		<sup>F</sup> T
sat	1	3	5	6	9	13	17	19→
sgĺ	9	6	-	3	_	7	9	_

'Acquiring' satellites for navigation. In this case, the satellites are being received, but the data is still being collected before a position can be determined.



'Searching the Sky' for satellites. No satellite almanac data exists in the GNC 300XL. It must be recollected from the first available satellite.



Viewing individual satellite information.

- **Poor Cvrge-** The GNC 300XL cannot acquire sufficient satellites for navigation.
- **Need Alt** The GNC 300XL needs altitude in order to start/continue navigation. Press vv to display the position page and enter the altitude.
- Not Usable The GNC 300XL is unusable due to incorrect initialization or abnormal satellite conditions. Turn the unit off and on again.
- Autolocate The GNC 300XL is looking for any satellite whose almanac has been collected. This process can take up to five minutes.

The third and fourth lines of the satellite status page provide the satellite number and signal strength of each satellite in view. The satellite status page shows signal strength for up to eight satellites at a time. If additional satellites are being received an arrow on the 'sat' line will indicate additional data is available.

#### To view additional satellites:

1. Rotate 🔘 to view more satellites.

Additional information regarding each satellite's azimuth, elevation and other data is also available.

#### To view individual satellite information:

- 1. Press and use 🔘 to display the satellite status page.
- 2. Press CRSB twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.
- 3. Use to highlight the satellite number you wish to view and press even. This will display the satellite data page, showing the selected satellite's number, elevation angle, rise or fall indication, User Range Accuracy (URA, or the range measurement accuracy as determined by the satellite), azimuth and signal strength.
- 4. Rotate 🔘 to view information for the next satellite.
- 5. Rotate 🔘 and press CRSB on the satellite status page when you are finished.

In addition to the other five pages, the GNC 300XL features two menu pages to perform a host of planning and navigation functions. **NAV Menu 1** provides access to the following functions:

- Trip Planning
- Fuel Planning
- VNAV Planning
- Winds aloft calculationsChecklists

• Density altitude/true airspeed calc.

# To display NAV Menu 1:

1. Press NAV

2. Rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.

**Trip Plan** is the first function listed on NAV Menu 1 and allows the pilot to view distance, ESA, bearing and estimated time en route (ETE) between any two waypoints, and for programmed route legs. The ground speed can be varied manually to calculate several possible ETEs.

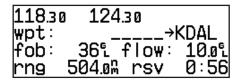
# To use the trip planning function:

- 1. Press and rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice, then ENT to access trip planning.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select waypoint mode or desired route number and press
- 4. For direct-to navigation, use ) and ) to enter the 'to' and 'from' waypoints. Press to accept the waypoints. To use your present position as a waypoint, leave the waypoint field blank.
- 5. For route calculations, choose either 'cum' for cumulative data (from beginning to end) or the leg desired by rotating .
- 6. Use ) and ) to enter the ground speed. Press **EXT** to calculate the values and **CRSP** to finish.

NAV KEY SECTION NAV Menu 1 Trip Planning	
11830 12430 Trip Plan? Dalt/tas? Fuel Plan? Winds? Vnav Plan? Chklist? NAV Menu 1	_
118.30 124.30 wpt: KIXD →KTCS 240° 688.61 <sup>M</sup> 9s: 120 <sup>k</sup> r esa 14400 <sup>e</sup> r ete 5:44 Trip planning with values calculated between two	



Density altitude/true airspeed page



Fuel planning page showing calculation from present position to 'KDAL'. The **density altitude/true airspeed function** is also accessed from NAV Menu 1. Density altitude is the theoretical altitude at which your aircraft will perform depending on several environmental conditions, including air pressure and total air temperature (the temperature including the heating effect of speed, read on a standard outside temperature gauge on most aircraft). True airspeed considers the same factors.

#### To calculate the density altitude and true air speed:

Press WAY and rotate () until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.
 Press (RBR) twice and rotate () to highlight 'Dalt/tas?'.
 Press ENT to access the density altitude page.
 Use () and () to enter the indicated altitude ('ialt') and press ENT.
 Use () and () to enter the calibrated airspeed ('cas'). Press ENT.
 Use () and () to enter the air pressure ('pres') and press ENT.
 Use () and () to enter the total air temperature ('tat').
 Press ENT and the density altitude and true airspeed will be calculated and displayed.

9. Press CRSR to remove the cursor.

If your installation includes components to provide any of the information required on the density altitude page, they will be used as the defaults.

The **fuel planning** page will display fuel requirements for both direct-to navigation and programmed routes. The fuel planning function requires the pilot to enter the initial amount of fuel on board and the flow rate. You may also enter different ground speeds to view various information based on different travel times. If your installation is interfaced to a fuel flow sensor, the flow rate and other information will be supplied by the fuel flow sensor, and need not be entered manually. To perform fuel planning operations:

1. Press NAV and rotate O until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.



- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O until 'Fuel Plan?' is highlighted. Press
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select either 'wpt' for direct navigation or the desired route number. Press
- 4. For waypoint-waypoint navigation, use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the 'to' and 'from' waypoints. Press **ENT** to accept the waypoints. To use the present position as a waypoint, leave the corresponding waypoint field blank.
- 5. For route calculations, choose either 'cum' for cumulative route fuel requirements (from beginning to end) or the leg desired by rotating .

If leg is selected, it displays the amount of fuel required to fly until that leg is complete.

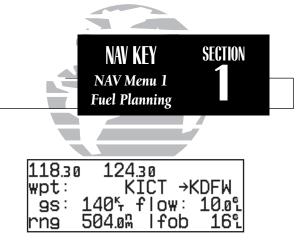
**For example:** The fuel required to complete leg 2 is leg 1 + leg 2. Fuel required to complete leg 4 is leg  $1 + \log 2 + \log 3 + \log 4$ .

6. Rotate O to advance the cursor to 'fob:' or 'gs:' (depending on which is displayed).

7. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the fuel on board or the ground speed. Press

- 8. Rotate O back two positions to highlight the 'fob:' or 'gs:' field again.
- 9. Rotate 🔘 to display the other information. Press
- 10. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the remaining data. Press
- 11. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the flow rate, in units per hour, if needed. Press

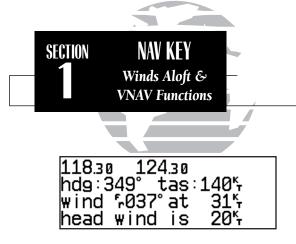
The GNC 300XL will calculate the range and endurance (i.e., how long the fuel will last) of your aircraft. These are found in the first field on the bottom row of the page. The amount of fuel left on board (lfob) and reserve time after the selected direct-to, leg or route is flown are displayed in the second field on the bottom row.



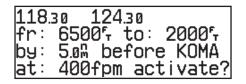
Fuel planning page showing calculations between two waypoints.



Fuel planning page with other information indicating 'endurance' and 'reserve' times.



Winds aloft page



Vertical navigation page

The GNC 300XI's winds aloft function is used to calculate the true direction and speed of any winds, and indicates whether you are flying with a head wind or tail wind, and the wind speed.

### To calculate winds aloft:

- 1. Press and rotate O until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O until 'Winds?' is highlighted. Press
- 3. Use (and (a) to enter your present heading in the 'hdg.' field. If your installation includes a fuel/air data computer, this will be displayed automatically. Press
- 4. Use (and (b) to enter your true airspeed (TAS) in the 'tas:' field. If you have previously calculated it using the density altitude/true air speed function, it will be displayed as the default. Press **ENT**. The wind direction and speed and head/tail wind will be displayed.

The VNAV function calculates vertical speed requirements to reach a desired altitude before or after a specified distance from a waypoint. This is helpful when you'd like to descend to a certain altitude near an airport or climb to an altitude before reaching a route or direct-to waypoint.

# To calculate vertical navigation parameters:

- 1. Press and rotate O until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Vnav Plan?' is highlighted. Press
- 3. Use ) and ) to enter the initial (from) altitude. Your current GPS altitude will be displayed as the default. Press
- 4. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the desired final (to) altitude. Press **ENT**.
- 5. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the distance from the waypoint. Press **ENT**.
- 6. Use () to select 'before' or 'after' the waypoint. Press
- 7. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to select the waypoint identifier (it must be a waypoint in the active route or a direct-to waypoint). Press

You will now notice that the vertical speed has been calculated, based on your present speed. If you desire a more rapid climb or descent rate:

8. Use ) and ) to enter the new desired vertical speed, or press even to accept the calculated value.

9. Press **ENT** to activate the vertical navigation function.

If you enter a value greater than the value computed by the GNC 300XL, the time remaining before the maneuver is to begin will be displayed. When the countdown reaches 15 seconds, you will be informed with the message 'Start altitude chng'. The VNAV function will automatically be cancelled if the active direct-to or route is changed in any way, and you will be informed with a 'VNAV cancelled' message.

The GNC 300XL allows you to create up to nine **checklists** with 30 items each to remind you of repetitive tasks. These checklists can be called up at any time for review and are useful for creating pre-flight checklists, landing checklists, emergency procedures, etc. Each name or function can have up to 16 characters each.

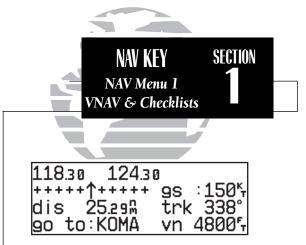
# To create a checklist:

- 1. Press MAY and rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Chklist?' is highlighted. Press ENT.
- 3. Press CRSB and use () to highlight the checklist you would like to create or edit. Press ENT.
- 4. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the title of the checklist. Press **ENT**.

This will display the checklist items page. On this page you can enter each task, such as 'Check Fuel'.

5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the checklist item. Press

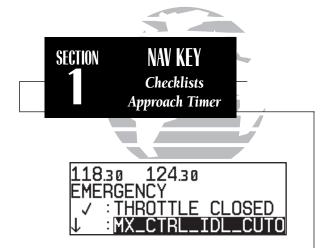
6. You may repeat step 5 to enter additional items, or press CRSP to finish.



VNAV displayed on CDI page. The VNAV altitude should be compared with the reading on the aircraft altimeter to ensure you are on the proper climb/descent profile.



Checklist catalog page.



Executing a checklist.



NAV Menu 2

#### To execute a checklist:

1. Press 🔤 and rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 1 is displayed.

2. Press CRSP twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Chklist?' is highlighted. Press ENT .

3. Use 🔘 to highlight the checklist you would like to see. Press

4. Press **ENT** to check off list items.

## To delete a checklist item or an entire checklist:

1. To delete a checklist item, highlight the desired item and press **CLR**, followed by **ENT**.

2. To delete an entire checklist, highlight the desired list and press **CLR**, followed by **ENT**.

The GNC 300XI's **NAV Menu 2** provides access to various timer and planning functions, including:

- Approach timer
- Clock (Date and time)RAIM Prediction
- Trip Timer
- Scheduler messages
- Sunrise and sunset calculations

The **approach timer** acts as either a count up or a count down timer that can be set or reset at any time.

## To activate/change/view the approach timer:

1. Press and rotate O until NAV Menu 2 is displayed.

2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Appr Time?' is highlighted. Press

3. Rotate 🔘 to select either 'Count up' or 'Count down'. Press

4. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to set the time from which to begin counting. Press **ENT** .

5. Rotate 🔘 to select the desired function: 'Start', 'Stop', or 'Reset'. Press **ENT** to execute.

When the count down timer reaches zero, you will be informed with a 'Timer expired' message. The timer will then begin to count up, displaying the time since it expired. The timer runs, if not altered, whenever the GNC 300XL is turned on.

The GNC 300XL **clock function** keeps track of both UTC time (Greenwich Mean Time or Zulu Time calculated from the satellites) and local time, allowing you to designate which format to use for all time displays. The local time and date can be set without displaying local time on other GNC 300XL pages.

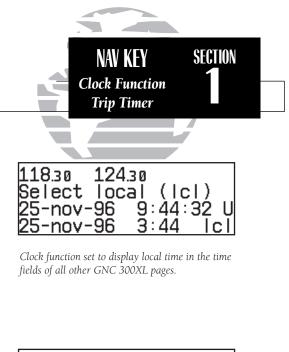
#### To set the local date/time:

- 1. Press and rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 2 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Clock?' is highlighted. Press ENT .
- 3. Use 🔘 to select either 'utc' or 'local' time to be displayed in the time fields. Press
- 4. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to set the local date. Press **ENT**.
- 5. Use 🔵 and 🔘 to set the local time. Press **ENT** .
- 6. Press CRSR to complete.

The GNC 300XI's **trip timer** will automatically keep track of the duration of your current trip and can be configured to run either when the GNC 300XL is on, or when your ground speed exceeds a specified value (see Section 7).

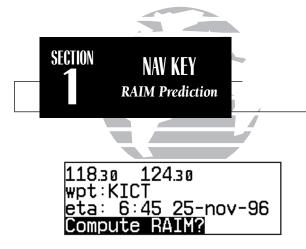
# To view or reset the trip timer:

- 1. Press and rotate 🔘 until NAV Menu 2 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSB twice and rotate O until 'Trip time?' is highlighted. Press ENT. The current time of day, departure time and time en route will be displayed.





To reset the trip timer, highlight 'Reset?' and press ENT.



Enter the time and date for RAIM prediction.



RAIM available for the entered time, date and waypoint location.

The **RAIM Prediction function** allows you to confirm that GPS coverage is available for your current location or at a specified waypoint any day of the year. Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring performs checks to ensure that the GNC 300XL will have adequate satellite geometry to work with during your flight. RAIM availability will be near 100% in Oceanic, En route and Terminal phases of flight. Because the FAA's TSO requirements for non-precision approaches specify significantly better satellite coverage than other flight phases, RAIM may not be available when flying some approaches. The GNC 300XL will automatically monitor RAIM during approach operations and warn you if RAIM is not available. RAIM prediction will help you plan for a pending flight to confirm GPS operation during an approach.

## To predict RAIM availability:

- 1. Press and rotate O until NAV Menu 2 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O to highlight 'RAIM Prd?'. Press



- 3. Rotate O to highlight the field which you would like to change.
- 4. Use 
  and 
  to enter the waypoint name, or leave it blank to use your current position. Press **ENT** to accept.
- 5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the ETA in hours and minutes (in local or UTC time, whichever you have selected from the clock display), and the day, month and year. The current date will be displayed automatically. Press **ENT** to accept.
- 6. Rotate O to highlight 'Compute RAIM?'.
- 7. Press **ENT** to compute information.

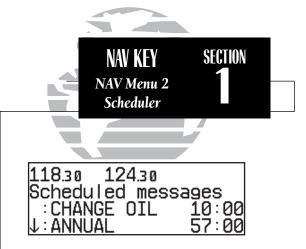
When the computations are complete, the GNC 300XL will display whether or not RAIM is available for the specified waypoint at the specified date and time, +/- 15 minutes of your ETA. Refer to the table on page 103 for specific RAIM protection limits as they relate to CDI scale figures.

The **scheduler function** will display reminder messages (such as 'Change oil', 'Switch fuel tanks', 'Overhaul', etc) after a specified time has elapsed. For example, if you enter 'Change oil' to be displayed in 30 hours, the message 'Change oil' will be displayed after the GNC 300XL has been running in Normal mode for 30 hours. After appearing, the message will be displayed each time the GNC 300XL is turned on until it is changed or deleted.

## To enter a scheduled message:

- 1. Press and rotate 🔘 to display NAV Menu 2.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until 'Scheduler?' is highlighted.
- 3. Press ENT
- 4. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the message you would like to edit. To delete, press **CLR**, then **ENT**.
- 5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the message. Press **ENT** .
- 6. Use (and to set the time to elapse before the message is displayed, in hours and minutes, up to 99 hours and 59 minutes (this time is cumulative and counts whenever the GNC 300XL is on in normal operating mode).
- 7. Press Ent

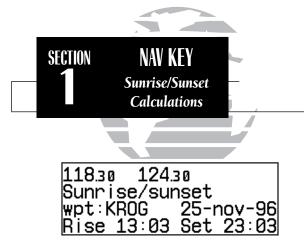
You may edit another scheduled message by repeating steps 4, 5, 6 and 7, or if you are finished, press crass.



The scrolling arrow prompt indicates which direction to scroll to view additional listings.

118.30 CHANGE	124.30 OIL	

The scheduled message will appear after the timer expires and reappear every time the GNC 300XL is powered on until the message is changed.



Sunrise/sunset planning page showing UTC (Zulu) sunrise and sunset times for 'KROG'.

The GNC 300XI's **sunrise/sunset planning function** allows you to calculate the time of sunrise or sunset at any waypoint or your present position for a specified date.

#### To calculate sunrise and sunset times at a waypoint or at your present location:

- 1. Press and rotate O until NAV Menu 2 is displayed.
- 2. Press CRSP twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight 'Sunrise?'. Press
- 3. Use (and () to enter the waypoint identifier, or leave blank to use current position. Press [ENT].
- 4. Press **ENT** to accept the waypoint information.
- 5. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the date desired.
- 6. Press even and the sunrise and sunset times will be calculated and displayed. The times will be displayed in your local time or UTC time, whichever is specified from the clock function on NAV Menu 2.

# Section 2 Communicating with the GNC 300XL

The GNC 300XL features a digital VHF radio that provides a seamless transition from communication to navigation, bringing the two most important functions in flying together in one panel-mount unit. The GNC 300XL operates in the aviation voice band, from 118.000 to 136.975 MHz, in 25 kHz steps.

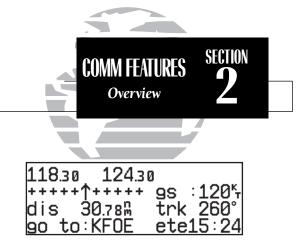
Communication frequencies are selected by activating the cursor in the **standby frequency field** and using the inner and outer knobs to dial in the desired frequency. A frequency may also be quickly selected from the navigation database by simply highlighting the frequency and pressing the ever key. Once a desired frequency is displayed in the standby field, it may be made the active frequency by pressing the ever key. *Note that the active frequency may not by accessed directly*. Whenever the cursor is active in the comm window, the standby frequency will be highlighted.

## To access the standby frequency, press CRSP.

This allows you to change the megahertz (number to the left of the decimal) by rotating  $\bigcirc$  and the kilohertz (number to the right of the decimal) by rotating  $\bigcirc$ . If you would like to keep the standby field 'hot' (ready for an immediate frequency change), leave the cursor active in the comm window. To remove the cursor, press twice after you have selected the desired frequency.

#### To make the standby frequency the active frequency, press

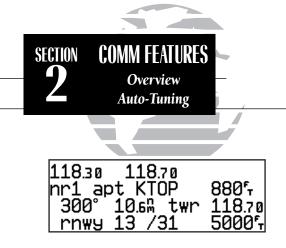
The frequencies will be flip-flopped and you'll be able to transmit and receive on the frequency previously entered as standby. This can be done at any time, regardless of cursor or GPS status.



CDI page with cursor inactive.

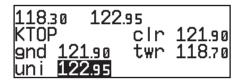


CDI page with standby field active. To flip-flop the frequencies, press



To auto-tune from the nearest airport page,

press ENT .



To select a frequency from a list, highlight the desired frequency and press

During the course of navigating with the GNC 300XL, there may be times when you need to quickly select a comm frequency while you are entering data in the GPS window. Whenever data entry in the GPS window is interrupted by activating the standby frequency field, the GPS field in use will become 'splatted', or blocked out.

118.30 122.9	5
Enter wpt disM	9s : 0⁵
dis	trk 356°
go to∶KTCM_	

118.30 122.9	5
Enter wpt	9s : 0 <sup>ĸ</sup>
dis	trk 356°
90 to:	ete:

Once the standby frequency has been entered, you may return to data entry by pressing the CRSR key. The cursor will return to the active GPS field at the point where data entry was interrupted.

The GNC 300XL's **auto-tune feature** allows you to quickly select any database frequency in the GPS window as your standby frequency.

#### To auto-tune a single frequency displayed in the GPS window:

1. Press with the cursor inactive.

2. To make the standby frequency the active frequency, press



To auto-tune a frequency from a list displayed in the GPS window:

- 1. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.
- 2. Rotate O to highlight the desired frequency.
- 3. Press **ENT** to make the selected frequency the standby frequency.

Another useful feature integrating the GNC 300XI's navigation and communication capabilities is the Navigation Communications (NAVCOM) page, which is accessed using the way key. See pages 17-18 for more on the NAVCOM page.

The GNC 300XI's **automatic squelch** and **volume controls** are located at the bottom left of the unit, near the NavData card slot.

#### To adjust the radio volume:

1. Rotate the 🜒 knob.

Whenever the GNC 300XL is powered up, the automatic squelch will be in the 'on' position, allowing only transmissions which are powerful enough for clear broadcast to be received. Manual squelch control is not available.

# To override the automatic squelch control:

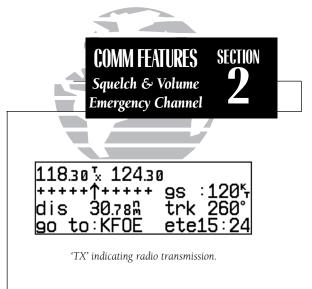
1. Press the so key. Press so again to return to automatic squelch.

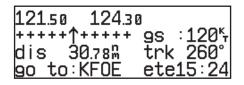
Whenever the GNC 300XL is transmitting, a 'tx' icon will appear between the active and standby frequency fields. If the microphone is stuck or accidentally left in the keyed position, or if the headsets continue to transmit after the key is released, the radio will automatically timeout after 35 seconds of continuous broadcasting. You'll also receive a 'Stuck mic/Tx disabled' message as long as the stuck condition exists.

The GNC 300XI's **emergency channel select feature** provides a quick method of selecting the 121.5 MHz frequency as the active frequency in the event of an in-flight emergency. The emergency channel select is available whenever the unit is on, regardless of GPS or cursor status, or loss of the display.

To automatically tune for emergency transmission:

1. Press and hold the  $\checkmark$  key for more than two seconds.





The emergency channel (121.50) will appear in the active field by pressing **Control** for more than two seconds.

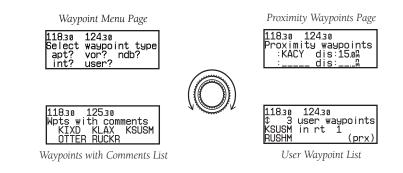


**Please note** that your GNC 300XL uses ICAO identifiers for all airports. All U.S. airport identifiers which contain only letters use the prefix 'K'. For example, Los Angeles International is KLAX under the ICAO standard. Other airports, such as Otten Memorial (3VS), that contain numbers in the identifier, do not require the 'K' prefix. Many foreign countries use two letter prefixes. For more information on ICAO identifiers, contact:

> Document Sales Unit International Civil Aviation Organization 999 University Street Montreal, Quebec Canada H3C 5H7

# Section 3 Waypoint and Database Information

The GNC 300XL uses a Jeppesen NavData® card to provide position and facility information for thousands of airports, VORs, NDBs and intersections. Each facility in the database is stored as a waypoint with its own latitude/longitude, identifier (up to five letters and/or numbers), and other pertinent information. Up to 1,000 user waypoints may also be created and stored in the GNC 300XL's internal memory.



Waypoint information is available through four primary waypoint pages accessible from the GNC 300XI's were key. The waypoint pages may be scrolled through by pressing the were key and rotating the outer knob until the desired page is displayed, or by pressing the were key repeatedly.

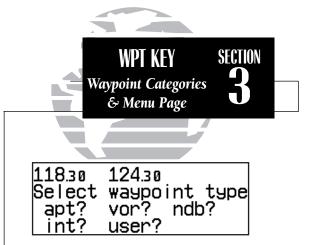
The GNC 300XL organizes waypoints into one of five waypoint categories for your convenience. Each waypoint category provides different types of detailed information for a selected facility:

- Airports Identifier, city/state, country, facility name, position (lat/lon), elevation, fuel services, control and approach information, IFR procedures, runways and communication frequencies.
- **VORs** Identifier, city/state, country, facility name, position (lat/lon), frequency, magnetic variation, co-located DME or TACAN and weather broadcast indication
- NDBs Identifier, city/state, country, facility name, position (lat/lon), frequency and weather broadcast indication.
- Intersections Identifier, country, position (lat/lon) and nearest VOR.
- User Identifier (name), position (lat/lon) and reference waypoint.

To view the waypoint information for a desired waypoint, select the appropriate waypoint category from the waypoint menu page.

#### To choose a waypoint category (for viewing information):

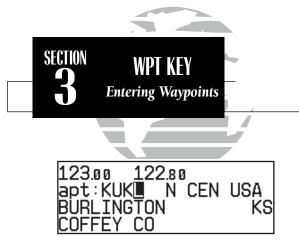
- 1. Press wer and rotate () to display the waypoint menu page. (If pressing wer once does not display the waypoint menu page, press were a second time.)
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O to highlight the desired waypoint category.
- 3. Press **ENT** to accept the waypoint category. The waypoint identification or position page for the selected category will appear with the waypoint identifier field ready for entry.



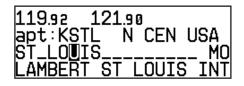
The waypoint menu page allows you to select the desired waypoint type (or category).



The airport position page shows the position, field elevation and available fuels for the selected airport.



Entering a waypoint by identifier.



Entering a waypoint by city. Note that punctuation marks are not used when entering locations or names. Use spaces, where appropriate, to identify these marks. For example, St. Louis would be entered as "ST LOUIS" without a period. After a waypoint category is selected, information for a waypoint may be viewed by entering the identifier or name of the desired waypoint. Airports, VORs and NDBs may be entered by either the identifier, name or the location (city) of the facility. Intersections and user waypoints must be entered by the identifier.

#### To enter a waypoint identifier:

1. With the cursor over the waypoint field, use 
and 
to enter the waypoint identifier.

As the identifier is entered, the GNC 300XI's Spell'N'Find<sup>TM</sup> feature will scroll through the available database, displaying those waypoints matching the identifier letters you have entered to that point. When the desired waypoint is displayed, press to remove the cursor.

To obtain waypoint information by entering the facility name of the airport or navaid, or its location:

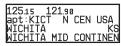
- 1. Press wer and rotate 🔘 to display the waypoint menu page.
- 2. Press CRSP twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight the desired waypoint category.
- 3. Press **ENT** to accept the waypoint category.
- 4. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the middle field to enter location (city) **OR**:
  - Rotate 🔘 to highlight the bottom field to enter facility name or VOR/NDB name.
- 5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the location or the name, and press CRSB to finish.

As the information is entered, the GNC 300XL will display any entries in its database that match the letters you have entered. If duplicate entries exist for the entered identifier, name or location, additional entries may be viewed by rotating . Once the desired waypoint is displayed, press (enspire) to continue.

Once a waypoint category and identifier have been selected, the GNC 300XL will provide extensive information through a set of waypoint pages for the selected category. The pages available for each waypoint category are presented here in the order they appear on the waypoint menu page: airports, VORs, NDBs, intersections and user waypoints.

## **Airport Information**

Airport Identification Page



Airport Comments Page

	$\bigcirc$
	CONSC.

121.90

125.70 gnd

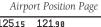
ūni

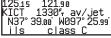
ats 125.15

121.90

12515 KICT↓ hard s ils I	121.	90	
KICT↓	01L/:	19R :	103005
hard s	<u>srfc</u>	ft	lights
ils I	<u>TWI 10</u>	<u> </u>	<u>rw01L</u>

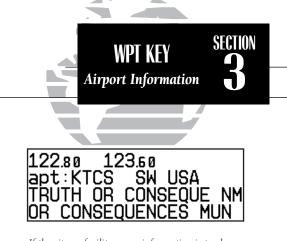
Airport Runway Page



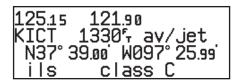


121 90 approach ndb rw01R rnav rw01l

Airport Procedures Page



If the city or facility name information is too long to fit the screen, the name will scroll across the page every few seconds so the complete name can he read

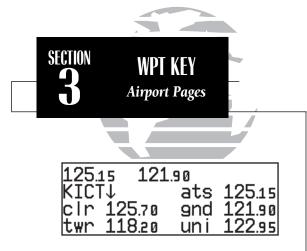


The airport position page shows the position, field elevation and available fuel types for the selected airport.

#### .18.20 Airport Communication Page

#### To scroll through the airport pages:

- 1. Make sure the cursor is not present. If it is, press CRSR.
- 2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  in either direction to scroll through the available pages.



Airport communication page. The down arrow next to the identifier indicates additional frequencies may be displayed by rotating the **()** knob.



Airport runway page. The down arrow next to the identifier indicates additional runways may be displayed by rotating the 
knob.

The GNC 300XL features six airport pages:

**airport identification**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier, facility name or city; displays region and/or country of facility.

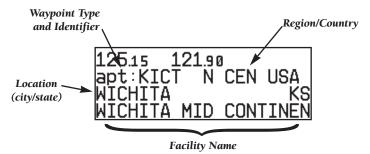
**airport position**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier; displays latitude, longitude and elevation; indicates usage and fuel availability; displays available approaches and airport control/radar capability.

**airport procedures**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier; displays all available approaches, SIDs and STARs for the selected airport.

**airport communication**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier; displays radio frequencies/usage, and sector and altitude restrictions.

**airport runway**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier; indicates runway designations, length, surface and lighting information; displays ILS/localizer and/or pilot-controlled lighting frequencies.

**airport comments**— allows entry of desired airport by identifier; displays user comments for the selected airport.



The **airport identification page** displays a selected airport's identifier, region and country, city/state and facility name. The identification page is always the first airport page available, allowing you to quickly review an airport facility or select another facility by entering the identifier, facility name or city of the desired airport.

The **airport position page** displays the latitude, longitude and elevation of the selected airport, as well as usage or fuel availability, available approaches and airport control/radar capability. The following descriptions and abbreviations are used on the airport position page:

# **Elevation**— In feet or meters

- **Usage/Fuel** If the airport is for military use, it will display 'military'. If it is private, the GNC 300XL will display 'private'. If it is a public airport, it will display the fuel type(s) available:
  - av gas— 80-87 octane, 100 LL, 100-130 octane, or mogas is available
  - jet Jet A, Jet A-1 or Jet A+ fuel is available
  - **av/jet** Both av gas and jet fuel are available
- **Position** In degrees/minutes or degrees/minutes/seconds of latitude and longitude.

**Approach Information**— displays the airport approaches available

- **no apr** No approach is available
- **np-apr** Non-precision approach is available
- loc— Localizer approach is available
- ILS approach is available • ils—

**Controlled Airspace Information**— displays controlled airspace type

• class B

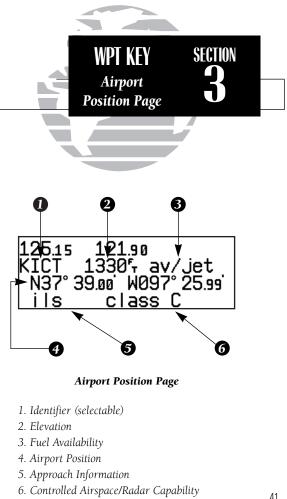
cta

• class C

• tma

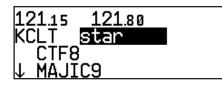
**Radar**— displays approach/departure radar capability

• **radar**— indicates radar is present



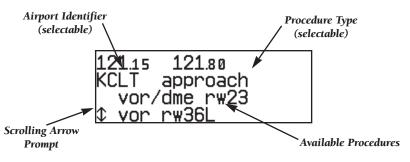


SID Procedures Page

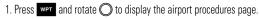


STAR Procedures Page

The **airport procedures page** displays all the available approaches, SIDs and STARs at any selected airport in the database, without placing a specific approach, SID or STAR in the active route. This allows the pilot to quickly scan the procedures of any nearby airport in case of an emergency or help plan future flights. You may view the available non-precision approaches, SIDs or STARs by selecting the desired list from the procedure type field.



#### To view the available procedures for a selected airport:



- 2. Press CRSP twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight the procedure field.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select the approach, SID or STAR list.
- 4. Press CRSR to remove the cursor.

Whenever there are more than two available procedures for a selected category, the GNC 300XL will display a scrolling arrow prompt on the left side of the list. To view additional procedures, simply rotate **()** with the cursor removed. As you scroll through the list, the arrow prompt will point "down" to indicate additional listings below the displayed procedures, "up" to indicate additional listings above, or a "double arrow" to indicate the list may be scrolled up or down.

The **airport communication page** displays the radio frequencies and usage for the selected airport, as well as sector and altitude restrictions.

## To view the communication page from any of the airport information pages:

1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  with the cursor removed to display the communication page.

2. Rotate () in the direction of the arrow prompt to view additional frequencies. You may also view additional frequencies with the cursor on the page by rotating the  $\bigcirc$  knob.

The following descriptions and abbreviations are used on the communication page:

## Frequencies without restriction information:

- ats Automatic terminal information service (ATIS)
- **ptx** Pre-taxi
- **clr** Clearance delivery
- gnd Ground
- twr Tower
- uni Unicom
- **mul** Multicom
- **atf** Aerodrome traffic frequency
- ctf Common traffic advisory frequency (CTAF)
- **mf** Mandatory frequency
- oth Other frequencies

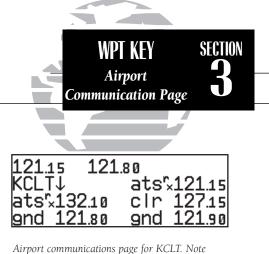
# Frequencies with restriction information:

- **dep** Departure • arv - Arrival
- **apr** Approach class B
- **cta** ICAO control area
- tma ICAO terminal control area

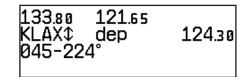
• class C

- trsa Terminal radar service area

'Receive only' frequencies will be followed by an 'rx' indicator, while 'transmit only' frequencies will display a 'tx'. If a frequency has sector and/or altitude restrictions, they will also be displayed. Sector restrictions define a range of radials from the facility, while altitude restrictions may describe an area above, below or between altitudes. Additional instructions, if available, will be displayed on the bottom line.



the 'rx' (receive only) indication on the ATIS frequencies.



Frequency page with sector restrictions.



Airport runway page for KICT.



To view additional runways, rotate the  $\bigcirc$  knob in the direction of the arrow prompts.

The **airport runway page** displays runway designations, length, surface and lighting for the selected airport, as well as ILS/localizer and/or pilot-controlled lighting frequencies.

## To view the runway page from any of the airport information pages:

1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  with the cursor removed to display the runway page.

To view additional runway information, rotate 
 with the cursor removed.
 The scrolling arrow prompt, located beside the identifier field, indicates which direction to
 scroll for additional runway information.

If a localizer and/or ILS are used on the same runway, rotating **()** will sequence through both sets of information.

The following descriptions and abbreviations are used on the airport runway page:

#### **Runway surfaces:**

- hard Hard (concrete, asphalt, etc.)
- seal Sealed surface
- dirt Dirt surface
- unkn Unknown surface

#### **Runway lighting:**

- pt lights Part-time lights
- ft lights Full-time lights
- **pc** Pilot-controlled (with frequency) lights
- no lights No runway lighting

- **turf** Turf (grass)
- grav Gravel surface
- soft Unknown soft surface
- watr Water landing site

#### **VOR Information**

The GNC 300XL features three VOR waypoint pages:

**VOR identification**— allows entry of desired VOR by identifier, facility name or city; displays region and/or country of facility.

**VOR position**— allows entry of desired VOR by identifier; displays latitude, longitude and frequency; provides magnetic variation, weather broadcasts and DME/TACAN information.

**VOR comments**— allows entry of desired VOR by identifier; displays user comments for the selected facility.

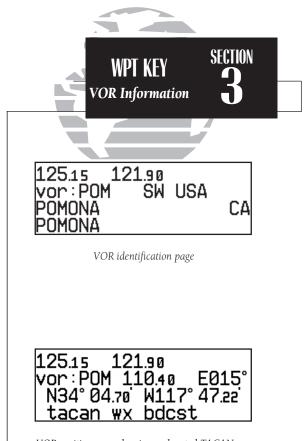
VOR information is accessed by entering the desired facility by identifier, city or facility name (see page 38) on a VOR waypoint page. The VOR identification and comments pages are identical in form and function to their airport page counterparts.

# To scroll through the VOR pages:

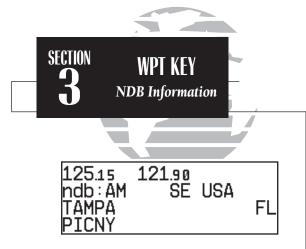
1. Make sure the cursor is not present. If it is, press CRSP.

2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  in either direction to scroll through the available pages.

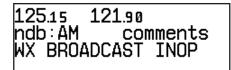
In addition to displaying the VOR frequency, magnetic variation and position, the VOR position page indicates if a DME or TACAN is co-located at the facility. The 'wx bdcst' field indicates that the VOR also transmits weather information.



VOR position page showing co-located TACAN facility and weather broadcast.

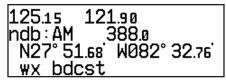


NDB identification page



NDB comments page

#### **NDB** Information



NDB Position Page

The GNC 300XL also uses identification, position and comments pages for NDB information. The NDB waypoint pages are used in the same manner as VOR pages: NDB information is accessed by entering the desired facility's identifier, city or name (see page 38) on the NDB identification page.

## To scroll through the NDB pages:

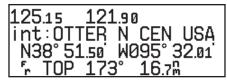
1. Make sure the cursor is not present. If it is, press CRSR.



2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  in either direction to scroll through the available pages.

The NDB position page (see above) displays the selected facility's identifier, frequency and position, as well as any weather broadcasts available. The NDB comment page will display any user comments for the selected NDB (see page 54 for instructions on entering user comments).

**Intersection Information** 



Intersection Position Page

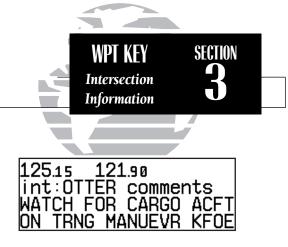
The last database waypoint category available is intersections. Two intersection pages are available: intersection position and intersection comments. Intersections may be entered by identifier only (not city or name) on either intersection page.

#### To scroll through the intersection pages:

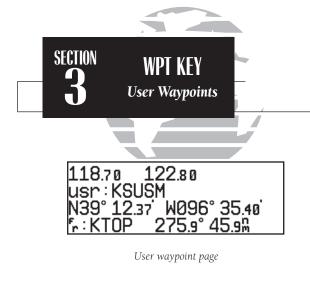
1. Make sure the cursor is not present. If it is, press CRSP.

2. Rotate 🔘 to toggle between the available pages.

The intersection position page displays the selected facility's identifier, region and/or country, latitude and longitude, and the identifier, distance and bearing to the nearest VOR (not necessarily the VOR used to define the intersection). The intersection comment page will display any user comments for the selected intersection (see page 54).



Intersection comments page



118.70 122.80 usr:KSUSM comments KSU FOOTBALL STADIUM

User waypoint comments page

#### **User Waypoint Information**

In addition to the airport, VOR, NDB and intersection waypoints contained in your NavData® card, the GNC 300XL allows you to store up to 1,000 user-defined waypoints. Once a user waypoint is created, two user waypoint pages will display the following information:

- · Waypoint identifier
- Position in latitude and longitude
- · Identifier, range and bearing from a reference waypoint
- User comments

To scroll between the user waypoint position page and the user comments page, rotate O. User waypoints may be created or modified using the wer key. After selecting the waypoint identifier, as shown on page 38, you will be prompted to enter information if the waypoint is new. There are three ways to create a user waypoint's position from the wer key:

- 1. Enter the exact position of the new waypoint.
- 2. Reference a known waypoint by range and bearing.
- 3. Enter a range and bearing from your current position.

## To create or edit a user waypoint:

1. Press wpt

2. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to highlight the 'user?' field. Press ENT

3. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the waypoint identifier. Press **ENT** .

If the waypoint identifier entered does not exist, you will be prompted to select a method to enter the new waypoint's position into memory. If the waypoint exists (i.e., you're just reviewing or editing a user waypoint), skip step 4 and move on to the next set of instructions.

4. Select the desired waypoint entry method using 🔘 and press

You will automatically be placed on the latitude and longitude field (if you selected 'enter posn?'), the 'from' field (if you select 'ref wpt?') or the 'bearing' field (if you select 'rng/brg from posn?').

## To enter/edit the position of the user waypoint:

1. Use ) and ) to enter the latitude. You may select either north or south and enter a latitude up to (but not including) 90°.

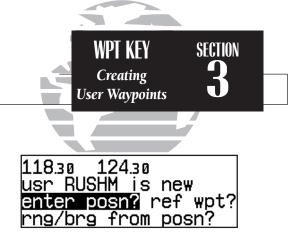
2. Press Ent

3. Use (and (b) to enter the longitude. You may select either east or west and enter a longitude up to (but not including) 180°.

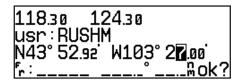
4. Press Ent

Once the latitude and longitude have been entered, the cursor will move to the reference waypoint field, where you may enter a reference waypoint to calculate a bearing and distance to the new waypoint position. If you are not entering a reference waypoint:

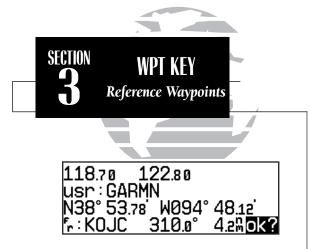
5. Press ENT to advance the cursor to the 'ok?' prompt and press ENT to save the new waypoint in internal memory.



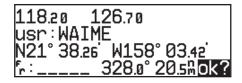
Selecting a method to enter a new user waypoint.



Entering the user waypoint's exact position.



Entering a user waypoint by referencing another waypoint.



To create a user waypoint from your present position, leave the reference waypoint field blank and enter a bearing and distance from your present position. The GNC 300XL will calculate the new waypoint's coordinates automatically.

#### To enter/edit a user waypoint position from a reference waypoint:

- 1. Use  $\bigodot$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the reference waypoint's identifier.
- 2. Press **ENT**. The waypoint's position will appear.
- 3. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the bearing from the reference waypoint.

#### 4. Press ENT

- 5. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the distance from the reference waypoint.
- 6. Press ENT . The latitude and longitude will be calculated for the waypoint.
- 7. Press **ENT** to confirm the 'ok?' prompt and save the waypoint position.

If you have chosen to create a waypoint at a certain bearing and distance from your current position, your current position will be displayed and you will enter the bearing and distance at which you would like the new waypoint to be located.

## To create a user waypoint offset from your present position:

- 1. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the bearing from your position.
- 2. Press ENT
- 3. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the distance from your position.
- 4. Press ENT . The latitude and longitude will be calculated for the new waypoint.
- 5. Press **ENT** to confirm the 'ok?' prompt and save the waypoint position.

The GNC 300XI's **AutoStore<sup>TM</sup> function** provides another method of creating user waypoints. AutoStore is used to instantly capture your present position as a user waypoint with a touch of a button and add the new waypoint to the end of a specified route, if desired.

#### To perform an AutoStore:

1. Press wav and rotate  $\bigcirc$  to display the position page or map page.

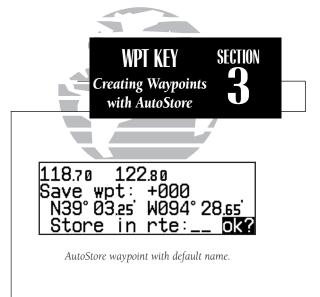
2. Press ENT

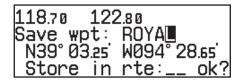
This will display the 'Save waypoint' screen, which will allow you to rename the waypoint and choose the route to which it should be added. The GNC 300XL will assign the next available three-digit number as the default waypoint name, preceded by a '+' sign. This will help you differentiate AutoStore waypoints from other user waypoints.

#### To change the default name or route of an AutoStore waypoint:

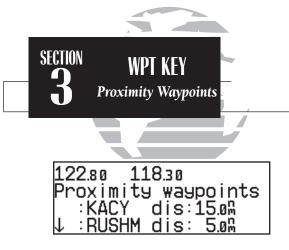
- 1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to select the name or route number field.
- 2. Use (and (b) to enter the name or route number. If you do not want to add the waypoint to a route, be sure to keep the route field blank.
- 3. Press **ENT** to accept.
- 4. Press ENT to confirm the 'ok?' prompt.

If the waypoint name you entered is already assigned to another waypoint, you will be informed with the message 'WPT exists \_\_\_\_\_\_'. The default waypoint name will be redisplayed, and you may enter a different name. The new waypoint will only be added to a route if the desired route number is manually entered in the route field.





The default waypoint name may be changed before saving the waypoint.



Proximity waypoints page

122.80 118.30 Prox alarm-press NAV

Proximity alarm message. Pressing www will display the position page with the bearing and distance from the proximity waypoint indicated on the bottom line.

The second page available from the GNC 300XI's wer key is the **proximity** waypoints page. This page allows you to define an alarm circle around a selected waypoint and is useful in defining alarm circles around towers or obstructions. Up to nine proximity waypoints can be entered, each with an alarm radius of up to 99.9 nm.

#### To create or edit a proximity waypoint:

- 1. Press wer and use 🔘 to display the 'Proximity waypoints' page.
- 2. Press CRSP twice and use 🔘 to highlight the first available field.
- 3. Use ) and ) to enter the identifier. It may be an airport, VOR, NDB, intersection or user waypoint. Press
- 4. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the radius of the alarm circle. Press **ENT**

If two proximity waypoints are entered and their regions overlap, you will be informed with the message 'Proximity overlap'. This message will be displayed each time you turn on the GNC 300XL for as long as the overlap remains. **Warning:** If you enter the overlap area you will only be informed of the *nearest* proximity waypoint.

#### To remove a waypoint from the proximity waypoints page:

- 1. Press CRSB twice, if necessary, to obtain a cursor in the GPS window.
- 2. Press **CLR** to erase the name, and then **ENT** to delete.

## To scroll through the proximity waypoints list:

1. Rotate with the cursor inactive (or use with the cursor active) to scroll through the available proximity waypoints. The scrolling arrow prompt will indicate the direction to scroll to view additional waypoints, if available.

The third page available from the GNC 300XI's were key is the **user waypoint list**, which can be used to quickly scan, review, rename or delete user waypoints.

## To display the user waypoint list:

1. Press wer and use 🔘 to display the user waypoint list.

# 2. To scroll through the list, rotate .

The total number of user waypoints is displayed at the top of the page, with the individual user waypoints listed two at a time in alphabetical order below. The arrow prompt, located at the top left of the page, will indicate which direction to scroll to view additional waypoints. The status of each waypoint will be displayed to the right of the identifier when it is the active-to waypoint, part of an active or stored route or a proximity waypoint. To edit, rename or delete waypoints, the cursor must highlight the desired waypoint.

# To highlight a waypoint:

1. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to highlight the desired waypoint.

# To edit a highlighted waypoint's position:

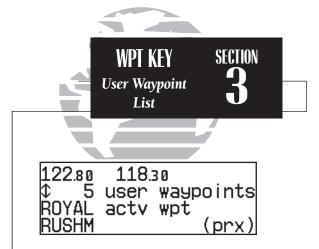
1. Press **EVT** to obtain the waypoint position page. Edit the waypoint position as described on page 49. (**Note**: The active-to waypoint cannot be edited.)

# To delete a waypoint from the list:

1. Highlight the desired waypoint and press **CLR**. Press **ENT** to confirm the deletion.

# To rename a waypoint from the list:

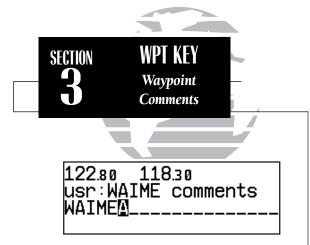
1. Highlight the desired waypoint. Use  $\bigodot$  and  $\bigodot$  to enter a new identifier for the waypoint.



User waypoint list showing the current active-to waypoint and a proximity waypoint.



Renaming a user waypoint.



Entering waypoint comments.



Waypoints with comments page

The last page available through the GNC 300XIs were key is the **waypoints with comments page**, which lists all waypoints that have a user comment. User comments may be added to 250 waypoints stored in the user or NavData<sup>®</sup> database, and allow you to note two lines of special information concerning a particular waypoint.

#### To enter user comments:

- 1. Enter the waypoint identifier from any waypoint page (see page 38), and press (resp. to remove the cursor.
- 2. Rotate 🔘 to display the 'comments' page.

3. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to highlight either the second or third line.

4. Use  $\bigodot$  and  $\bigodot$  to enter the comment.

- 5. Press **ENT** to accept, and repeat steps 4 and 5, if necessary, to enter information on the other line.
- 6. Press CRSR to remove the cursor.

## To view the 'waypoints with comments' list:

- 1. Press wer and use 🔘 to display the 'Wpts with comments' page.
- 2. Use 🔘 to scroll through the list.

The GNC 300XL will display the waypoints with comments in alphabetical order, up to six waypoints at a time. The scrolling arrow prompt will indicate which direction to scroll to view additional waypoints.

#### To view comments for a selected waypoint:

1. Highlight the desired waypoint and press ENT (or press CLR and ENT to delete).

2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to display any other available pages for the selected waypoint.

The GNC 300XL's extensive waypoint database makes it possible for several waypoints to share the same identifier. To ensure that you are selecting the waypoint desired, the GNC 300XL will always offer the **waypoint confirmation page** (which shows the waypoint's position) when an identifier is entered for a particular function.

#### To accept the waypoint position:

1. Press with the cursor over the 'ok?' prompt.

#### To reject the waypoint position:

1. Press **CLR** with the cursor over the 'ok?' prompt.

Once a waypoint has been accepted or rejected, the previous page will be displayed. If there is more than one waypoint available for a selected identifier, the GNC 300XL will display a duplicate waypoint page for you to choose the desired waypoint. The waypoint identifier and number of duplicates will be shown at the top of the page, with the waypoint type and region of each duplicate indicated below. The waypoints listed are sorted by the distance from your present position.

## To scroll through additional duplicate waypoints:

1. Rotate 🔘 with the cursor active, or 🔘 with the cursor inactive.

## To select the desired waypoint from the duplicates list:

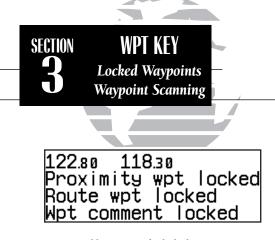
- 1. Activate the cursor and rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the desired waypoint.
- 2. Press ENT. The waypoint confirmation page will appear.
- 3. Press ENT over the 'ok?' prompt to accept the waypoint or CLR to reject the waypoint and return to the duplicate waypoints list.



Waypoint confirmation page



Duplicate waypoints page



Possible messages for locked waypoints.



To blank a waypoint field, highlight the field and press the c.m key.

Because the GNC 300XL relies on a NavData card for most waypoint information, there may be instances when waypoint information is not available for use. **Locked waypoints** exist when a waypoint contained in a route, used as a proximity waypoint or with a comment is not contained on the NavData card, or no card is inserted in the unit. If this condition exists, you'll be alerted with a 'Proximity wpt locked', 'Route wpt locked' or 'Wpt comment locked' message when the unit is powered up. The identifier of a locked waypoint will be replaced with a 'lockd' message, which indicates you cannot obtain waypoint information or navigate to the waypoint. The identifier of a locked waypoint may be displayed by highlighting 'lockd' and pressing **ENT**. Locked waypoints may be deleted from routes, the proximity waypoints list or waypoints with comments page by following the instructions in the appropriate section of this manual.

The **waypoint scanning feature** provides a fast way to scan through airports, VORs, NDBs and intersections in the database by identifier, facility name or city. Waypoint scanning may be used from any blank identifier field in the GPS window.

#### To enter a waypoint by scanning the identifier, facility name or city:

- 1. With the cursor over a blank identifier field, press wer. If the identifier field is not blank, highlight the field with the cursor and press cur before pressing wer.
- 2. Use  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the waypoint category you wish to scan.
- 3. Press **ENT** to activate the scanning mode.
- 4. Rotate  $\bigodot$  to place the cursor over the field you want to scan (identifier, facility or city name).
- 5. Use (and (b) to enter the letters of the identifier, city or facility name. The GNC 300XL will scan the database and display the first waypoint that matches your entry.
- 6. Press ENT to accept the waypoint, and ENT again to confirm the waypoint for the function being used.

# Section 4 **Nearest Waypoints**

The GNC 300XI's **key** provides detailed information on the nine nearest airports. VORs, NDBs, intersections and user waypoints within 200 nm of your current position. In addition, it will display the two nearest Flight Service Station (FSS) and center (ARTCC/ FIR) points of communication, plus alert you to any Special Use Airspace (SUA) you may be in or near. The west key can be used in conjunction with the GNC 300XL's direct-to function to quickly set a course to a nearby facility in case of an in-flight emergency.

#### To view the nearest waypoint information:

## 1. Press NRST

This will display the nearest airport to your present position, subject to the runway surface type and minimum runway length selected (see page 105).

#### To scroll through the next eight nearest airports, rotate .

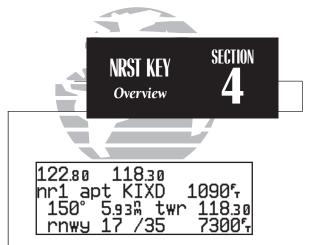
You may examine both the communication frequencies and the runway information directly from the nearest airport page. You may also place the displayed frequency into the standby field by pressing **ENT** from the nearest airport page.

#### To view more comm/runway information:

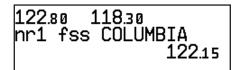
- 1. Press **CRSR** twice and rotate () to highlight the comm field or the runway field.
- 2. Rotate () to scroll through more information, if available.

## To perform a direct-to on any of the nearest waypoint pages:

- 2. Press **ENT** to accept the waypoint or **CLR** to cancel.



Nearest airport with other frequency information. If an airport has multiple frequencies available, they may be quickly viewed without activating the cursor by pressing the **CLR** key repeatedly.



Nearest FSS page. To view additional frequencies (if available), highlight the frequency and rotate the  $\bigcirc$  knob.



Nearest SUA with controlling agency displayed.

**NOTE:** The GNC 300XL will flash the next to the set to inform you of SUA alerts. You do not have to repeatedly check the Nearest Waypoint page for SUA information. It is provided to supply more information on the SUA and its boundaries. The GNC 300XL will not flash alerts, however, if it has been turned off or if your altitude is such that you will not enter the buffered airspace. Turning off SUA alerts and setting the altitude buffer is described on page 109.

The nearest waypoints for other categories (VORs, NDBs, etc.) may be viewed by rotating  $\bigcirc$ . Rotating  $\bigcirc$  continuously to the left will stop page selection on the nearest airport category.

The next page available under the GNC 300XIs key is the **SUA (special-use airspace) alert page**. The SUA alert page will alert you to as many as nine controlled or restricted airspaces near or in your flight path, according to the following conditions:

- If your projected course will take you inside an SUA within the next 10 minutes, the message '**SUA ahead < 10 min**' will be displayed.
- If you are within two nautical miles of an SUA and your current course will take you inside, the message 'SUA Near & Ahead' will be displayed.
- If you are within two nautical miles of an SUA and your current course will **not** take you inside, the message '**Near SUA < 2nm**' will be displayed.
- If you have entered an SUA, the message 'Inside SUA' will be displayed.

Note that the GNC 300XI's SUA alerts are based on three-dimensional data (latitude, longitude and altitude) to avoid nuisance alerts. The alert boundaries for controlled air-space are also sectorized to provide complete information on any nearby airspace. Once you have met one of the described conditions, the message annunciator will flash, alerting you of an SUA message.

#### To view an SUA message:

1. Press the Msg key.

2. Press signification again to return to the previous page.

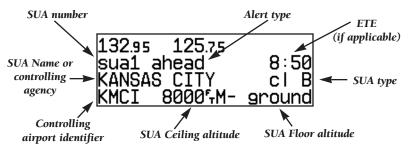
Once you are notified of a SUA alert, detailed information concerning the specific SUA is provided by the west key.

## To view the SUA alert page:

1. Press the NRST key.

2. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  one stop to the right to view the SUA alert page.

The SUA alert page contains the following information:



The 'SUA number' field displays which SUA you are viewing (you may be alerted to up to nine SUAs). SUAs are ranked with 'sual' being the highest priority, and 'sua9' being the lowest priority from your current position. The 'SUA alert' field displays the corresponding alert message for this SUA, such as 'near', 'near & ahead', etc. (see page 58). The ETE (estimated time en route), located at the top right of the page, will only be displayed if you are projected to enter the airspace.

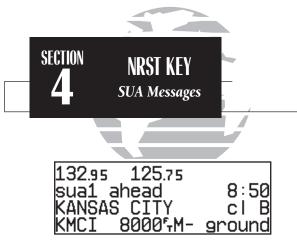
The second line of the SUA alert page displays the name or controlling agency of the SUA, along with the type of SUA to which you are being alerted.

## To toggle between the SUA name and controlling agency display:

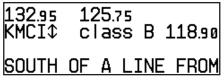
1. Rotate 🔘 one stop in either direction.

If the SUA name or controlling agency is too long to fit on the display, the GNC 300XL will automatically scroll to display the rest of the information.





SUA alert page

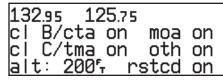


Frequency information for SUA. If the information is too long to fit on the display, the GNC 300XL will automatically scroll to display the rest of the information. The following SUA types can appear in the SUA type field:

Message	Airspace Type
alrt	- Alert
caut	- Caution
cl B	- Class B
cl C	- Class C
cta	- ICAO Control Area
dngr	- Danger
moa	- Military Operations Area
proh	- Prohibited
rstc	- Restricted
tma	- ICAO Terminal Control Area
trng	- Training
trsa	- Terminal Radar Service Area
unsp	- Unspecified
warn	- Warning

The last line on the SUA alert page displays the SUA's controlling airport identifier and the ceiling and floor altitudes for the SUA alert. Controlling agency frequencies may be viewed by highlighting the controlling airport identifier with the cursor and pressing **EXT**. The following are examples of what can appear in the altitude fields:

Ø	<b>Message</b> 8000 <sup>f</sup> tM 3000 <sup>f</sup> tA ground msl	<b>Meaning</b> - 8000 feet mean sea level (MSL) - 3000 feet above ground level (AGL) - Ground level - Mean sea level
st	notam not sp unlmtd	<ul> <li>See Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) for altitude restrictions</li> <li>Altitude is not specified</li> <li>Altitude is unlimited</li> </ul>

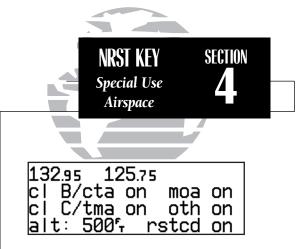


SUA Settings Page

All SUA alert messages except for prohibited areas may be turned on or off through the GNC 300XI's unit settings options, found under the mess key (see page 108). Alerts for prohibited areas will always be displayed, regardless of unit settings or operating mode. SUA alerts may be turned off so the pilot can avoid continuous alerts in areas with extensive special use airspace. SUA alerts are automatically disabled during approach operations.

**Important:** Turning off the SUA alerts only stops the display of SUA messages. Any applicable SUA alert pages will still be available from the MEST key.

The GNC 300XL also features an altitude buffer which may be set to provide a greater level of protection from penetrating an SUA. By specifying an altitude in the buffer, you can effectively stretch an SUA's altitude boundaries in both directions. This allows the pilot to add an extra margin of prevention around controlled or restricted airspace. For instructions on setting the altitude buffer, see page 109.



Altitude buffer set at 500 feet. This provides an added 500 foot margin beyond the floor and ceiling limits for an airspace.



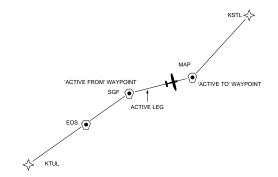
#### **ROUTE TERMINOLOGY**

The diagram at the right shows a basic route consisting of five waypoints and four legs.

The waypoint you are travelling to is called the **'active to'** waypoint, and the waypoint immediately behind you is called the **'active from'** waypoint. The course line between the active from and the active to waypoint is called the **'active leg'**.

# Section 5 Direct-to & Route Navigation

One of the many benefits of GPS navigation is the ability to fly directly to a waypoint or fly a chain of waypoints without using ground-based navigation aids. To take advantage of the convenience and efficiency provided by point-to-point GPS navigation, the GNC 300XL provides two basic methods of selecting a destination for your flight: **direct-to** and **route navigation**. The direct-to function provides a fast way to set a course to a destination waypoint from your present position. The route function allows the pilot to create a chain of waypoints to fly in sequence and provides access to the GNC 300XL's approach, SID and STAR capabilities.



As you pass each waypoint in the route, the GNC 300XIs automatic leg sequencing and turn anticipation features will automatically select the next waypoint as the 'active to' waypoint and provide smooth steering guidance around the turn. If you are not currently navigating a particular route leg (e.g., your starting position is not a route waypoint), the unit will select the appropriate leg as the active route segment. The GNC 300XI's **direct-to function** provides a quick method of setting a course to a destination waypoint. Once a direct-to destination is activated, the GNC 300XL will establish a point-to-point route line along the great circle from your present position to the destination and provide steering guidance and navigation data to the waypoint until it is cancelled. If you are navigating to a waypoint and get off course, the direct-to function may also be used to re-center the d-bar to proceed to the same waypoint.

#### To select a direct-to destination:

1. Press the **PP** key. The CDI page will appear with the destination field highlighted.

2. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the identifier of the desired waypoint.

3. Press **ENT** to confirm the identifier, and **ENT** to accept the direct-to confirmation page.

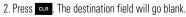
#### To re-center the d-bar to the same active-to waypoint:

1. Press the --- key, followed by ENT twice. **NOTE**: If you're navigating an active approach with the MAP as the active waypoint, the approach will be cancelled.

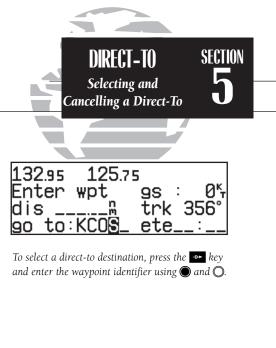
A direct-to may also be quickly activated from many pages that display a single waypoint identifier (e.g., the nearest airport page) by simply pressing  $\xrightarrow{\bullet\bullet}$  and  $\xrightarrow{\mathsf{EvT}}$ . For pages that display a list of waypoints (e.g., the user waypoint list page), you must highlight the desired waypoint with the cursor before pressing the  $\xrightarrow{\bullet\bullet}$  key. Once a direct-to is activated, the GNC 300XL will provide navigation guidance until the direct-to is cancelled or the unit is turned off.

#### To cancel a direct-to destination:

1. Place the cursor over the destination field on the CDI page.

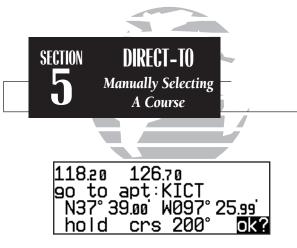


3. Press ENT. The GNC 300XL will resume navigating route 0 (the active route) if available.





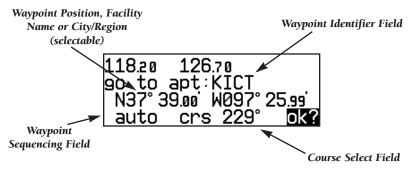
To quickly select a direct-to from any page that displays a single waypoint identifier (e.g., the nearest airport page), press ••, followed by est



The waypoint sequencing field, located at the bottom left of the direct-to confirmation page, displays the current status of the external GPS SEQ switch.

To manually set your course from the course select field, set the GPS SEQ switch to the 'AUTO' position and enter the selected course in the course select field. NOTE: Whenever the GPS SEQ switch is set to the 'HOLD' position, the selected course will be determined by the external OBS/HSI.

When using the course select feature on the directto confirmation page or when the GPS SEQ switch is set to the 'HOLD' position and external course input is not present, you may also enter the desired course from the CDI page using the course field at the bottom of the page. Whenever you perform a direct-to, the GNC 300XL will set a point-to-point great circle course to your destination. You can also manually define the course to your destination with the GNC 300XI's **course select** feature. The course select feature is available from the bottom line of the **direct-to confirmation page** and works like selecting an OBS course on a VOR indicator.



#### To manually set a course:

- 1. Set/confirm the GPS SEQ switch in the 'AUTO' position.
- 2. Press the **even** key. The direct-to confirmation page will appear.
- 3. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to place the cursor on the course select field.
- 4. Use ( to begin entry of the selected course (the ) and ( knobs may be used once you have started editing the course select field).
- 5. Press **ENT** to accept the course, and **ENT** again to acknowledge the 'ok?' prompt.

The GNC 300XL will now use the selected course for your CDI and DTK steering guidance. To reset the course to a GPS-calculated course from your present position, simply press  $\rightarrow$ , followed by ENT.

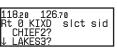
The GNC 300XL lets you create up to 20 routes (numbered 0 through 19), with up to 31 waypoints each. Routes are created, copied and edited through the real key, which features five route pages selectable from the GNC 300XL's outer knob.

Active Route Page

11	8.20	1.2	26.70	3	
1:5:1	UE .	n 56	0.1		- 4
IK 1	.XD →	UUL	JSN.	cum	ete
I 1	→DOD	ISN	- 4 0	950	0:03
∧	· EMD		CE.	n c n	0.11
$\mathbf{v}$		·	00.	<u>36m</u>	0.44
¢	XD → DOD EMP	ŜŇ	4. 65.:	92Å 36Å	0:03 0:44

Tour our	, 0
11820 12670 rte 0 activ KIXD /KICT Parallel trk:	
rte 0 activ	ate?
KIXD /KICT	152.58%
Parallel trk:	I Dan

Route Catalog Page



SID Select Page

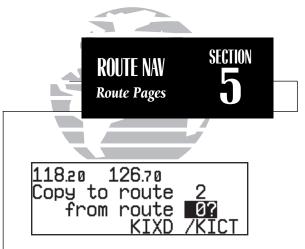
Approach Select Page 11820 126.70 Rt 0 KICT sict appr ndb rw01R? ↓ rnav rw01L? 11820 126.70

11820 12670 Goto KMKC slct star BRAMR2? ↓ JHAWK2?

STAR Select Page

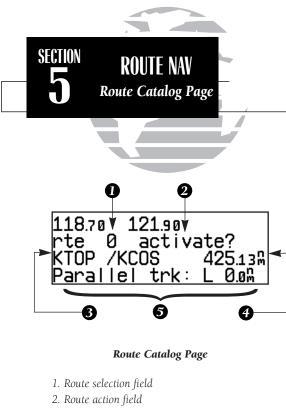
The five route pages can be divided into two types: **active route pages** and a **route catalog page**. Active route pages provide information and editing functions for route 0, which always serves as the route you are currently navigating. The route catalog page serves as the main page for creating, editing, activating, deleting and copying all routes.

Routes 1-19 are used as storage routes, which are stored in the GNC 300XI's internal memory. Once a storage route is 'activated', a copy is placed into route 0 for navigation until it is cancelled, overwritten by activating another route or erased when the unit is turned off. If you want to save a route currently in route 0, be sure to copy it to an open storage route (routes 1-19) before it is cancelled, overwritten or erased.



#### **REMEMBER!**

If you want to save the active route, be sure to copy it to an empty storage route (1-19) before turning the GNC 300XL off or activating a new route (or direct-to destination). See page 69 for instructions on copying routes.



- 3. Departure/Arrival waypoints
- 4. Cumulative distance of route
- 5. Comments/Parallel track offset field

The GNC 300XI's **route catalog page** is used to create, edit, delete or copy routes, and serves as the main page for a host of functions. These include route activation, determining the closest point of approach and search-and-rescue operations. It also displays a summary of routes currently stored in memory, with the departure and arrival route waypoints and total distance for the selected route number. To scroll through the available routes, rotate **(**). A one-line user comment may be added to any storage route, which will be displayed on the route catalog page.

#### To add user comments to any route (except route 0):

1. Rotate 🔘 to display the route you would like to add comments to.

- 2. Press **CRSP** twice and use O to highlight the bottom row.
- 3. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter comments, and press ENT . To erase press CLB , then ENT .

The **route action field**, located at the top right of the page, is used to select the desired route operation. The following functions are available:

- Activate activate the route for navigation
- **Reverse** activate a route in reverse order
- Edit create a new route, or edit an existing route
- Approach- select an approach for the route (see Section 6)
- **Star** select a STAR for the route (see Section 6)
- **Sid** select a SID for the route (see Section 6)
- **Delete** delete a route
- **Copy** copy the current route to an empty route
- **CPA** calculate the closest point of approach
- Search perform search-and-rescue ladder operations
- RAIM prd evaluate enroute RAIM availability over the entire route

The **route editing function** allows you to create new routes and edit existing routes. Creating routes before takeoff can help make route operations faster and easier during your flight.

# To create or edit a route from the route catalog page:

- 1. Use 🔘 to display the route number you would like to edit.
- 2. Press CRSR twice.
- 3. Use 🔘 to select 'edit?'. Press **ENT**. The route review page will appear.

# To add a waypoint:

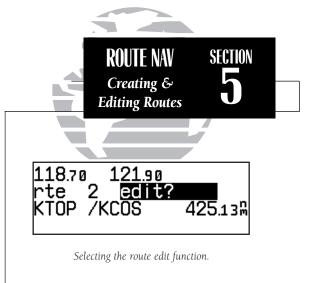
- 4. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the first blank waypoint field or the point where you want to enter the new waypoint. The first waypoint field will already be highlighted if you're creating a new route.
- 5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the waypoint's identifier. Press
- 6. Press **ENT** to confirm the 'ok?' prompt on the waypoint confirmation page.
- 7. Repeat steps 4 through 6 to add the next waypoint, or press CRSR to finish.

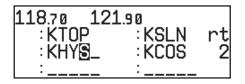
# To delete a waypoint:

- 1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the waypoint you wish to delete.
- 2. Press CLR to remove the name, then press ENT to delete.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to delete additional waypoints, or press CRSR to finish.

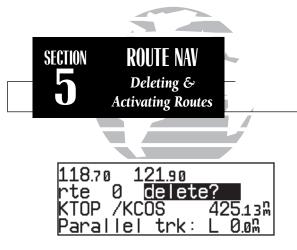
# To delete an entire route:

- 1. Use 🔘 to display the route number you would like to delete (route 0 for the active route).
- 2. Press **CRSP** twice and use O to highlight the action field.
- 3. Use 🔘 to select 'delete?'. Press **ENT** to delete.

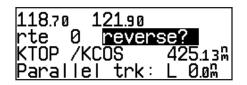




Adding a waypoint to route 2.



Deleting route 0.



Reversing route 0.

Once a route is defined through the route catalog page, it may be activated from the route catalog page. Activating or reversing a route places the selected route into route 0 and overwrites the existing active route.

#### To activate a route:

1. Press  $\blacksquare$  and use  $\bigcirc$  to display the route catalog page.

2. Rotate 🔘 to display the route you would like to activate.

3. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to display 'activate?'. Press ENT

After travelling a route or creating a route with the GNC 300XI's AutoStore<sup>TM</sup> feature, the route activation field may be used to activate the route in reverse order.

# To activate a route in reverse order:

1. Press  $\square$  and use  $\bigcirc$  to display the route catalog page.

2. Use 🔘 to display the route number you would like to reverse.

3. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to display 'reverse?'. Press ENT

This will copy the reversed route to route 0 and display the active route page. The original route will remain intact in its storage route location.

The route action field also features a **copy function** that permits you to copy any route to another open storage route. The copy function can be used to save the contents of the active route (route 0) to an open storage route.

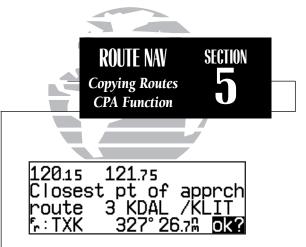
#### To copy a route:

- 1. Press and use 🔘 to display the route catalog page.
- 2. Use 🔘 to display the route to which you would like to copy to. The route must be empty.
- 3. Press CRSR twice and rotate O to select 'copy?'. Press ENT.
- 4. Use (a) to enter the route you would like to copy. The departure/arrival identifiers will be displayed for your reference. Press

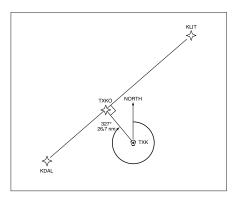
The **CPA function** calculates the closest distance that a route will pass to a reference waypoint, and helps when creating new route waypoints referenced to a NAVAID.

#### To calculate the closest point of approach (CPA) from the route catalog page:

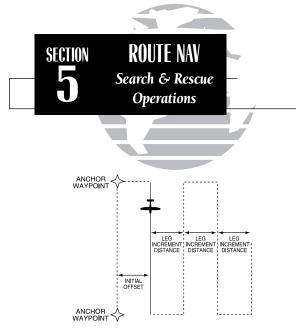
- 1. Use () to display the route you would like to use for the CPA function. The route must consist of at least two waypoints, and the reference facility must fall between the waypoints of a route leg.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O to select 'cpa?'. Press
- 3. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the identifier of the reference waypoint.
- 4. Press **ENT**. The bearing and distance of the closest point on the route will be displayed.
- 5. Press Even to add the cpa waypoint to the route, or even to finish. If you do add the cpa waypoint to the route, it will be named based on the reference waypoint plus a number (0-9) added to the end (e.g., KMCI3 for KMCI). If the waypoint does not fall between waypoints on the route, the reference waypoint does not exist or a unique name cannot be assigned to the CPA waypoint, you'll be informed with the 'Invald CPA wpt \_\_\_\_\_' message.



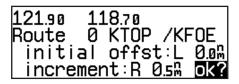
Calculating closest point of approach.



Closest point of approach to 'TXK'.



The map page will show the active leg of the search and rescue pattern as a solid line with the anchor waypoints joined together by a dashed line.



Performing a search-and-rescue operation.

The GNC 300XI's **search-and-rescue function** provides navigation guidance for search-and-rescue operations, navigating in a ladder pattern to maximize coverage and efficiency. This is done in reference to two waypoints called 'anchor waypoints'. The first leg will be a specified distance from the line connecting the anchor waypoints. This is called the 'offset distance'. The 'increment distance' is the distance between each subsequent leg. The ladder can be created on either side of the anchor waypoints.

#### To perform a search-and-rescue operation:

1. Create a route of **only** two waypoints.

- 2. Press **RTE** and use O to display the route catalog page.
- 3. Use 🔘 to select the 2-waypoint route.
- 4. Press CRSR twice and use O to display 'search?'. Press
- 5. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the leg increment value and R or L. Press
- 6. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the initial offset, and use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the initial offset value, and R or L.
- 7. Press **EVT** three times to accept the operation values and begin navigation.

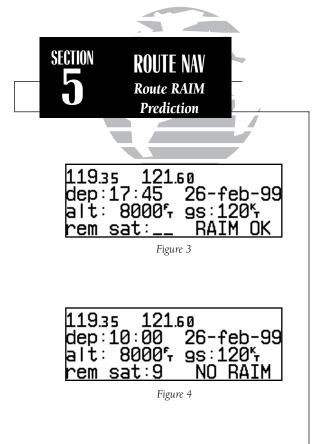
After activating a search-and-rescue, you will be informed with an 'Offset nav in effect' message each time you traverse the route offset from the anchor waypoints. The CDI page will guide you along each leg of the ladder pattern. Note that bearing and distance information are referenced to the anchor waypoints. Once you've arrived at the destination waypoint, the leg increment will be added to your present offset, and the route will be automatically reversed. If a search-and-rescue is interrupted, note the parallel track direction (R or L) and distance on the catalog page for route 0. When you resume search-and-rescue operations, use this as the initial offset.

The GNC 300XI's Route RAIM Prediction Function evaluates enroute RAIM availability over the entire route that the pilot intends to fly. Route RAIM Prediction ensures that satellite coverage will be sufficient to meet the protection limits defined by BRNAV/RNP-5 (FAA Advisory Circular 90-96).

#### To use the Route RAIM Prediction Function:

- 1. From the Route Catalog Page (Figure 1), select the desired route for RAIM prediction (if the route is empty, enter the route first).
- 2. Highlight the route action field by pressing (RSF) twice, rotate () to select 'RAIM prd?' and press [EVT]. The Route RAIM Prediction Page will be displayed (Figure 2).
- 3. Highlight and enter departure time, departure date, enroute altitude, and enroute ground speed (valid enroute ground speed is "65 nm or greater"). Press **EVT** to accept.
- 4. When all parameters are properly entered, move the cursor to the 'Compute?' field, and press and . The unit will start to predict the RAIM availability over the entire route, and will switch to 'WAIT ->', with the arrow sign continually rotating, indicating that the prediction computation is in progress.
- 5. If RAIM is available for the entire route 'RAIM OK' will appear on the Route RAIM Prediction Page, as shown in Figure 3 (pg. 72).

ROUTE NAV SECTION Route RAIM Prediction						
11935 12160 rte 2 RAIM prd? KOJC /KICT 146.23%						
Figure 1						
119.35						
Figure 2						



The time required for RAIM prediction computation depends on the route distance (i.e., 1000 nautical miles = approximately 2 minutes) and the enroute speed. The longer the route distance and the slower the enroute speed, the longer the time. If RAIM unavailability is detected based on the associated requirement, the prediction process will stop immediately and display 'NO RAIM' as shown in Figure 4.

'NO RAIM' does not mean RAIM is unavailable for the entire route. This message results when RAIM unavailability is detected for more than 5 minutes at any point along the intended flight (based on BRNAV requirements).

If a satellite is listed as 'out of service' by NOTAM, you may use the 'rem sat' (remove satellite) field to prevent a particular satellite from being used in the Route RAIM prediction (e.g., removing satellite 9 in Figure 4).

# To exclude a satellite from the Route RAIM prediction:

1. Highlight the 'rem sat' field.

2. Rotate 🔘 to select the satellite to be excluded.

3. Press ENT to accept.

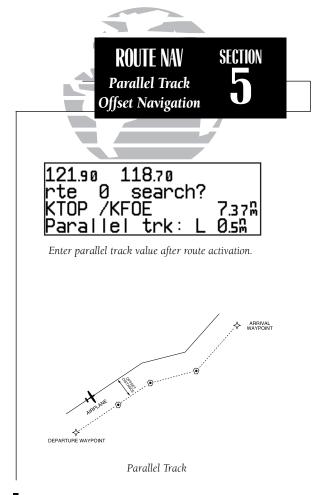
4. Press again to begin Route RAIM Prediction without using the selected satellite.

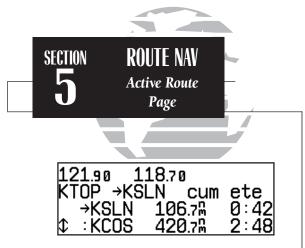
During route navigation, it is sometimes desirable to navigate a specified distance away from the 'active leg' to help avoid certain airspaces or regions. The GNC 300XI's **parallel track feature** will automatically guide you along a selected offset from the active leg. Bearing and distance information will be to the waypoints along the original course, with the CDI (on the CDI page) centered on the offset course.

#### To use offset navigation, or 'parallel track':

- 1. Press  $\square$  and use  $\bigcirc$  to display the route catalog page.
- 2. Use 🔘 to display route 0 (parallel track can only be used on the active route).
- 3. Press CRSB twice and use 🔘 to highlight the parallel track value field.
- 4. Use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the desired distance and direction (R or L) from the leg.
- 5. Press even to accept. The map page will display the offset route as a solid line and the original route as a dashed line.

It is important to note that offset navigation is only available on route navigation, not direct-to navigation. If an approach is present in the active route, parallel offset navigation is cancelled when entering the 30 nm terminal area. Offset navigation is **NOT** valid for IFR approach procedures. "Approach not active" message will display if parallel navigation is re-instated after approach navigation has been armed. When offset navigation is activated, an 'Offset nav in effect' message will be displayed with the distance and direction noted on the route catalog page for route 0. If you enter an offset which causes a leg to be reversed, you'll be informed with the message 'Ofst too big for rte'. If you change the active route in any way or perform a direct-to, you'll be informed with an 'Offset nav cancelled' message.





#### USING THE ACTIVE ROUTE PAGE

The GNC 300XL's active route page provides a working list of all waypoints for the route you are navigating, along with distance, timing or desired track information. The scrolling arrow prompt to the left of the route waypoint list indicates which way to scroll to view additional route waypoints.

The active route page can also be used to manually select your next 'active-to' destination (using ...), which allows you to fly directly to any way-

# Flying and Modifying the Active Route

Once a route has been created and activated, the GNC 300XL will provide navigation to each route waypoint through the active route, CDI and map pages. From the active route page, you may also create and modify the active route, and insert an approach, SID or STAR. The CDI page will display detailed navigation data on your progress to each route waypoint, and provide turn anticipation, waypoint arrival and next desired track information. By understanding the relationship between the active route and CDI pages and the role of the waypoint sequencing (GPS SEQ) switch, you'll be able to get the most out of the GNC 300XL's advanced route and approach features.

Whenever the GNC 300XL is navigating an approach, route or an on-route directto, the **active route page** will provide a list of the route waypoints in sequence, along with distance, time and course information. You may also create and edit a route directly from the active route page. If you want to save a route created from the active route page (route 0), you must copy it to an open storage route (see page 69) before turning the unit off or activating another route. The active route page may be displayed by pressing the reference key and rotating O left continuously. It will also appear automatically whenever an approach, route, SID or STAR is activated.

#### To scroll through the active route waypoints:

1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  with the cursor inactive (or  $\bigcirc$  with the cursor active).

The active leg identifiers field, located at the top left of the page, displays the waypoint identifiers of the route leg you are currently navigating. The first waypoint identifier displayed is the **'active from'** waypoint. The second waypoint is the **'active to'** waypoint. The line connecting these waypoints is known as the **'active leg'**. If you are navigating a direct-to, the field will display the destination with a 'goto' designation. The distance field can be selected to display cumulative ('cum') distance or the distance for each route leg ('leg'). If cumulative is selected, the first leg's distance will be displayed. The second leg will represent the first leg's distance plus the second leg, and so on. The time field may be configured to display the estimated time en route (ete), estimated time of arrival (eta) or desired track (dtk) for each leg.

## To change the distance and time fields:

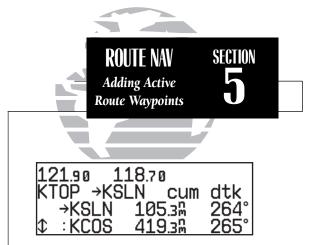
1. With the cursor active, rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the field you want to change.

2. Rotate 🔘 to select the desired setting and press CRSP.

The active route page may also be used to create a new route or edit the route you are currently navigating (approach, SID or STAR waypoints cannot be edited), and provides a fast method of selecting any route waypoint as your next destination waypoint without modifying the active route. If you are editing the active route and want to save it in its original form, copy it to an open storage route before editing.

#### To add waypoints to the active route:

- 1. Press CRSP twice, if necessary, to activate the cursor.
- 2. Use O to highlight the first blank waypoint field, *or* highlight the waypoint before which you would like to add the new waypoint.
- 3. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the new waypoint identifier. Press **ENT** .
- 4. Press **ENT** to accept or **CLR** to cancel. The cursor will automatically move to the next waypoint field, and the remaining route waypoints (if any are present) will move down the list accordingly.



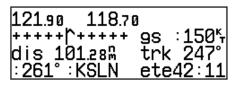
Active route page with cumulative distance (cum) and desired track (dtk) displayed.



Active route page with leg distance and estimated time en route displayed.



You can hold on a destination waypoint by setting the GPS SEQ switch to the 'HOLD' position. The GNC 300XL will hold on the current 'active to' waypoint as your navigation reference and prevents the unit from sequencing to the next waypoint in the route. A user-defined course may also be selected on the external HSI (OBS).



Whenever waypoint sequencing is set to 'hold', the desired course is displayed at the bottom left of the CDI page. See page 64 for more details.

#### To delete a waypoint from the active route:

1. Press CRSP twice, if necessary, to activate the cursor.

- 2. Use  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the waypoint you would like to delete from the active route.
- 3. Press **CLR**, followed by **ENT**. The next route waypoint (if available) will move up to take the position of the deleted waypoint.

The active route page also allows you to select your next destination waypoint manually from the active route waypoint list and resume the remainder of the route in sequence. This procedure, referred to as an **'on-route' direct-to**, allows the pilot to fly directly to any waypoint in the active route without editing the active route, approach, SID or STAR itself. For example, if you are flying a route with an armed approach, the GNC 300XL will automatically provide the initial approach fix (IAF) for the selected approach as your 'active to' waypoint. If you have been vectored directly to the final approach fix (bypassing the IAF), you can manually "skip ahead" to the final approach fix as your next active to waypoint.

#### To perform an on-route direct-to from the active route page:

- 1. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight the desired waypoint.
- 2. Press → , followed by to confirm the 'ok?' prompt on the waypoint confirmation page.

The GNC 300XL will now provide guidance to the selected waypoint and resume navigating the remainder of the route in sequence once you arrive at the next destination waypoint. The **waypoint sequencing field**, located at the bottom left of the direct-to confirmation page, indicates the current status of the waypoint sequencing (GPS SEQ) switch. For more information on the waypoint sequencing switch and waypoint 'hold' operations, see Section 6.

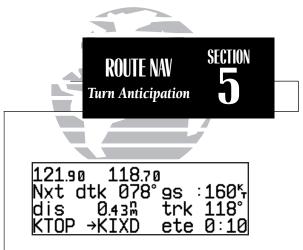
During route operations, the CDI page is used to provide turn anticipation, next desired track and waypoint arrival information to the pilot. The GNC 300XI's **turn anticipation feature** will smooth out the transition between adjacent route legs by providing CDI guidance along a curved path segment. This leg transition is based on the aircraft's actual ground speed and the difference between the course angle of the two legs. The GNC 300XL will automatically sequence to the next leg when you are abeam the 'active to' waypoint on the curved transition segment, and the to/from indicator on the CDI will flip momentarily. During the transition, the CDI display will be referenced to the dotted line illustrated at the right. Turn anticipation will not be provided in the following scenarios:

- Waypoint/fix crossing is a requirement of the approach, SID or STAR you're navigating.
- The GPS SEQ switch is in the HOLD position.
- Your current ground speed and the course angle between the two legs require a bank angle greater than 25° (see right).

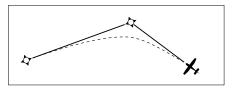
As you approach a route waypoint, the GNC 300XI's external waypoint annunciator will flash 15 seconds before the turn anticipation point, and the graphical CDI on the CDI page will be replaced by a flashing 'Next dtk xxx<sup>o</sup>' prompt (and the desired track readout on the map page will flash), indicating the desired track of the next route leg.

To use the turn anticipation feature, note the 'Nxt dtk' heading when the external waypoint annunciator begins to flash, and start the turn when the annunciator glows steadily (approximately 2 seconds before the turn anticipation point). Once you've reached the turn anticipation point, the desired track (dtk) field on the CDI page will change to display the course for the next leg. If you have not adjusted your HSI course selector before the turn, the 'Next dtk' will continue to flash until you have reached the midpoint of the turn. Please refer to your aircraft flight manual supplement for specific turn anticipation instructions.

Since the **approach select**, **STAR select and SID select pages** relate to the GNC 300XI's approach features, these pages and their functions are described in Section 6.



As you approach a route waypoint, the graphical CDI will be replaced by a flashing 'Next dtk xxx" prompt indicating the desired track of the next leg. When using the map page, the desired track readout will flash and indicate the dtk for the next leg.



If the turn angle and your present speed will require a bank angle that exceeds 25°, you'll be notified with a 'Steep turn ahead' message approximately 90 seconds before arrival at the active to waypoint.



Once an approach is selected, the GNC 300XL will replace the destination airport with the appropriate approach waypoints. The initial approach fix, final approach fix and missed approach point waypoints are indicated by an 'if', 'ff' and 'mp' designation to the immediate left of the waypoints.

In many instances, there may be approach waypoints in the GPS approach that are not shown on the approach plate. These approach waypoints are usually intermediate fixes designed to help the GPS provide smooth navigation along the approach path.

# Section 6 Approaches, SIDs and STARs

The GNC 300XL's approach navigation mode allows you to fly non-precision approaches to airports with GPS and overlay procedures using information contained on your Jeppesen NavData<sup>®</sup> card. GPS approaches are similar to existing IFR approach procedures, but provide additional course and distance information for a higher level of accuracy, efficiency and safety. The non-precision approaches available in the GNC 300XL are executed using the GPS route features covered in Section 5, so it's important to understand routes before attempting approach navigation. A **GPS approach** is a sequence of waypoints linked together as an approach route which replaces your destination airport waypoint when selected. It may be based on an existing RNAV, VOR or NDB approach procedure, or be an entirely new approach created specifically for GPS. Regardless of the type of approach on which a GPS procedure is based, the procedure is flown as a sequence of route legs in the active route.

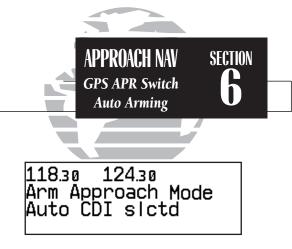
The GNC 300XI's **auto-arming** feature provides automatic control of the two phases of approach operations: **arm approach** and **active approach**. The arm approach phase consists of selecting an approach from the database and ensuring that the receiver is ready to begin the tighter integrity monitoring and CDI adjustment required for approach navigation. The active approach phase tightens the accuracy requirements and sensitivity one step further to meet TSO standards for the non-precision approach. Auto-arming of the approach will occur once you are within 30 nm of the destination airport, and will be indicated by an 'ARM' message on the external GPS APR switch. The approach will then transition to the active phase when the aircraft is within 2 nm of the FAF along the inbound course to the final approach fix. The GNC 300XL works in conjunction with a set of external switches and your HSI (OBS) to fly GPS approaches. The external switches are used to control GPS functions, and contain illuminated annunciators to indicate when functions are active. Your installation must also have annunciators for waypoint arrival and GPS messages.



The **NAV/GPS switch** determines which data (GPS or NAV1) will be displayed on the HSI and used by the autopilot/flight director. The current selection will be indicated by an annunciator light. If power to the GNC 300XL is lost, the system will automatically revert to NAV1.

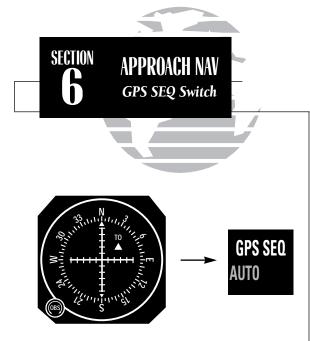


The **GPS APR switch** is used to arm or deactivate an approach, and indicates the current approach phase status ('ARM' or 'ACTV'). The GNC 300XL will automatically arm a selected approach 30 nm from the airport. If the pilot wishes to terminate the approach or fly the missed approach, the GPS APR switch may be pressed to disarm/deactivate the approach at any time and return the CDI scale sensitivity to the 1.0 nm setting. The GPS APR switch may also be used to re-arm the approach at any time before reaching the FAF. If the selected approach is disarmed before the FAF, the unit will prompt you to re-arm the approach 3 nm before the final approach fix.



#### Arm Approach Mode

The external GPS APR switch will automatically be set to the ARM position 30 nm from the destination airport. Once the approach is armed, the unit will provide a smooth transition from the 5.0 to 1.0 nautical mile CDI scale, and down to 0.3 nm within 2 nm inbound to the FAF. If the approach is manually disarmed, it may be re-armed at any time (before reaching the FAF) by pressing the GPS APR switch.



Always set the desired course on the HSI (OBS) BEFORE returning the GPS SEQ switch to the 'AUTO' position.

# GPS SEQ Auto



The **GPS SEQ switch** is used to select manual or automatic waypoint sequencing of waypoints. Setting the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position holds your current 'active to' waypoint as your navigation reference and prevents the GPS from sequencing to the next waypoint. When the GPS SEQ switch is set to the AUTO position, automatic waypoint sequencing is selected. Whenever the GPS SEQ switch is engaged, the HOLD annunciator will illuminate and the GPS will continue navigating to the active-to waypoint regardless of your position relative to other waypoints.

The GPS SEQ switch must be set to the HOLD position any time you are deviating from the flight sequence of an approach (e.g., when you are flying radar vectors) or when you must cross the same waypoint twice in succession (e.g., procedure turn, IAF and FAF at the same waypoint). Whenever the GPS SEQ switch is set to the HOLD position, the GNC 300XL allows you to select the desired course to/from a waypoint using the HSI, much like a VOR.

Whenever the GPS SEQ switch is released from the HOLD position, the GNC 300XL will 'capture' the present HSI setting as your desired course. Always dial in your next desired course before returning the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position. The GPS SEQ switch may be released from the HOLD position 2 seconds after the inbound course has been set. The GNC 300XL will continue navigation on the last selected course through the active-to waypoint and sequence to the next approach waypoint.

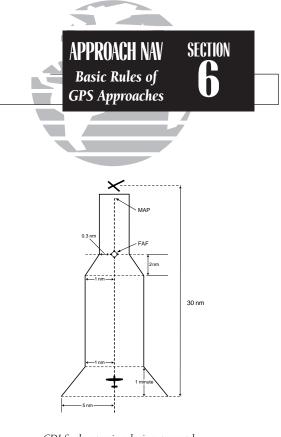
#### **Basic Rules of GPS Approaches**

The GNC 300XL is the first GPS/COM certified to meet the requirements of TSO C-129a Category A1. When using the GNC 300XL for non-precision approaches, you'll encounter two types of approaches: overlay approaches (based on existing procedures) and GPS approaches (new approaches designed specifically for GPS). The FAA has approved a large number of overlay approaches, with plans to add as many GPS approaches as possible to take advantage of the safety and convenience of GPS.

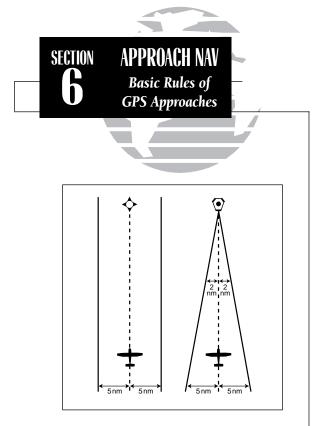
Flying a GPS approach is not difficult, and varies from conventional approaches only in the operation of the equipment being used. Although you'll often be following the same flight path used in conventional approaches, the equipment operation procedures will be different from typical NDB or VOR approaches.

The following definitions, guidelines and examples that follow will help you understand the basic rules of GPS approaches, and guide you through some typical approaches. Think through the approach examples— this will assist you in getting the greatest benefit from the GNC 300XL. There are a few basic rules that apply to all GPS approaches. Remembering these rules will assist you in understanding the approach procedures and ensure the greatest margin of safety for your flight.

- The approach to be flown must be in the aviation database, and the database must be current.
- You may select an approach any time after the destination airport is selected. If the GPS APR switch does not indicate an 'ARM' status within 2 nm inbound to the final approach fix, you run the risk of flying a non-approved approach.
- When performing an approach, the GPS SEQ switch must be set to the AUTO position with the FAF as the active to waypoint for the approach to go active. If the switch has not been set to the AUTO position 2 nm before the FAF, the CDI scale transition will be compressed, making the CDI change more abrupt. *(continued on the next page...)*



CDI Scale ramping during approach.



Unlike a VOR, GPS CDI deflection is based on the cross-track distance to the desired course, regard-less of how far away you are from the destination.

- If you cross the same waypoint twice in succession during an approach (e.g., the IAF and FAF at the same waypoint, or radar vectors to the FAF), you must set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position **prior** to crossing the fix the first time to prevent the GPS from sequencing to the next waypoint.
- During a GPS approach, keep in mind that your external HSI will display the same CDI needle deflection and scale as the CDI on the GNC 300XL, which will transition from 5.0 to 0.3 nm through the approach. Also note that unlike a VOR CDI, the GPS CDI scale is based on the **cross-track distance** to the desired course (the distance to the reference waypoint does not have an effect on the CDI scale, see illustration left).
- The HSI course select should always be set 2 seconds **before** changing the GPS SEQ from HOLD to AUTO to ensure the desired course to the next waypoint is settled prior to use by the GPS and give the autopilot sufficient time to react to the heading change.
- GPS always displays distance from the currently active waypoint. When determining distance along the approach, use caution to determine the correct distance from the approach chart.
- RAIM must be available (the GNC 300XL automatically monitors RAIM, and will display a message if it is not available) from the FAF to the MAP. If RAIM is not available or becomes unavailable during this leg, the HSI NAV flag will appear, and you must fly the missed approach procedure.
- When flying a missed approach, SID or STAR, you must fly all published procedures and ensure that all printed course and altitude restraints are achieved.
- If you are off course to the MAP waypoint and use a direct-to to re-center the d-bar, the active approach will be cancelled.
- SUA alerts are disabled when an approach is selected and armed and the aircraft is less than 30 nm from the destination airport. SUA information is still available from the NRST key at all times.

# **Flying A Typical Approach**

The non-precision approaches available from the GNC 300XL will all follow the same general flow of events described below. Specific details and instructions relating to each step, along with several approach examples are provided later in this chapter.

# 1. Create a direct-to or route with an airport as the final destination

To save time during your flight, you may wish to create a route and select an approach before takeoff using the route catalog page.

## 2. Select an approach for the destination airport

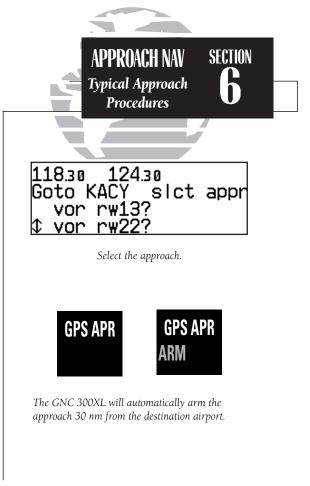
An approach may be selected at any time, but must be loaded before reaching the final approach fix. Once an approach is selected, the approach waypoints will replace the destination airport and the GNC 300XL will provide navigation to the Initial Approach Fix.

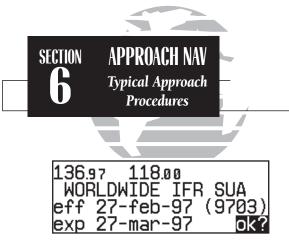
# 3. Transition to the Arm Approach Phase

The GNC 300XL will automatically arm the approach 30 nm from the destination airport. The CDI scale will begin to ramp down from the 5.0 nm to the 1.0 nm scale, and the GPS APR annunciator will indicate an 'ARM' status.

# 4. Establish yourself on the final approach course

- a. No procedure turn approach- no special requirements
- b. Radar vectors- requires use of GPS SEQ switch to hold on designated approach waypoint
- c. Procedure turn- requires use of GPS SEQ switch to hold on active waypoint
- d. DME arc- requires use of position page to monitor distance from reference waypoint
- (continued on the next page ...)





GPS approaches must be in the current aviation database to be approved.

# 118.30 124.30 No RAIM FAF to MAP

TSO C-129a requires that satellite coverage and navigational accuracy provided by the GPS system meet minimum standards. A 'No RAIM from FAF to MAP' message will appear if RAIM is predicted to be unavailable for an approach. If you receive a RAIM message, continue the approach ONLY if the ACTV annunciator remains illuminated to the MAP. If the ACTV annunciator does not stay illuminated, your HSI NAV flag will appear, and you must fly the missed approach procedure.

# 5. Transition to Active Approach Phase

The approach will automatically transition to the active approach stage and the GPS APR annunciator will indicate an 'ACTV' status if the following conditions are met:

- a. The approach is armed
- b. The aircraft is 2 nm from the FAF on an inbound course
- c. The GPS SEQ switch is set to the 'AUTO' position
- d. The FAF is the active-to waypoint
- e. The GNC 300XL confirms that integrity monitoring will be available to complete the approach

Once the active approach phase begins, the CDI scale will begin to gradually transition from the 1.0 nm scale to the 0.3 nm scale, and remain at the 0.3 nm scale from the FAF to the MAP unless the approach is cancelled by pressing the external GPS APR switch, setting the GPS SEQ switch to 'HOLD' or by initiating a direct-to operation.

**WARNING:** You are not authorized to fly the final portion of the approach unless the external GPS APR annunciator indicates an 'ACTV' status.

# 6. Missed Approach Procedure

The GNC 300XI's automatic waypoint sequencing stops at the missed approach point. Once you have crossed the MAP, the GNC 300XL will give you the option of flying direct to the missed approach holding point:

- a. Press the GPS APR switch to return the CDI to the 1.0 nm scale.
- b. AFTER crossing the MAP, press **P**, followed by **ENT** to fly directly to the missed approach holding point.

**WARNING!** A direct course to the missed approach holding point may not correspond to the published missed approach procedure. Always fly all published procedures before selecting the holding fix on the GPS.

# Selecting and Loading an Approach

When an arrival airport is selected with the direct-to key (or created and activated in a route to the arrival airport), the approaches for your arrival airport become available through the **approach select page**, which can be viewed by pressing **ore** and rotating the outer knob. Remember that an airport must be the last waypoint in a route to select an approach.

#### To select an approach:

- 1. Select the destination airport using the ➡ key, or create and activate a route to the destination airport (see Section 5).
- 2. Press and rotate 🔘 to display the approach select page.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 (or 🔘 with the cursor active) to display the desired approach procedure.
- 4. Press CRSR twice (if necessary) and rotate 🔘 until the desired approach is highlighted.
- 5. Press **ENT** to select the approach.

If an approach procedure has more than one Initial Approach Fix (IAF), you'll need to select the desired IAF identifier for your approach.

#### To select an IAF:

1. Rotate 🔘 until the desired IAF is highlighted.

2. Press Ent

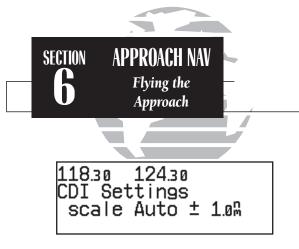
Once the IAF is selected, the approach waypoints will be inserted into Route 0, replacing the destination airport, and the active route page will be displayed. To review the active route, rotate the knob. The scrolling arrow prompt will indicate which direction to scroll to view additional waypoints, while the 'if', 'ff' and 'mp' designators will indicate the IAF, FAF and MAP respectively.



Select the Initial Approach Fix.



Once the approach is loaded, the active route page will appear.



The GPS APR switch will indicate 'ARM' when the approach is armed. This will begin automatic CDI scale transitioning from 5.0 nm to 1.0 nm as you make your way to the FAE



The 'Next dtk' prompt will flash to indicate the desired course for the leg of the approach route. Set the HSI course select to the next dtk value when the waypoint annunciator starts flashing.

When the aircraft is within 30 nautical miles of the destination airport, the GNC 300XL will automatically arm the approach, and the GPS APR switch will indicate an 'ARM' status.

#### To fly the GPS approach (without radar vectors):

- Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ARM' status. The CDI scale will begin a steady transition from the 5.0 nm to the 1.0 nm scale as you make your way to the FAF. If the approach has been disarmed and the aircraft is within 3 nm of the FAF, the GNC 300XL will prompt you to re-arm the approach.
- 2. The GNC 300XL will automatically sequence to each waypoint in the approach, with CDI, course and timing guidance to each waypoint. For each waypoint in the approach, the GNC 300XL's turn anticipation and waypoint alerting features will provide three pilot cues:
  - a. The waypoint annunciator will flash approximately 15 seconds before reaching the turning point for each approach waypoint, and glow steadily approximately 2 seconds prior to the turn anticipation point.
  - b. The 'Next dtk' prompt will flash in the CDI field when the 'WPT' annunciator begins flashing. Set the HSI course select to the next dtk value when the waypoint annunciator starts flashing. Start the turn when the annunciator glows steadily.
  - c. The To/From indicator flag on the GPS CDI will flip momentarily to indicate you have transitioned to the next approach leg.

For more information on turn anticipation and waypoint alerting, please refer to Section 5.

- 3. If a procedure turn is required:
  - a. 2 miles prior to crossing the waypoint outbound, set the GPS SEQ switch to HOLD. b. At the waypoint, set the outbound course on the HSI.
  - c. Fly the procedure turn. After the procedure turn outbound, set the inbound course on the HSI.
  - d. On the inbound intercept to the final course, fly to center the CDI. *(continued on next page)*

- e. Set the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position. The GNC 300XL will resume automatic waypoint sequencing for the remaining approach waypoints.
- 4. Once the aircraft is within 2 nm of the FAF (and the approach is armed), the 'ACTV' annunciator will illuminate and the CDI scale will ramp down to 0.3 nm.

**NOTE:** If the ACTV annunciator does not illuminate, do not descend after crossing the FAF and fly all published missed approach procedures.

5. Upon reaching the FAF, the GNC 300XL will automatically sequence to the MAP waypoint.

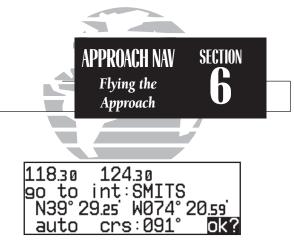
# To fly a missed approach procedure:

If an approach is terminated, the GNC 300XL may be used to navigate to the missed approach holding point using one of the following procedures.

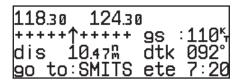
**NOTE**: To comply with TSO specifications, the GNC 300XL will not automatically sequence to the missed approach holding point. The missed approach holding point will be displayed as the next available waypoint, which the pilot may activate when authorized. You must fly all published missed approach procedures before selecting the missed approach holding point on the GPS. If you want to disarm the approach and return the CDI scale to the 1 nm sensitivity, press the GPS APR switch.

# If the approach procedure permits navigation direct from the MAP to the missed approach holding point:

- 1. After the MAP has been crossed, press the → key. The GNC 300XL will automatically display the first waypoint of the missed approach as the next approach waypoint.
- 2. Press ENT to confirm the destination. The GNC 300XL will provide a direct navigation course to the waypoint.



After crossing the MAP, press the Press the After crossing the MAP, press the play the missed approach holding point.



If you have clearance directly to the holding point, press even. You must fly all published missed approach procedures before navigating to the holding point.



Select the waypoint you have clearance to on the active route page and press .



Confirm the starting waypoint for the next attempt by pressing

If you're not authorized to fly direct-to the missed approach holding point:

1. After the MAP has been crossed, press the ➡> key. The GNC 300XL will automatically display the first waypoint of the missed approach procedure as the next approach waypoint.

2. Press **ENT** to confirm the destination.

3. Stop automatic waypoint sequencing by setting the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position.

- 4. Fly the missed approach procedure. Remember to select the desired inbound course to the missed approach holding point before setting the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position.
- 5. Set the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position for navigation to the missed approach holding point.

After a missed approach, the GNC 300XL will allow you to repeat the same approach procedure and select the approach waypoint to which you have been cleared as the next active to waypoint. Before reactivating the approach, make sure you fly all published missed approach procedures.

#### To reactivate the same approach for another attempt:

1. Press the RTE key and rotate 🔘 to select the active route page.

- 2. Press ensure twice and rotate O to place the cursor over the identifier of the approach waypoint to which you have been given clearance.
- 3. Press the even key, followed by even. The GNC 300XL will provide navigation for the repeat approach, starting with the approach waypoint you have selected.

The GNC 300XIs **approach select page** allows you to review the available approach procedures at the destination airport. From the procedures list, you may select and activate a new procedure on the fly. The active approach is indicated by an on-screen asterisk, and the scrolling arrow prompt indicates which direction to scroll to view additional procedures.

# To select or replace a procedure from the approach select page:

- 1. Press the RTE key and rotate 🔘 until the approach select page appears.
- 2. To review all available procedures, rotate (). "UNKN" (unknown) is displayed on the approach select page when the unit software does not how to display a new approach type in the database. DO NOT USE THIS APPROACH TYPE.
- 3. To select a procedure, press **CRSR** twice and rotate O to highlight the desired procedure.
- 4. Press ENT. If there are multiple IAFs for the selected approach, rotate 🔘 to select the desired IAF and press ENT.

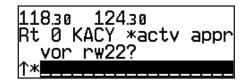
You may also replace or delete the active approach from the route catalog page.

# To replace or delete an approach from the route catalog page:

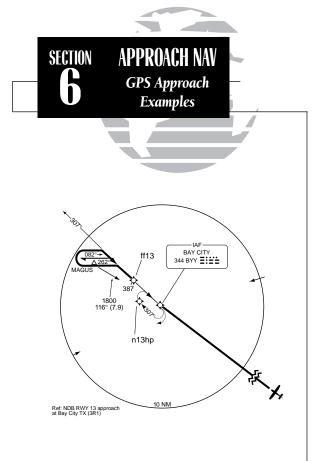
- 1. Press the RTE key and rotate 🔘 until the route catalog page appears.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until the 'approach?' prompt appears. Press
- 3. To replace the active approach procedure, rotate 🔘 to highlight the desired procedure and press ext. If there are multiple IAFs for the selected approach, rotate 🔘 to select the desired IAF and press ext.
- 4. To delete the active approach (denoted by an asterisk), highlight the approach and press







The Approach Select Page after deleting the active approach. If direct-to navigation to a SID/STAR/Approach waypoint is active when the procedure is deleted, the direct-to waypoint will be retained as an "off route" destination.



# **GPS APPROACH EXAMPLES**

In the examples that follow, the GPS waypoints are shown along the approach path. In some cases, intermediate database waypoints have been added to approaches. These waypoints are named using lower case letters using the following convention (the most common database waypoints are defined below). Note that these waypoints are not charted on NOS approach plates. They do appear on current Jeppesen approach charts.

• dyyyj—	DME arc waypoint where yyy is the radial from the reference facility (VOR) and j represents the arc radius (e.g., "a"= 1 nm, "b"= 2 nm, etc.)
• cfxx or cfxxx—	course fix for runway xx or radial xxx
• ffxx or ffxxx—	final approach fix for runway xx or radial xxx
• rwxx—	runway xx threshold
• nxxhp—	NDB approach runway xx intermediate holding pattern waypoint
• maxx or maxxx-	- missed approach point for runway xx or radial xxx
• vxxhp—	VOR approach runway xx intermediate holding pattern waypoint

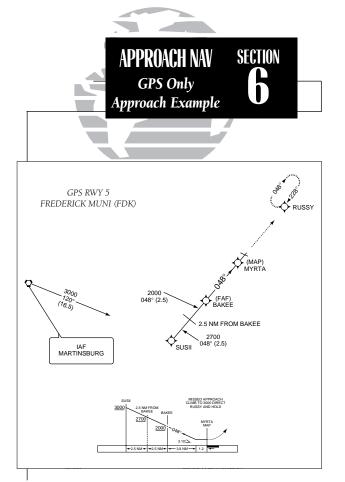
# EXAMPLE 1— GPS ONLY APPROACH

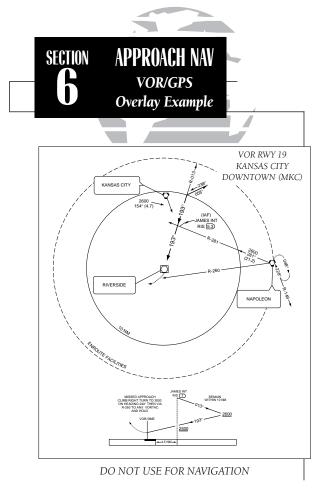
Example 1 uses the GPS approach into Frederick Municipal Airport (KFDK) and illustrates the basic sequence of selecting and flying a GPS approach, and flying directly to a missed approach holding point. Please refer to the previous sections of this chapter for expanded keystroke instructions.

- 1. Select the destination airport (KFDK) using the extension are a route to the destination airport.
- 2. Select the desired approach (GPS RW05) from the approach select page. The GNC 300XL will automatically select MRB as the IAF since it is the only IAF available.
- 3. Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ARM' status 30 nm from the airport. The CDI will automatically begin a smooth transition from the 5.0 nm to the 1.0 nm scale.
- 4. Fly the approach. The GPS will provide navigation to each approach waypoint in sequence:
  - MRB (initial approach fix)
  - SUSII
  - BAKEE (final approach fix)
  - MYRTA (missed approach point)
  - RUSSY (missed approach holding point)
- 5. Set the HSI course to DTK at each waypoint. Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ACTV' status within 2 nm of the FAF (BAKEE). The CDI will automatically transition from the 1.0 nm to 0.3 nm scale as you approach the FAF, and the unit will warn you if RAIM is not available for your approach.

6. Complete the approach by landing or perform the missed approach procedure.

7. For direct navigation guidance to the missed approach holding point (RUSSY), press of followed by EVT after crossing the MAP (MYRTA).





# EXAMPLE 2 – VOR/GPS OVERLAY APPROACH

Example 2 uses the VOR/GPS RWY 19 approach into Kansas City Downtown Airport (KMKC) from the south and illustrates an approach with a procedure turn, which requires the pilot to set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position prior to crossing the IAF the first time. This example also illustrates the procedures required when direct navigation to the missed approach holding point is not available.

- 1. Select the VOR/GPS RW19 approach and confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ARM' approach status.
- 2. Fly towards the IAF (JAMES) of the approach.
- Two nautical miles *before* crossing the IAF, set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position. This prevents the GNC 300XL from automatically sequencing to the MAP (Riverside) before the required procedure turn is completed.
- 4. After crossing the IAF, set the  $013^{\circ}$  outbound course on the HSI.
- 5. Initiate the procedure turn and set the 193° inbound course on the HSI. As you turn to the inbound intercept heading, set the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position. The GPS SEQ switch must be set to the AUTO position for the approach to go active.
- 6. Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ACTV' approach status within 2 nm of the FAF. Complete the approach by landing, or follow the missed approach procedure.
- 7. To fly the missed approach procedure, cross the MAP (Riverside), climb to 3000 feet via heading 240° and press ->> followed by Evr. This will select the missed approach holding point (ANX) as your 'active to' waypoint.
- 8. Since direct navigation to the holding waypoint is not authorized, set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position to prevent automatic waypoint sequencing.
- 9. Set the HSI to the 080° heading and turn left to intercept the inbound course to the holding point.

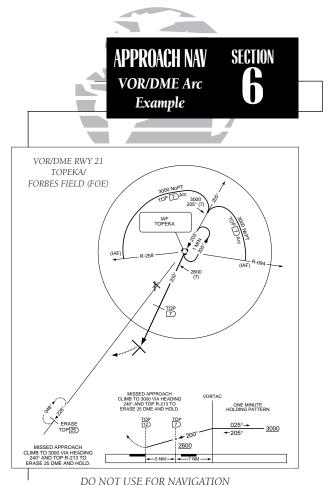
# EXAMPLE 3 – VOR/DME ARC OVERLAY APPROACH

Example 3 uses the VOR/DME RWY 21 approach into Topeka/Forbes Field Airport (KFOE) and illustrates an approach based on a DME arc. Although DME arc approaches are not based on a direct course, the GNC 300XL will still provide approach navigation guidance through the arc by constantly displaying your distance and bearing from the DME reference navaid on the **position page**. To fly the arc, monitor the distance displayed on the position page and manually adjust your heading to maintain the course along the arc. When flying a DME arc, the GPS SEQ switch must be set to the HOLD position to ensure proper CDI operation.

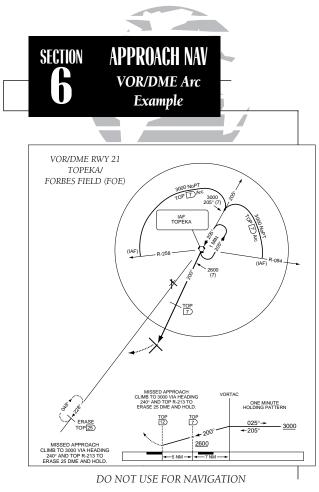
- 1. Select the VOR RW21 approach and select the D094G initial approach fix to fly the left hand arc from the 094° radial. Thirty nautical miles from the airport, confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ARM' status.
- 2. Fly towards the IAF (D094G). The GPS WPT annunciator will flash 15 seconds before you reach the waypoint.
- 3. After crossing the IAF, set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position.
- 4. Set the desired inbound course (205°) on the CDI/HSI.

118.30 12	4.30	
alt 1080 N39°07.260	f prs:	30.03
N39° 07.260	W095°	24.099
<u>fwpt:TOP</u>	<u> </u>	6.94m

5. Press and rotate to to display the position page. The position page will display the DME navaid as the reference waypoint (on the bottom line) as long as your 'active to' waypoint is part of the DME arc you are flying.

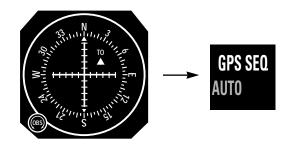


(continued on next page)



6. Monitor your distance and bearing from the DME navaid along the arc.

7. The external CDI course deviation needle will begin to center as you approach the inbound course. The GPS WPT annunciator will flash 15 seconds before reaching the course fix, and the desired track for the final approach will appear in place of the graphic CDI.



- 8. Dial in the final course (200°) on the HSI and set the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position. Automatic waypoint sequencing will resume for the rest of the approach. Locate the step down fix by monitoring the distance to the MAP as shown on the profile view of the approach plate. Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ACTV' status 2 nm from the FAF.
- 9. To fly the missed approach procedure, cross the MAP and climb to 3000 feet via heading 240°.
- 10. Press er, followed by ENT. This will select the missed approach holding point (ERASE) as your 'active to' waypoint.
- 11. Place the procedure on HOLD by pressing the GPS SEQ switch.
- 12. Set the HSI to the 213° course, fly until the CDI is centered and enter the holding pattern.

# EXAMPLE 4— RADAR VECTORS TO FINAL APPROACH COURSE

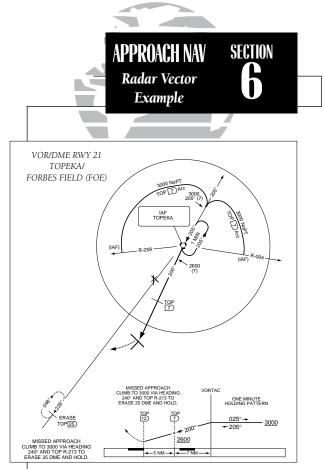
Example 4 uses the same VOR/DME RWY 21 approach into Topeka/Forbes Field Airport (KFOE) used in Example 3 and illustrates an approach using radar vectors to a point 3 miles out from the final approach fix. To fly a radar vector approach, you must still select a desired approach and IAF from the database and set the GPS SEQ switch to HOLD while you fly the vectors to the active approach waypoint. To accommodate radar vectors, the GNC 300XL allows manual selection of any approach waypoint as the destination waypoint.

1. Select the desired approach and initial approach fix. Thirty nautical miles from the airport, confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ARM' status.

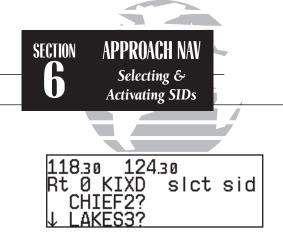
- 2. When you are advised by the controller that you will be receiving radar vectors to the final approach course:
  - Activate the final approach fix waypoint from the active route page:

a. Press the RTE key and rotate 🔘 until the active route page appears.

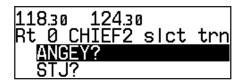
- b. Rotate 🔘 until 'ff21' is displayed.
- c. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor.
- d. Rotate 🔘 until 'ff21' is highlighted.
- e. Press ➡►, followed by ■T
- Set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position.
- 3. Set the 200° inbound course on the HSI. As the CDI needle begins to center to the final approach course, set the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position.
- 4. Confirm that the GPS APR switch indicates an 'ACTV' status 2 nm from the FAF. Complete the approach by landing or perform the missed approach procedure.



DO NOT USE FOR NAVIGATION



Selecting a SID.



Selecting a SID transition.

The Jeppesen database used in the GNC 300XL features **standard terminal** *arrival routes* (STARs) and *standard instrument departures* (SIDs) that may be placed into any active or stored route.

Available SIDs may be selected for the departure airport at any time in the active route as long as the departure airport is the first route waypoint and the route contains more than one waypoint. SIDs may be selected for the nearest airport when the first route waypoint is not an airport or the route contains less than two waypoints. Activating a SID will modify the waypoint sequence of Route 0. If you'd like to save the contents of Route 0, be sure to copy it to an empty storage route first.

#### To select and activate a SID:



2. With the cursor inactive, rotate 🔘 until the desired SID name appears.

- 3. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 until the SID name is highlighted.
- 4. Press **ENT**. The SID waypoints will be inserted in the route.

If a SID has more than one runway or transition, the SID select page will display the available runway designations and/or transitions.

# To select a transition:

1. Rotate 🔘 until the transition name is highlighted and press

# To select a runway:

1. Rotate 🔘 until the runway designation name is highlighted and press

The SID select page also allows you to review all the available SIDs for the departure airport and select, delete or change the active SID.

# To replace/delete the active SID:

- 1. Press **RTE** and rotate O until the SID select page appears.
- 2. Press CRSR twice. The active SID (denoted by an asterisk) is highlighted.
- 3. To replace the active SID with another available SID, rotate 🔘 to highlight the desired SID. Complete the selection by pressing **EVT**.
- 4. To delete the active SID, press **CLR**, followed by **EXT**. The SID waypoints will be removed from the active route.

SIDs can also be selected and deleted from storage routes through the Route Catalog page.

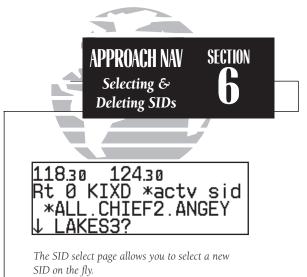
# To select a SID from the route catalog page:

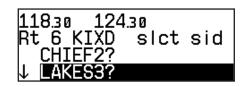
- 1. Display the desired route on the route catalog page.
- 2. Select 'sid?' in the route operations field and press
- 3. Select the desired SID and transitions.
- 4. The SID waypoints will be inserted into the route and the route review page will be displayed.

# To delete a SID from the route catalog page:

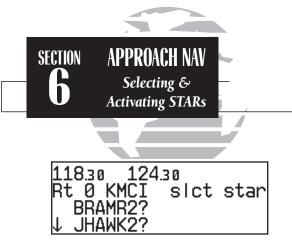
- 1. Display the desired route on the route catalog page.
- 2. Select 'sid?' in the route operations field and press

3. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the selected SID (denoted by an asterisk). Press 💶, then ENT

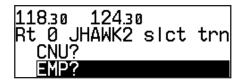




SIDs may be saved with any stored route.



Selecting a STAR.



Selecting a STAR transition.

Standard Terminal Arrival Routes (STARs) used in the GNC 300XL are selected and activated with the same procedures as SIDs. Available STARs may be selected for the destination airport at any time in the active route as long as the destination airport is the last waypoint in the active route or the direct-to waypoint. Activating a STAR will modify the sequence of waypoints in Route 0. If you'd like to save the contents of Route 0, be sure to copy it to an empty storage route first.

#### To select and activate a STAR:

1. Press and rotate 🔘 until the STAR select page appears.

2. Press CRSR and rotate 🔘 until the desired STAR is highlighted.

3. Press ENT . The STAR waypoints will be inserted in the route.

If a STAR has more than one transition or runway, the STAR select page will display the transitions and/or runway designations available.

#### To select a transition:

1. Rotate 🔘 until the desired transition is highlighted and press **ENT**.

#### To select a runway:

1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  until the runway designation is highlighted and press

The STAR select page also allows you to review all available STARs for the destination airport and select, delete or change the active STAR.

#### To replace/delete a STAR:

- 1. Press and rotate O until the STAR select page appears.
- 2. Press **CRSR** twice. The active STAR (denoted by an asterisk) is highlighted.
- 3. To replace the active STAR with another available STAR, rotate O to highlight the desired STAR. Complete the selection by pressing
- 4. To delete the active STAR, press **CLR**, followed by **ENT**. The STAR waypoints will be removed from the active route

STARs can also be selected and deleted from storage routes through the route catalog page.

#### To select a STAR from the route catalog page:

- 1. Display the desired route on the route catalog page.
- 2. Select 'star?' in the route operations field and press
- 3. Select the desired STAR and transitions.
- 4. The STAR waypoints will be inserted into the route and the route review page will be displayed.

### To delete a STAR from the route catalog page:

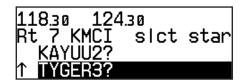
- 1. Display the desired route on the route catalog page.
- 2. Select 'star?' in the route operations field and press
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to highlight the selected STAR (denoted by an asterisk). Press **CLR** followed



by **ENT**. The STAR waypoints will be deleted from the route.

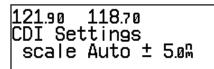


Deleting the active STAR.



STARs may be saved in any storage route.





To access the settings submenu pages, press and hold the week key for two seconds. The GNC 300XL will return to the last submenu viewed the next time you access the unit settings.

### Section 7 Messages and Unit Settings

The GNC 300XL's uses key provides access to system messages and allows you to customize the unit to your own preferences through a settings submenu. Whenever the GNC 300XL needs to alert you to a navigation, communication or system message, the annunciator light () next to the set key will flash. Some messages are advisory in nature (e.g., the arrival and countdown alarms), while others may require your immediate attention (e.g., a stuck microphone message). For a complete list of GNC 300XL messages, please see Appendix D.

## To view a message, press s. Press again to return to the previous page.

The GNC 300XL's settings submenu is also accessed from the MSG key.

To view the settings submenu, press and hold seconds.

Once the settings submenu has been accessed, the following setup pages are available by rotating  $\bigcirc$  with the cursor inactive:

- Map page settings
- Nearest airport search
- Battery saver
- Backlighting settings
- Navigation units
- Map datums

- CDI scale settings
- Mag. var./arrival alarm settings
- Display screen settings
- Trip timer settings
- SUA settings
- I/O Settings (channel 2 only)

The GNC 300XIs map page is designed to be a flexible tool that can be customtailored to your navigation needs. The **map setup page** provides access to many of the features and functions that will help you configure the map page to your own preferences. From the map setup page you can set the map orientation, automatic zoom, and specify which waypoints and airspace boundaries you wish to display.

The map orientation setting allows you to orient the top of the map display to your current ground track ('trk up'), fix the top of the map to north like a paper chart ('nrth up') or set the top of the map along your desired track ('dtk up').

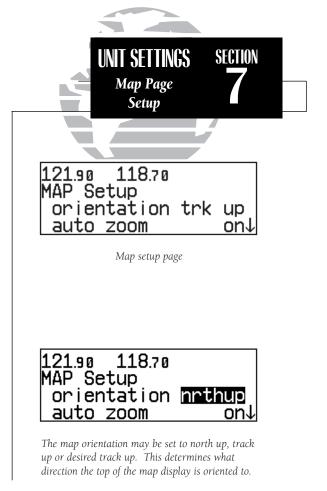
#### To change the map orientation:

- 1. Press and hold Msg , then rotate 🔘 to select the 'MAP Setup' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice to highlight the orientation field.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select 'trk up', 'dtk up' or 'nrth up'.

The automatic zoom feature will automatically adjust the map display scale during your flight. Starting at an en route scale of 300 (nautical miles, statute miles or kilometers) the scale will adjust through each lower scale, stopping at a scale of 1 as you approach your destination waypoint.

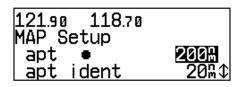
#### To turn the automatic zoom feature on or off:

- 1. Press and hold Msg , then rotate 🔘 to select the 'MAP Setup' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight the 'auto zoom' field.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select 'on' or 'off'.





The automatic zoom feature will automatically adjust the map display through progressively lower scale settings as you approach your destination waypoint.



A scale setting of '200' for airports will display airport locations on the map display for all scales from '200' on down. Airports will not appear on the map display at a scale setting of '300'. The map setup page also allows you to control whether or not the various waypoint types and the identifiers for these waypoints are displayed. Settings for each waypoint type allow you to select the maximum scale at which that feature should be displayed, or you may turn that waypoint type off for all scales. For example, by setting 'VOR' at 80, VOR waypoints will appear on the map display at all scales from 80 on down, but not at 120, 200 or 300.

#### To display airports, navaids and/or user waypoints:

- 1. Press and hold Msg , then rotate 🔘 to display the 'MAP Setup' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight 'apt', 'vor', 'ndb', 'int' or 'user'.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select the maximum map scale for that waypoint type, or select 'off' to disable the waypoint type entirely.

#### To display waypoint identifiers:

- 1. Press and hold Msg, then rotate 🔘 to display the 'MAP Setup' page.
- 2. Press **CRSB** twice and rotate () to highlight 'apt ident', 'vor ident', 'ndb ident', 'int ident', or 'user ident'.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select the maximum map scale for that waypoint category, or select 'off' to disable the waypoint identifiers.

The boundaries for airspaces that appear on the map display may be enabled or disabled by airspace type. As described above for waypoints, you select the maximum scale at which the airspace should appear or turn the airspace type off entirely. Airspace categories for Class B/CTA, Class C/TMA, MOA, restricted and other SUAs are provided. 'Other sua' includes alert, caution, danger, training and warning areas.

#### To enable/disable airspace boundaries on the map:

- 1. Press and hold Msg, then rotate O to select the 'MAP Setup' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and rotate O to highlight 'class B/cta', 'class C/tma', 'moa', 'restricted' or 'other sua'.
- 3. Rotate () to select the maximum map scale for the designated airspace type, or select 'off' to never display.

The next page under the settings submenu is the **CDI settings page**, which allows you to define the scale of the GNC 300XI's course deviation indicator.

#### To change the CDI scale:

1. Press and hold Msg, and rotate O to select the 'CDI Settings' page.

2. Press CRSR twice and rotate () to select 'Auto', '+5.0 nm', '+1.0 nm' or '+0.3 nm'.

3. Rotate () to highlight 'ok?' and press **ENT** to approve. (Note: the selected CDI scale will not take effect until approved.)

The scale values represent full scale deflection of the CDI to either side. The default setting is 'Auto'. The 'Auto' setting will start the CDI scale at 5 nm (en route), and gradually ramp the scale down to the 1 nm range once you are within 30 nm of a departure or arrival airport (terminal area). For auto CDI scaling to occur, you must have an active direct-to or route with an airport as your final destination waypoint, or be within 30 nm of a departure airport. Note that the Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring (RAIM) protection limits listed below follow the selected CDI scale, changing automatically with the 'Auto' setting:

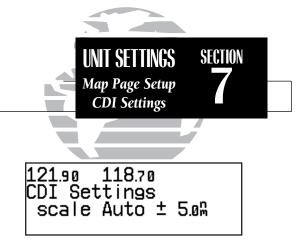
CDI Scale		
nm or Auto (en	ro	

**RAIM Protection** 

+/-5.0 nm or Auto (en route) +/-1.0 nm or Auto (terminal)

+/- 0.3 nm or Auto (approach)

2.0 nm 1.0 nm 0.3 nm



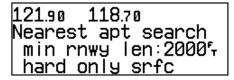
When the 'auto' CDI setting is selected, the GNC 300XL will automatically change the CDI scale when you are within 30 nm of a departure or arrival airport. The CDI setting will be reset to 'Auto' during approach operations, to provide a smooth CDI transition from 5.0 nm to 0.3 nm scales



The 'auto mag' setting will automatically calculate the magnetic variation based upon your current position.



Setting the arrival alarm to 10 nautical miles.



The runway length and surface type settings allow pilots of large, high-performance aircraft to direct the was key function to ignore those airports at which if would be difficult, if not impossible, to land their aircraft.

The GNC 300XL has three magnetic variation options: true, auto, or user-defined.

#### To set the magnetic variation:

1. Press and hold Msg, and use O to display the 'Mag Var/Arvl Alarm' page.

- 2. Press CRSP twice and use 🔘 to select 'auto mag', 'true hdg' or 'user mag'.
- 3. If user is selected, use  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the magnetic variation value, and use  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  to enter the value and 'E' or 'W'. Press **GREP** to finish.

If 'auto' mag var is selected, all track, course and heading information will be corrected to the magnetic variation computed by the GPS receiver. The 'true' setting will reference all information to true north, and the 'user' setting will correct information to an entered value.

The GNC 300XI's **arrival alarm** can be set to notify the pilot with a message when you have reached a user defined distance to a final destination waypoint (the direct-to waypoint or the last waypoint in a route). Once you have reached the set distance (up to 99.9 units), an 'Arrival at \_\_\_\_\_' message will be displayed.

#### To set the arrival alarm distance:

- 1. Press and hold Mss , and use O to display the 'Mag Var/Arvl Alarm' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to select the arrival distance field.
- 3. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the desired distance. Press CRSP to finish.

The **nearest airport search** settings allow you to define the runway length and surface type used in determining the nine nearest airports displayed. A minimum runway length and surface type may be entered to prevent airports with small runways, or runways that are not of appropriate surface, from being displayed. The default settings are '0 ft/mt' for runway length and 'any' for runway surface type.

To set the minimum runway length and runway surface:

1. Press and hold msg and use O to display the 'Nearest apt search' page.

2. Press **CREP** twice and use **()** and **()** to enter the minimum runway length upon which your aircraft can land (up to 9999 units). Press **ENT** to accept the distance.

3. Rotate 🔘 to display the surface selection you desire. Choices include:

any surface

- hard only surface
- soft/hard surface
- water only surface

4. Use 🔘 to select 'ok?' and press **ENT** to confirm.

The GNC 300XI's **battery saver feature** can be programmed to automatically turn off the backlighting when using the optional remote battery pack. This will increase the remote battery life in the event of power failure. During this time, the GNC 300XL will continue to navigate and track satellites, but will not backlight the display until a key is pressed or a knob is turned.

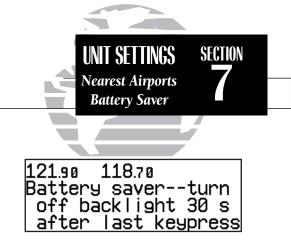
#### To set the display timeout:

1. Press and hold msg and rotate O to display the 'Battery saver' page.

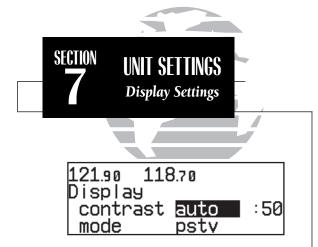
2. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor.

3. Rotate 🔘 until the desired value is displayed (0, 30, 60 or 90 seconds). Entering 0 will leave the display on at all times. Press **GREP** to finish.

The GNC 300XL features automatic contrast and backlighting control to adjust the display for optimum viewing in any condition. This is done using a photocell at the top left corner of the display bezel. It is important that this photocell not be covered to ensure proper display adjustment. You may also select manual control of the display contrast and backlighting to tailor the GNC 300XL to your needs.



Display timeout settings. As shown, the display backlight will turn off after 30 seconds to conserve power in the optional battery pack.



The display contrast may be set to automatically adjust to varying lighting conditions, using the built-in photocell.



Setting the display mode to 'negative' will display on-screen characters as light green on a black background. This setting is suitable for night operation.

#### To change the display contrast settings:

1. Press and hold Msg and rotate O to show the 'Display' settings page.

2. Press CRSB twice and use 🔘 to select 'auto' or 'manual' control.



- 4. If 'manual' is selected, use 🔘 to set the display contrast level. (If 'auto' is selected you may also change the offset level to your preference.)
- 5. Press CRSR to complete.

The 'mode' selection allows you to display on-screen characters as black on a light green background (positive) or light green on a black background (negative). With the 'auto' setting the photocell selects the best mode for day or night viewing.

#### To change the display mode settings:

- 1. Press and hold Msg, and rotate 🔘 to show the 'Display' settings page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice and use 🔘 to highlight the 'mode' field.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select 'pstv', 'ngtv' or 'auto'.
- 4. If 'auto' is selected, rotate O to highlight the threshold level, and use O to select the level at which the display will switch from positive to negative for night time use. (Note: Some experimentation may be necessary to obtain the desired response level.)

The backlight intensity settings control the backlighting level and allow for automatic adjustment using the built-in photocell or manual adjustment.

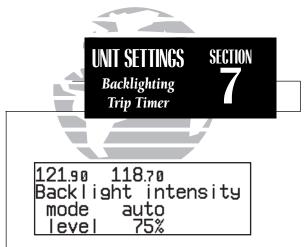
#### To change the backlighting intensity:

- 1. Press and hold Msg , and rotate 🔘 to display the 'Backlight intensity' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice to highlight the 'mode' field.
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select 'auto' or 'manual'.
- 4. If 'manual' is selected, rotate 🔘 to highlight the 'level' field, and use 🌑 to select the desired backlighting level.

The **trip timer** provides a running clock on NAV Menu 2 (see page 29), and can be configured to run when power is on or when your ground speed exceeds a user-defined minimum.

#### To change the trip timer settings:

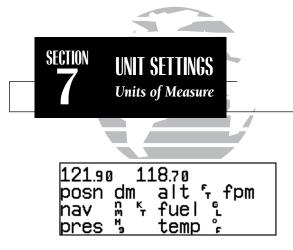
- 1. Press and hold Msg, and use 🔘 to display the 'Trip timer settings' page.
- 2. Press CRSR twice to activate the cursor.
- 3. Use 🔘 to select either 'pwr is on' or 'gs exceeds'.
- 4. If you choose 'pwr is on', press CRSR to complete.
- 5. If you choose 'gs exceeds', use 🔘 to highlight the speed field.
- 6. Enter the speed using 🔘 and 🔘.
- 7. Press ENT to accept, and press CRSR to complete.



The backlight intensity settings page is used to set/adjust the screen backlighting for day or night time operation.

12190 11870 Trip timer settings run when gs exceeds 100<sup>K</sup>T

Trip timer settings, showing timer active when groundspeed exceeds 100 knots.



Default units of measure settings.

121.90		18.70
posn	dm	alt 🕆 mpm
nav	кк М h	fuel 4
pres	т Ь	temp 🔓

Units of measure settings with all metric values displayed.

The GNC 300XL can be configured to display data in standard or metric **units of measure**. These apply to: distance, position, speed, altitude, fuel, pressure and temperature.

#### To change the units of measure:

1. Press and hold  $\[Msg]$  and rotate  $\bigcirc$  to display the nav units page.

2. Press CRSR twice and rotate 🔘 to highlight the field you would like to change.

3. Use 🔘 to change the unit of measure.

4. Rotate 🔘 to advance to the next field, or press CRSR when finished.

The available units of measure are:

position :	<ul><li> degrees, minutes and secon</li><li> degrees and minutes (dm)</li></ul>	
altitude :	• feet (ft)	• meters (mt)
vertical speed	<ul><li>feet per minute (fpm)</li><li>meters per second (mps)</li></ul>	• meters per minute (mpm)
nav units :	<ul> <li>nautical miles and knots (n</li> <li>statute miles and miles per</li> <li>kilometers and kilometers p</li> </ul>	hour (mi, mh)
fuel :	• gallons (gl) • kilograms (kg) • liters (lt)	<ul><li> imperial gallons (ig)</li><li> pounds (lb)</li></ul>
pressure :	• inches of mercury (hg)	• millibars (mb)
temperature :	• degrees Fahrenheit (°f)	• degrees Celsius (°c)

The **Special Use Airspace settings page** will allow you to turn the controlled/ restricted airspace message alerts on or off. This will not affect the alerts listed on the nearest page. It will simply turn off the warning when you are approaching or near an SUA. Warnings can be turned on/off for the following airspaces:

class B/cta :	ICAO control area	1
class C/tma :	ICAO Terminal Control Area	(
rstcd:	Restricted areas	0

**moa:** Military operations area **other:** Other areas includes- alert, caution, danger, training, warning

**SUA warnings for prohibited airspace cannot be turned off.** The 'alt' field, located at the bottom of the SUA settings page, is an altitude buffer which 'expands' the vertical range of the SUA, so you will be notified if you are within a certain range of an SUA. For example, if the buffer is set at 500 feet, and you are more than 500 feet above or below an SUA, you will not be notified with an alert message; if you are less than 500 feet above or below an SUA and projected to enter it, you will be notified with an alert message. The default setting for the altitude buffer is 200 feet.

#### To set the warnings or change the altitude buffer:

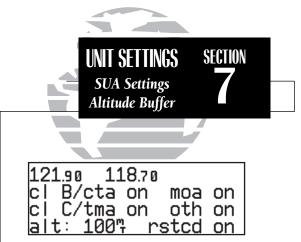
1. Press and hold Msg, and use 🔘 to display the SUA settings page.

2. Press CRSR twice.

3. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the field you would like to change.

- 4. Use 🔘 to change to 'on' or 'off'.
- 5. To change the altitude buffer, highlight the buffer value, and use ) and ) to change the data. Press **ENT** to accept.

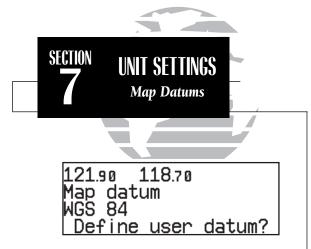




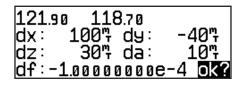
The SUA settings page with all airspace alerts enabled and the altitude buffer set to 100 meters.



The SUA settings page with 'other' airspaces disabled and the altitude buffer set to 500 feet.



Map datum page showing the default WGS 84 datum. This setting should be used unless your paper chart specifies a different datum.



User datum page. To use this function you must enter the parameters as differences from the WGS 84 default.

The NavData card contains over 100 map datums for you to use when navigating. By default, your unit calculates positions using the WGS 84 map datum. If you are using charts based on another datum, you must set the GNC 300XL to use the same datum. Using a map datum that does not match the charts you are using can result in significant differences in position information. If you are using maps for reference only, the GNC 300XL will provide correct navigation guidance to the waypoints contained in the database, regardless of the datum selected.

#### To change the map datum to one listed in Appendix F:

1. Press and hold  $\operatorname{\mathsf{MSG}}$ , and use  $\bigcirc$  to display the map datum page.

2. Press CRSB twice to highlight the current map datum.

3. Use 🔘 to change the datum.

4. Press **CRSR** to complete.

#### To create a user datum:

1. Press and hold  $\mathbf{Msg}$ , and use  $\bigcirc$  to display the map datum page.

2. Press CRSR twice.

3. Use 🔘 to highlight 'Define user datum?'. Press **ENT** 

4. Enter the five parameters of the map datum using (and ). Press (are to accept a field. The signs of each value (+/-) should follow the convention: WGS84-local geodetic system.

5. Use 🔘 to highlight 'ok?', and press

6. To activate the user datum, select 'USER' on the map datum page as described above.

The last page available under the GNC 300XIs setup menu is the **I/O setup page**. The I/O setup page lets you configure the GNC 300XL to input RTCM SC-104 correction data, output to a RS-232 mapping device or a PC (with the optional GARMIN PC Kit or other mapping software) and select the appropriate baud rate. The I/O setup page only provides access to I/O channel 2 input/output. For information on using I/O channel 1, please see your GNC 300XL installation manual.

#### To change the output settings for I/O channel 2:

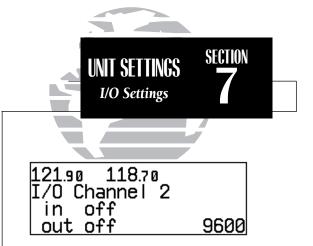
1. Press and hold  ${}_{\rm MSG}$  , and rotate  $\bigcirc$  until the I/O setup page is displayed.

2. Press CRSB twice, and rotate () to select 'off' or 'plotting' for output to an RS-232 device.

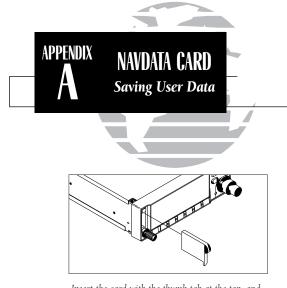
3. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to advance the cursor to the baud rate field.

4. Use 🔘 to select the desired baud rate (300,1200, 2400, 4800 or 9600).

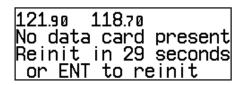
5. Press CRSR to finish.



I/O setup page



Insert the card with the thumb tab at the top, and the beveled corner on the bottom right.



Data card warning

### Appendix A NavData® and User Data Installation/Operation

The NavData card supplied with your GNC 300XL can be installed or removed when the GNC 300XL is on or off. Insert the card with the thumb tab at the top, and the beveled corner at the bottom. If the NavData card is not present when the unit is powered on, you will receive a 'No Jeppesen database' message on the database confirmation page, and you will only be able to use user waypoints for navigation. If the NavData card is removed during operation, a 'No data card present' warning will appear, asking you to reinsert the data card within 30 seconds. If the card is not replaced within 30 seconds, the GNC 300XL will automatically reinitialize. You may also reinitialize the unit manually by pressing

An optional **user data card** can be used to make a backup of user waypoints, routes, etc. and/or transfer information to another GNC 300XL.

#### To save user data to the user data card:

1. Install the user data card.

2. Rotate 🔘 to highlight 'Save user data?'. Press 💵 to confirm.

The message 'Saving to card' is displayed while the GNC 300XL transfers all user data to the User Data card. It may take a few minutes to complete the transfer. When all user data is transferred, the GNC 300XL will instruct you to turn the unit off, remove the user card and insert the Jeppesen NavData card. After this is complete, the GNC 300XL is ready for normal operation.

To restore user data from a user data card to the GNC 300XL:

1. Install the user data card.

2. Rotate 🔘 to highlight 'Restore user data?'.

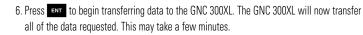


The GNC 300XL will ask you which type of data to replace. You may choose checklists, scheduler messages, user waypoints, proximity waypoints, routes, waypoint comments, or all data.

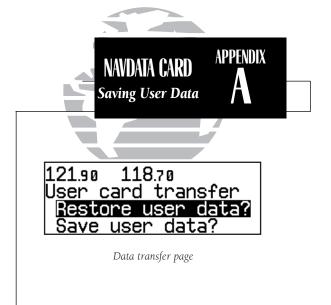
4. Rotate 🔘 to select the type of data to replace.

You may either replace or update the information in the database. Replacing the data will replace **ALL** user data with the data from the card. Updating the data will not delete unrelated material, but will only change what is necessary to use the data received from the user data card.

5. Rotate 🔘 to select either 'Replace?' or 'Update?'.



- 7. To continue with more data transfer types, repeat steps 4, 5 and 6. Otherwise, press when 'ok?' is highlighted.
- 8. Turn the GNC 300XL off and replace the user data card with a NavData card. The GNC 300XL is now ready for normal operation.





Restore data page

INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE

APPENDIX

The GNC 300XL is built to exacting standards and does not require user maintenance. If the faceplate and lens require cleaning, use a soft cloth and non-abrasive cleaner.

The user data is maintained by an internal battery with a projected life of 3 to 5 years. If the GNC 300XL detects a low memory battery, you will be informed with the message 'Memory battery low'. Failure to have the battery replaced may result in loss of data each time you turn your unit off. This will **greatly** increase satellite acquisition time and no user data will be saved. This condition will be accompanied by the message 'Stored data lost'.

The GNC 300XL contains a crystal oscillator which may drift after many years of operation. If the unit detects excessive oscillator drift, you will be informed with the message 'Osc needs adjustment'. When this occurs, contact an authorized GARMIN service center for service. Failure to do so may result in severely degraded acquisition performance.

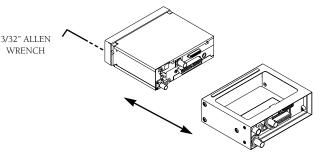
### Appendix B Installation, Removal and Maintenance of the GNC 300XL

The aviation rack is designed to allow easy removal of the GNC 300XL. This enables you to use the unit at home to create routes, interface to a PC, etc. using an optional AC adapter.

#### To install the GNC 300XL into the aviation rack:

1. Insert a 3/32" allen wrench in the small hole adjacent to the dual knob.

- 2. Rotate the wrench counterclockwise until it stops to ensure the pawl latch is in the proper position.
- 3. Insert the GNC 300XL into the aviation rack and rotate the wrench clockwise to secure the unit. To ensure proper connector seating, gently press on the left side of the unit until tightened.



#### To remove the GNC 300XL from the aviation rack:

- 1. Insert a 3/32" allen wrench in the small hole adjacent to the dual knob.
- 2. Rotate the wrench counterclockwise until the GNC 300XL can be removed from the rack.

### Appendix C

The GNC 300XI's simulator mode allows you to plan and practice flights in your home and office using an optional remote battery pack or AC adapter. **The simula-tor is not accessible when the GNC 300XL is running off the master avionicsswitch.** All waypoint and route planning done in simulator mode will be saved in the unit's internal memory.

#### To operate the GNC 300XL in simulator mode:

- 1. Turn the unit on by rotating the knob clockwise. The welcome page will appear while the unit conducts a self test. Once the self test is complete, the welcome page will be replaced by the operating mode page.
- 2. Rotate  $\bigodot$  to move the cursor over the operating mode field ('Normal') .
- 3. Rotate 🔘 to select 'Simulator' and press the ENT key. The cursor will advance to the 'ok?' prompt. Press ENT to confirm.

Once the GNC 300XL has been placed in simulator mode, the database confirmation page will appear, showing the operating dates, cycle number and database type available.

#### To acknowledge the database information:

1. Press Ent

After the database has been acknowledged, the initial position reference page will appear, where you may specify the starting position for your simulated trip. You can define the initial position by entering a waypoint identifier in the reference field, or by manually entering coordinates in the lat/lon field.





Database confirmation page



Entering an initial position reference.

To enter an initial position reference by waypoint identifier:

1. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the waypoint identifier field.

2. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to spell out the identifier of the desired airport, navaid or user waypoint.

3. Press even to confirm the identifier. The waypoint confirmation page will appear, displaying the waypoint's position.

4. Press **ENT** to confirm the 'ok?' prompt.

The position page will now appear, and you may now use most of the GNC 300XL navigation features for practice and planning. You'll also receive a 'Do not use for nav' message to remind you that the simulator mode should never be used for actual navigation. During simulator operation, you will be able to enter a ground speed from the CDI page, and define a course to a destination from the direct-to confirmation page. Altitude may only be entered by using the VNAV function available from the NAV menu 1 page (see page 26).

#### To enter a ground speed from the CDI page:

1. Press wav and rotate 🔘 to display the CDI page.

2. Press **CRSP** twice to activate the cursor in the GPS window.

3. Rotate  $\bigcirc$  to highlight the ground speed field.

4. Use 🔘 and 🔘 to enter the desired speed. Press **ENT** to accept, and **CRSP** to finish.

To exit the simulator mode, the GNC 300XL must be turned off by rotating the knob counterclockwise until the unit shuts down. All waypoints and routes created in simulator mode will be retained in the GNC 300XL's internal memory.

### Appendix D GNC 300XL Messages and Abbreviations

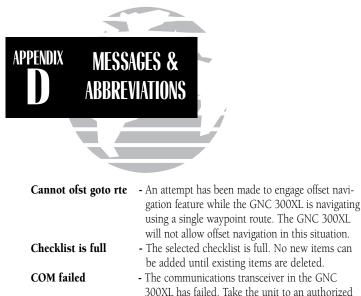
The GNC 300XL uses the message page to communicate important information to you. Some messages are advisory in nature, others are warnings that may require your intervention. This appendix provides a complete list of GNC 300XL messages and their meanings.

Altitude input fail	- The altitude serializer input is not available for the GNC 300XL. Check the I/O settings and/or the serializer installation. If enough satellites are	Arrvl at offst	indicated waypoint. - Your craft has entered the arrival alarm circle for the indicated waypoint offset by the parallel
	available for a 3D position fix, no pilot action is required, providing no RAIM warnings are pre- sent. If only a 2D fix is possible, the pilot should	Auto CDI slctd	<ul><li>track distance.</li><li>The GNC 300XL has reset the CDI scale preference to the 'auto' setting to permit approach navigation.</li></ul>
	enter an altitude within 1,000 feet of the current indicated altitude.	Battery low	- The optional remote battery pack is low on power and limited operating time remains. The battery
Appr switch stuck	<ul> <li>The GPS APR switch is stuck in the 'pressed' position. Check the switch/installation.</li> </ul>	Battery rqrs service	should be recharged for continued operation. - A problem has been detected in the optional
Approach deleted	<ul> <li>The selected approach was deleted from the route because not enough room existed to insert a SID or</li> </ul>	7	remote battery pack. The battery should be ser- viced at an authorized GARMIN service center.
	STAR.	Cannot chng actv wp	t - An attempt has been made to modify the position of
Approach not active	- The approach could not transition to the active phase because the GPS SEQ switch is set to the HOLD posi-		the 'active to' or 'active from' waypoint. The GNC 300XL will not allow the modifications.
	tion, the approach has been manually disarmed using the GPS APR switch, the automatic CDI scale is not selected or offset navigation is in effect. Do not descend	Cannot chng wpt sqn	c- An attempt has been made to modify an approach, SID or STAR. The waypoint sequence of approaches, SIDs and STARs may not be modified.
	at the FAF.	Cannot nav lockd rte	- An attempt has been made to activate a route
Arm approach mode	<ul> <li>Approach navigation is available. Press the GPS APR switch to re-arm the approach.</li> </ul>		containing a locked waypoint. The GNC 300XL cannot perform navigation in this situation.
Arrival at	- Your craft has entered the arrival alarm circle for the		

APPENDIX

MESSAGES &

**ABBREVIATIONS** 



GARMIN service center. **Comment memory full** - The waypoint comment memory is full. You must delete existing waypoint comments before adding new ones.

**Configuration reset** 

- The GNC 300XL has detected a failure in its installation configuration memory. Data from the user memory has been used to reset the configuration. Check the installation settings for correctness. If the message persists, the unit is not usable and should be taken to an authorized service center for repair.

- The course input from RS-422 or ARINC 429 is Course input fail not available to the GNC 300XL. Check the I/O settings and/or have the installation checked by

#### Data card failed

#### Data card write fail

#### **Degraded** accuracy

Do not use for nav

**EEPROM** write fail

Final altitude alert

Fuel/Air input fail

Heading input fail

Inside SUA

a certified technician.

- The GNC 300XL has detected a problem with the data card. The data is not usable and the card should be returned to Jeppesen or an authorized GARMIN service center.
- The user data card failed to program. The card should be returned to an authorized GARMIN service center.
- The GNC 300XL has detected poor satellite geometry while RAIM is not available. Additional cross-checking with a secondary navigation source should be performed to verify the integrity of the GPS position.
- The GNC 300XL is in the simulator mode and must not be used for actual navigation.
- The GNC 300XL has detected a failure while programming its installation configuration memory. The unit is not usable and should be taken to an authorized service center.
- The suggested altitude is within 1000 feet of the final altitude entered on the VNAV planning page.
- The fuel and/or air data input is not available to the GNC 300XL. Check the I/O settings and the fuel/air system installation.
- The heading input from ARINC 429 is not available to the GNC 300XL. Check the I/O settings and/or have the installation checked by a certified technician.
- You have entered a Special Use Airspace.

Invald CPA wpt	- The closest point of approach cannot be created from the waypoint entered on the CPA Page. This occurs when the computed point does not fall on one of the route legs, or when a unique waypoint name for the closest point of approach cannot be found.	
Invalid copy route	- A non-empty route was selected for a copy operation. A route must be empty before another route can be copied to it.	
Invalid CPA route	- The selected route contains less than two way- points and cannot be used for CPA operations.	No altitu
Invalid SAR route	- The selected route does not contain exactly two waypoints and cannot be used for SAR	
Leg not smoothed	<ul> <li>operations.</li> <li>The upcoming leg is too short for smooth waypoint transitions. Expect a rapid change in the CDL.</li> </ul>	
Memory battery low	- The battery that sustains user memory is low and should be replaced by an authorized	
	GARMIN service center as soon as possible. Failure to do so may result in loss of stored data, including all user waypoints and routes.	No cours
Near SUA < 2 nm	- Your position is within 2 nm of an SUA, and your current course will <b>not</b> take you inside.	
Need alt - press NAV	- The GNC 300XL needs altitude input in order to start and/or continue 2D navigation.	No DGPS
	Press the NAV key and enter your antenna altitude on the position page. The altitude you enter should be as accurate as possible.	No RAIM
	An inaccurate altitude will directly translate into inaccurate position information.	No RTCN



ude input

rse input

**PS** position

#### M FAF to MAP

CM input

- The GNC 300XL has failed to receive altitude data from the parallel input. Check the I/O settings and/or the installation. If enough satellites are available for a 3D position fix, no pilot action is required, providing no RAIM warnings are present. If only a 2D fix is possible, the pilot should maintain the GPS altitude within 1,000 feet of pressure altitude, using the position page.

- The GPS SEO switch is set to the HOLD position and has no selected course input from the CDI/HSI. Check the state of configuration switches if installed, or check the CDI/HSI unit.
- Not enough data is available to compute a differential GPS (DGPS) position.
- RAIM is predicted to NOT be available from the final approach fix to the missed approach point. The approach is no longer active.
  - DGPS data, in an RTCM SC-104 format, is not available.



active route.

active route.

- Offset navigation mode is in effect.

- The parallel track distance is too large for the

- The GNC 300XL has detected excessive drift in its

internal crystal oscillator which may result in longer

Offset na	av ii	n ef	fec
Ofst too	big	for	rte

Osc needs adjustment

Poor GPS coverage

Prox alarm-press NAV

**Proximity overlap** 

#### Proximity wpt locked

acquisition time. The unit should be taken to an authorized GARMIN service center immediately.
The GNC 300XL cannot acquire sufficient satellites necessary to provide navigation.
Your craft has penetrated the alarm circle of a proximity waypoint. Press NAV to see the bearing and distance to the proximity waypoint.
The circles defined by two proximity waypoints overlap. When entering the area of the overlap, the GNC 300XL will warn you of the closest proximity waypoint, but not both. You should be certain this condition is desirable.

- At least one proximity waypoint is locked because the waypoint has been removed from

#### Proximity wpt moved

#### Proximty wpt deleted

#### Pwr down and re-init

RAIM not available

#### **RAIM position warn**

#### RAM failed

#### Revr needs service

#### Ready for navigation Receiver failed

the Jeppesen NavData®, the data card is missing, or the data card has failed.

- One or more proximity waypoints were moved at least 0.33 arc minutes due to a database change.
- One or more proximity waypoints were deleted while receiving data from the PC Interface Kit.
- The GNC 300XL is unusable until power has been cycled and the unit re-initialized. Abnormal satellite conditions may exist.
- RAIM is unavailable for the phase of flight you are currently in (the HSI NAV flag should also appear). Revert to alternate navigation.
- RAIM has detected position errors exceeding those allowed for a given phase of flight. Revert to an alternate source of navigation. If the warning occurs during the final approach segment (FAF to MAP), execute the published missed approach.
- The GNC 300XL has detected a failure in its internal memory. If the message persists, the GNC 300XL is unusable and should be taken to an authorized GARMIN service center.
- The GNC 300XL has detected a condition requiring service in the receiver hardware. The GNC 300XL should be taken to an authorized GARMIN service center.
- The GNC 300XL is ready for navigation.
- The GNC 300XL has detected a failure in the receiver hardware. If the message persists, the GNC 300XL is unusable and should be taken to an authorized GARMIN service center.

Remote ENT key stuck	- The remote ENT key is stuck in the 'pressed'
Remote XFR key stuck	<ul><li>state. Check the installation.</li><li>The remote XFR key is stuck in the 'pressed' state. Check the installation</li></ul>
ROM failed	<ul> <li>The GNC 300XL has detected a failure in its permanent memory. If this message occurs, the unit is unusable and should be taken to an authorized GARMIN service center.</li> </ul>
Route is empty	- An attempt has been made to activate an empty route.
Route is full	- An attempt has been made to add more than 31 waypoints to a route. The GNC 300XL will not allow more than 31 waypoints per route.
Route truncated	- The route was truncated because not enough room existed to insert a SID, STAR or approach.
Route wpt deleted	- One or more route waypoints were deleted while receiving data from the optional PC Interface Kit.
Route wpt locked	- At least one route waypoint is locked because the waypoint has been removed from the Jeppesen NavData®, the data card is missing, or the data card has failed.
Route wpt moved	<ul> <li>One or more route waypoints were moved at least 0.33 arc minutes due to a database change.</li> </ul>
RTCM input fail	- The DGPS data signal was being received but has now been lost. Check wiring.
Searching the sky	- The GNC 300XL is in the search-the-sky mode. Allow the unit to complete data collection before turning it off.
Select auto seq mode	- The GPS SEQ switch should be set to the 'Auto' position to continue navigation.



**Set course to** \_\_\_\_\_**o** - The CDI/HSI should be set to the specified course.

SID deleted

STAR deleted

Start altitude chng

Steep turn ahead

Stored data lost

Stuck mic/tx disabled

- The SID was deleted from the route because of insufficient space in the route.
- The STAR was deleted from the route because of insufficient space in the route.
- The altitude change entered on the VNAV Planning page is about to begin.
- This message appears approximately 90 seconds prior to a turn that requires a bank angle in excess of 25 degrees in order to stay on course. Turn anticipation will not be provided for the turn.
- Stored user data, including waypoints, routes and satellite orbital data have been lost due to a low memory battery or inadvertent master reset.
- The microphone/headsets have been transmitting continuously for 35 seconds, and the transmitter has been disabled. Releasing the transmit key will allow you to transmit again. If this message persists, check the installation.



Wpt memory full

waypoint name that does not exist.

- The waypoint memory is full. You should delete unused waypoints to make room for new waypoints.

SUA near & ahead

#### Timer expired User data RX started Usr data TX complete VNAV cancelled

WGS 84 datum selectd

#### Wpt comment locked

Wpt exists \_

- The projected course and current speed will take you inside an SUA within the next 10 minutes.
  Your position is within two nautical miles of
- Your position is within two nautical miles of an SUA and your current course will take you inside.
- The approach timer has expired.
- Data receive operations have started.
- Data transmit operations are complete.
- The VNAV function has been cancelled due to a change in the active route.
- The system map datum was changed to WGS 84 because the selected map datum has been removed from the NavData card, the data card is missing, or the data card has failed.
- At least one waypoint comment is locked because the waypoint has been removed from the Jeppesen NavData®, the data card is missing, or the data card has failed.
- You have entered a waypoint name on the AutoStore™ Page or user waypoint catalog page that already exists in memory. Enter a

This section of Appendix D provides a complete list of GNC 300XL abbreviations and their meanings.

ALT-	Altitude	DEG-	Degrees
APP-	Approach	DEP-	Departure
APR-	Approach	DIS-	Distance To Waypoint
APT-	Airport Waypoint	DME -	Distance Measuring Equipment
ARTCC-	Air Route Traffic Control Center	DOP-	Dilution of Precision
ARV-	Arrival	DTK-	Desired Track
ATF-	Aerodrome Traffic Frequency	ELEV-	Elevation
ATS-	Automatic Terminal Information	ENDUR-	Endurance
	Service (ATIS)	EPE-	Estimated Position Error
AVGS-	Aviation Gas	ESA-	En route Safe Altitude
AZM-	Azimuth (bearing)	ETA-	Estimated Time of Arrival
BRG-	Bearing	ETE-	Estimated Time En route
CAS-	Calibrated Airspeed	FIR-	Flight Information Region
CDI-	Course Deviation Indicator	FLOW-	Fuel Flow Rate
CL B-	Class B	FOB-	Fuel On Board
CL C-	Class C	FPM-	Feet Per Minute
CLR-	Clearance Delivery	FR-	From
CPA-	Closest Point of Approach	FSS-	Flight Service Station
CTA-	ICAO Control Area	FT-	Feet
CTAF-	Common Traffic Advisory	FT-	Full Time
	Frequency	GL-	Gallons
CTF-	Common Traffic Advisory	GND-	Ground
	Frequency	GPS-	Global Positioning System
CTR-	Center (ARTCC)	GS-	Ground Speed
CTS-	Course To Steer	HDG-	Heading
CUM-	Cumulative	HG-	Inches of Mercury
DALT-	Density Altitude	IALT-	Indicated Altitude





ILS-	Instrument Landing System
IG-	Imperial Gallons
INT-	Intersection Waypoint
JET A-	Jet Fuel - Type A
JET B-	Jet Fuel - Type B
KH-	Kilometers Per Hour
KM-	Kilometers
KT-	Knots
LB-	Pounds
LCL-	Local
LEN-	Length
LFLOW-	Left Fuel Flow
LFOB-	Leftover Fuel On Board
LOC-	Localizer
LT-	Liters
MAG VAR	-Magnetic Variation
MB-	Millibars Of Pressure
MF-	Mandatory Frequency
MH-	Statute Miles Per Hour
MI-	Statute Miles
MIC-	Microphone
MIN-	Minimum
MIN -	Minutes
MOA-	Military Operations Area
MPM-	Meters Per Minute
MPS-	Meters Per Second

Minimum Safe Altitude
Meters
Multicom
NDB Waypoint
Nautical Miles
Non-Precision
Nearest
Omni-directional Bearing Select
(Inbound Course Select)
Other
Degrees Celsius
Degrees Fahrenheit
Pilot Controlled
Position
Barometric Pressure
(Altimeter Setting)
Proximity
Proximity
Part Time
Pre-Taxi
Power
Radar
Required
Reference
Right Fuel Flow
Range

RNWY-	Runway
	Restricted
RSV-	_
RTE-	Route
RX-	Receive Only
SAR-	
SEC-	Seconds
SEQ-	Sequence
SGL-	Signal
SID-	Standard Instrument
	Departure
SLCT-	Select
SRFC-	Surface
STAR-	Standard Terminal Arrival
	Route
STR-	Steer To
TACAN-	TACtical Air Navigational Aid
TAS-	True Airspeed
TAT -	Total Air Temperature
TEMP-	Temperature
TMA-	ICAO Terminal Control Area
TRK-	Track Angle
TRN-	Turn Angle
TRSA-	Terminal Radar Service Area
TWR-	Tower
TX-	Transmit Only
U-	UTC Time

UNI-	Unicom
URA-	User Range Accuracy
USER-	User Waypoint
USR-	User Waypoint

User Waypoint UTC-Universal Time Coordinated (GMT/Zulu) VN-VNAV or Vertical Navigation Vertical Navigation VNAV-

VOR-VOR Waypoint

Waypoint WPT-WX-

Weather XFR-

Transfer





\*\* Subject to accuracy degradation to 100m 2DRMS under the US DOD-imposed Selective Availability Program.

121.90 118.70
Turning off 29 scnds
Press any key to
continue navigation

Whenever the GNC 300XL is connected to the optional remote battery pack and power from the master switch is lost, the unit will revert to battery power. To continue navigation, press any key when the power down page appears.

### Appendix E Specifications

#### PHYSICAL

Size:	6.25"W x 5.8"D x 2"H	(159mm x 147mm x 51mm)
Weight: Rack Size:	39 ounces (1.11kg) 6 32"W x 5 64"D x 2"H	(161mm x 143mm x 51mm)
Rack Weight:	11 ounces (0.31kg)	

#### POWER

10-15V DC with power cable (aircraft power) Optional remote battery pack 115V or 230V AC w/ optional adapter

#### ENVIRONMENTAL

Input:

Temperature:	-4° F to 158° F (-20°C to 70°C) Operating -67°F to 185°F (-55°C to 85°C) Storage
--------------	---

#### PERFORMANCE

Comm:	760 channel, aviation band 118-136.975 MHz 5-watt minimum transmit power
Receiver:	12 channel PhaseTrac12™
Acquisition Time:	45 seconds (typical)
	15 seconds (warm start, with ephemeris)
Update Rate:	1 per second, continuously 15 meters (49ft.) RMS**
Accuracy:	
Dynamics:	999 knots velocity, 3g acceleration

#### INTERFACES

ARINC 429, Plotting (NMEA 0183 V2.0), Aviation, PC Interface, Altitude Serializer, Fuel Sensor, Fuel/Air Data Computer

# Appendix F Map Datums

ADINDAN	Ethiopia, Mali, Senegal,	DOS 1968	Gizo Island
AFGOOYE	Sudan Somalia	EASTER ISLAND 1967	(New Georgia Islands) Easter Island
AIN EL ABD 1970	Bahrain Island, Saudi Arabia	EUROPEAN 1950	Austria, Belgium, Denmark,
ANNA 1 ASTRO 1965	Cocos Islands	LUKOI LAIV 1950	Finland, France, Germany,
ARC 1950	Botswana, Lesotho,		Gibraltar, Greece, Italy,
ARC 1990	Malawi, Swaziland, Zaire,		Luxembourg, Netherlands,
	Zambia, Zimbabwe		Norway, Portugal, Spain,
ARC 1960	Kenya, Tanzania		Sweden, Switzerland
ASCENSION IS 1958	Ascension Island	EUROPEAN 1979	Austria, Finland,
ASTRO B4 SOROL ATOLL	Tern Island		Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland
ASTRO BEACON "E"	Iwo Jima Island	FINLAND HAYFORD 1910	
ASTRO DOS 71/4	St. Helena Island	G. SEGARA	Borneo
ASTRONOMIC STN 1952	Marcus Island	GANDAJIKA BASE	Republic of Maldives
AUSTRALIAN GEOD 1966	Australia, Tasmania Island	GEODETIC DATUM 1949	New Zealand
AUSTRALIAN GEOD 1984		GGRS 87	Greece
AUSTRIA NS	Austria	GUAM 1963	Guam Island
BELGIUM 1950	Belgium	GUX 1 ASTRO	Guadalcanal Island
BELLEVUE (IGN)	Efate and Erromango	HERAT NORTH	Afghanistan
DED14104 1075	Islands	HJORSEY 1955	Iceland
BERMUDA 1957	Bermuda Islands Colombia	HONG KONG 1963	Hong Kong
BOGOTA OBSERVATORY BUKIT RIMPAH	Indonesia	HU-TZU-SHAN	Taiwan
CAMP AREA ASTRO	Antarctica	INDIAN BNGLDSH NEPAL	Bangladesh, India, Nepal
CAMP AREA ASTRO CAMPO INCHAUSPE	Antarctica Argentina	INDIAN MEAN VALUE	India
CANTON ASTRO 1966	Phoenix Islands	INDIAN THAILAND VIETN	Thailand, Vietnam
CAPE	South Africa	INDONESIA 74	Indonesia
CAPE CANAVERAL	Florida, Bahama Islands	IRELAND 1965	Ireland
CARTHAGE	Timisia	ISTS 073 ASTRO 1969	Diego Garcia
СН-1903	Switzerland	JOHNSTON ISLAND 1961	Johnston Island
CHATHAM 1971	Chatham Island (New	KANDAWALA	Sri Lanka
	Zealand)	KERGUELEN ISLAND	Kerguelen Island
CHUA ASTRO	Paraguay	KERTAU 1948	West Malaysia, Singapore
CORREGO ALEGRE	Brazil	L.C. 5 ASTRO	Cayman Brac Island
DANISH GI 1934	Denmark	LIBERIA 1964	Liberia
DJAKARTA (BATAVIA)	Sumatra Island (Indonesia)	LUZON MEAN VALUE	Philippines
-		LUZON MINDANAO IS	Mindanao Island





LUZON PHILIPPINES	Philippines	OMAN	Oman
	(excluding Mindanao Isl.)	ORD SRV GRT BRITAIN	England, Isle of Man,
MAHE 1971	Mahe Island		Scotland, Shetland Islands,
MARCO ASTRO	Salvage Islands		Wales
MASSAWA	Eritrea (Ethiopia)	PICO DE LAS NIEVES	Canary Islands
MERCHICH	Morocco	PITCAIRN ASTRO 1967	Pitcairn Island
MIDWAY ASTRO 1961	Midway Island	PORTUGUESE 1973	Portugal
MINNA	Nigeria	POTSDAM	Germany
NAD27 ALASKA	North American 1927- Alaska	PROV SO AMERICAN '56	Bolivia, Chile,Colombia,
NAD27 BAHAMAS	Bahamas (excluding San Salvador Island)		Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Venezuela
NAD27 CANADA	Canada (including	PROV SO CHILEAN 1963	South Chile
	Newfoundland Island)	PUERTO RICO	Puerto Rico & Virgin Isl.
NAD27 CANAL ZONE	Canal Zone	QATAR NATIONAL	Qatar
NAD27 CARIBBEAN	Caribbean (Barbados,	QORNOQ	South Greenland
	Caicos Islands, Cuba,	REUNION	Mascarene Island
	Dom. Rep., Grd. Cayman,	ROME 1940	Sardinia Island
	Jamaica, Leeward and	RT 90	Sweden
	Turks Islands)	SANTO (DOS)	Espirito Santo Island
NAD27 CENTRL AMERICA	Costa Rica, El Salvador,	SAO BRAZ	Sao Miguel, Santa Maria Islands (Azores)
	Guatemala, Honduras,	SAPPER HILL 1943	East Falkland Island
NARAE CONTR	Nicaragua)	SCHWARZECK	Namibia
NAD27 CONUS	Mean Value (CONUS)	SOUTH AMERICAN 1969	Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil,
NAD27 CUBA	Cuba		Chile, Colombia, Ecuador,
NAD27 GREENLAND	Greenland (Hayes Peninsula)		Guyana, Paraguay, Peru,
NAD27 MEXICO	Mexico		Venezuela, Trinidad/Tobago
NAD27 SAN SALVADR IS	San Salvador Island	SOUTH ASIA	Singapore
NAD83	North American 1983- Alaska, Canada, Central	SOUTHEAST BASE	Porto Santo and Madeira Islands
	America, CONUS, Mexico	SOUTHWEST BASE	Faial, Graciosa, Pico, Sao
NAHRWAN MASIRAH IS	Masirah Island (Oman)		Jorge and Terceira Islands
NAHRWAN SAUDI ARABIA			(Azores)
NAHRWAN UNITD ARAB E		TANANARIVE OBSV 1925	Madagascar
NAPARIMA BWI	Trinidad and Tobago	TIMBALAI 1948	Brunei and East Malaysia
NETHERLAND TRIAG '21	Netherlands		(Sarawak and Sabah)
NOU TRIAG FRANCE	France	токуо	Japan, Korea, Okinawa
NOU TRIAG LUXEMBOURG	Luxembourg	TRISTAN ASTRO 1968	Tristan da Cunha
OBSERVATORIO 1966	Corvo and Flores Islands	USER	User datum
	(Azores)	VITI LEVU 1916	Viti LevuIsland/Fiji Islands
OLD EGYPTIAN	Egypt	WAKE-ENIWETOK 1960	Marshall Islands
OLD HAWAIIAN KAUAI	Kauai	WGS 72	World Geodetic System 1972
OLD HAWAIIAN MAUI	Maui	WGS 84	World Geodetic System 1984
OLD HAWAIIAN MEAN	Mean Value	YACARE	Uruguay
OLD HAWAIIAN OAHU	Oahu	ZANDERIJ	Surinam

### Appendix G Troubleshooting Q & A

The GNC 300XL is a precision navigation instrument that offers a wide array of performance navigation features. The 'Q & A' section is designed to answer some of the common questions regarding the GNC 300XI's capabilities and operation. If you have a problem operating your unit, go through the troubleshooting section and refer to the reference section noted. If your problem is not listed in the Q & A section, use the index to find the appropriate reference in the manual. If you still encounter a problem, please see your authorized dealer or call or fax our customer support staff at 913-397-8200 or 913-397-8282 FAX. GARMIN is dedicated to supporting its products and customers.

#### What is RAIM, and how does it affect approach operations?

RAIM is an acronym for Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring, a receiver function that performs a consistency check on all tracked satellites. RAIM ensures that the available satellite geometry will allow the receiver to calculate a position within a specified protection limit (2 nm for oceanic and en route, 1 nm for terminal and 0.3 nm for non-precision approaches).

During oceanic, en route and terminal phases of flight, RAIM will be nearly 100%. Because of the tighter protection limit on approaches, there may be times when RAIM is not available. The GNC 300XL automatically monitors RAIM and will warn you with an alert message (see Appendix D) when it is not available. If RAIM is not available when crossing the FAF, the ACTV annunciator will not illuminate and the pilot must fly the missed approach procedure. The GNC 300XL's RAIM prediction function (see page 30) will also allow you to see whether RAIM will be available for a specified date and time. NOTE: If RAIM is not predicted to be available for the final approach course, the approach will not become active, as indicated by the ACTV annunciator.





#### Why aren't there any approaches available for my route?

Approaches are only available when the final route waypoint or direct-to destination is an airport (some VOR/VORTAC identifiers are similar to airport identifiers). If a destination airport does not have a GPS approach, the GNC 300XL will display a 'no procedures in database' message. For more on selecting an approach, see page 89.

### What happens when I select an approach? Can I store a route with an approach, SID or STAR?

Whenever you load an approach or STAR into the active route, the arrival airport is moved, and a set of approach or arrival waypoints is inserted. If a SID is loaded into the active route, the SID waypoints will be inserted following the departure airport in the active route. Note: these modifications only apply to the active route, and will not affect the corresponding stored route (if you have activated one). Routes can be stored with an approach, SID or STAR. Keep in mind that the active route is erased when the unit is turned off and overwritten when another route is activated.

When storing routes with an approach, SID or STAR, the GPS will use the waypoint information from the current database to define the waypoints. If the database is changed or updated, the GNC 300XL will automatically update the information if the procedure name has not changed. If an approach, SID or STAR procedure is no longer available, the route will become locked until the procedure is deleted from the route or the correct database is installed. For information on loading an approach, SID or STAR, see pages 78-99. See page 69 for instructions on saving and copying routes.

#### Can I file slant Romeo '/R' using my GPS?

Yes, you may file your flight plan as /R if your GNC 300XL is a certified A1 or A2 installation. If you are flying en route, you may fly /R with an expired database **only** after you have verified all route waypoints. Non-precision approaches **may not** be flown with an expired database. See your approved Airplane Flight Manual Supplement for more information.

#### What does the GPS APR switch do? What is 'arming' an approach?

The GPS APR switch must be set to the ARM position for an approach to enter the active phase. It may be left in the ARM position to simplify approach operation. Its main function is to provide the pilot with a quick method of deactivating the approach and returning the CDI scale to the 1 nm scale in the event of a missed approach. For more on the GPS APR switch and arming approaches, see pages 78-79.

#### What does the GPS SEQ switch do and when do I use it?

The GPS SEQ switch is used to select manual or automatic waypoint sequencing of waypoints. Setting the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position holds your current 'active to' waypoint as your navigation reference and prevents the GPS from sequencing to the next waypoint. When the GPS SEQ switch is set to the AUTO position, automatic waypoint sequencing is selected, and the GPS will automatically select the next waypoint in the route once the aircraft has crossed the present active-to waypoint.

#### AUTO

Automatic sequencing of waypoints Change in HSI does not affect CDI deflection Always navigates 'TO' the active waypoint Must be set to AUTO for approach to go active

#### HOLD

Manual sequencing- 'HOLDs' on selected waypoint Manually select course to next waypoint from HSI Will indicate 'TO' or 'FROM' waypoint Approach will not go active

The GPS SEQ switch must be set to the HOLD position any time you are deviating from the flight sequence of an approach (e.g., when you are flying radar vectors) or when you must cross the same waypoint twice in succession (e.g., a procedure turn or holding pattern). Whenever the GPS SEQ switch is set to the HOLD position, the GNC 300XL allows you to select the desired course to/from a waypoint using the HSI, much like a VOR, and display a to/from flag for the active-to waypoint. In the AUTO position, the CDI will always display a 'TO' indication for the next waypoint once you've crossed the active waypoint. Refer to page 92 for an approach example using a HOLD.





#### When should I switch from HOLD to AUTO, and what happens when I do?

Once you are ready to resume automatic waypoint sequencing, you must set the desired course on your HSI two seconds before changing the GPS SEQ switch to the AUTO position. This allows the the desired course to 'settle' prior to the GNC 300XL using it. Once the GPS SEQ switch is set back to the AUTO position, the GNC 300XL will use the HSI course until you have crossed the active-to waypoint and sequenced to the next route waypoint. See page 80 for more information on the GPS SEQ switch.

#### Why won't my unit automatically sequence to the next waypoint?

The GNC 300XL will only sequence approach, SID or STAR waypoints when the GPS SEQ switch is in the AUTO position. For automatic sequencing to occur, you must also cross the bisector of the turn you are navigating.

#### How do I skip a waypoint in an approach, SID or STAR?

The GNC 300XL allows you to manually select any approach, STAR or SID waypoint as your next 'active to' destination. This procedure, called an on-route direct-to, is performed from the active route page by highlighting the desired waypoint and pressing **PP**, then **ENT** to approve the selection. The GPS will then provide navigation directly to the selected waypoint, so be sure you have clearance directly to that position. See pages 63 & 76 for more information.

#### How do I fly the GPS with an autopilot and DG heading bug?

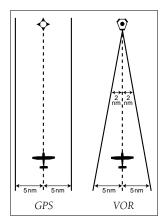
If you do not have an HSI, you should make your course selections on the OBS and the DG heading bug.

#### When does turn anticipation begin, and what bank angle is expected?

The GNC 300XL will smooth adjacent leg transitions based upon a nominal 15° bank angle (with the ability to roll up to 25°) and provide three pilot cues for turn anticipation: 1) The waypoint annunciator will flash 15 seconds before the turn point and glow steadily 2 seconds prior to the turn anticipation point. Begin the turn when the annunciator goes steady. 2) A flashing 'next dtk' prompt will appear on the GNC 300XI's CDI field. Set the HSI to the next dtk value when the waypoint annunciator starts flashing. 3) The To/From indicator on the GPS CDI will flip momentarily to indicate that you have crossed the midpoint of the turn. For more information on turn anticipation, see page 77.

#### When does the CDI scale change, and what does it change to?

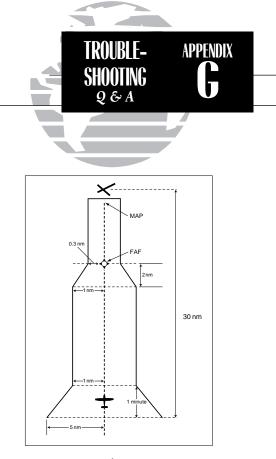
Whenever an approach is selected and armed, the GNC 300XL will begin a smooth CDI scale transition from the 5.0 nm to the 0.3 nm scale 30 nm from the destination airport (see left). The CDI scale will remain at the 0.3 nm scale from the FAF to the MAP during the active approach. If you are in a missed approach situation, and



would like to return the CDI to the 1 nm scale, you may deactivate the approach by releasing the GPS APR switch from the ARM position.

### Why does my CDI not respond like a VOR when the GPS SEQ switch is set to HOLD?

Unlike a VOR, the CDI scale used on GPS equipment is based on the cross-track distance to the desired course, not an angular relationship to the destination. Therefore, the CDI deflection on the GPS will be consistent regardless of the distance to the destination, and will not become less sensitive when you are further away from the destination. For more information on the CDI scale, see page 103.



CDI Scale Transition



### What is the correct missed approach procedure? How do I select the missed approach holding point?

To comply with TSO specifications, the GNC 300XL will not automatically sequence to the missed approach holding point. The first waypoint in the missed approach procedure will be displayed as the next approach waypoint when the pilot performs a direct-to AFTER crossing the MAP, which the pilot may activate when authorized. All published missed approach procedures must be flown before activating navigation to the holding point. To begin the missed approach procedure prior to the MAP, the GPS APR switch must be released from the 'ARM' position to disarm the approach and begin transition of the CDI to the 1.0 nm scale.

To activate navigation to the first missed approach waypoint after crossing the MAP, press , then , the GNC 300XL will provide direct navigation to the holding point. If you do not have direct clearance to the holding point, set the GPS SEQ switch to the HOLD position until you have intercepted the inbound course to the holding point. See page 87 for more information on missed approaches.

### How do I re-select the same approach or activate a new approach after a missed approach?

After flying all missed approach procedures, you may reactivate the same approach for another attempt from the active route page. Once you have been given clearance for another attempt, select the starting waypoint from the active route list by highlighting the waypoint identifier and pressing P, followed by  $\fbox{EVT}$ . The GNC 300XL will provide direct navigation to the selected waypoint and rejoin the approach in sequence from that point on. If you have disarmed the previous approach, remember to set the GPS APR switch to the 'ARM' position.

To activate a new approach, you must select the new procedure from the approach select page. To view the approach select page, press and rotate O until the approach select page appears. Press and rotate O to highlight the new approach you want to fly. To activate the new approach, press and select the IAF, if necessary. See page 88 for more information on reactivating an approach.

## Appendix H Index

#### A

Abbreviations
Accessory list
Activating a route
Activating a route in reverse
Active frequency
Active to & from waypoints 62, 74
Active route page
Adding waypoints to a route
Airport comments page
Airport communications page 39-40, 43
Airport runway page
Airport position page 40-41
Airport identification page
Airport information
Altitude
Altitude buffer
Approach procedures
Approach select page 65, 85, 89
Approach timer
Approaches
Arrival alarm setting 104
Automatic squelch
Automatic zoom 101
AutoStore <sup>™</sup>
Auto-tune

Backlighting	, 107
Battery saver	

L
Cautions
CDI 5-6, 12, 103
CDI page
CDI sensitivity setting 12, 103
Channel 2 I/O
Checking GPS coverage 20-22, 30
Checklists
Clear key viii
Clock function
Closest point of approach (CPA) 69
Communication frequencies 3, 6, 17, 43
Communications pages
Communications window
Contrast
Controlled airspace 41, 58-61, 109
Course select
Copying routes
Creating user waypoints
Cursor key
, •

#### D

D
Database 1, 36-37
Data fields
Date & time
Deleting user waypoints
Deleting routes
Deleting waypoints from routes 67, 76
Density altitude
Direct-to cancelling 63





Direct-to navigation5, 62-64Display contrast106Display mode106Displaying airports102Displaying identifiers102Displaying airspace boundaries103DOP20-21Downloading data to another 300XL112
Downloading data to another 300XL 112 Duplicate waypoints

#### E

Editing routes
Editing user waypoints
Emergency channel select
ENT keyviii
Entering waypoints
EPE
Emergency channel select
ETE (estimated time en route)16

#### F

Foreword
Frequency field
Frequency restrictions
Fuel planning 24-25

#### G

Going to a nearest airport
GPS APR switch
GPS planning
GPS SEQ switch
Ground speed 6, 16
Ground track (TRK) 16

#### Н

'Hold' on a waypoint														76, 80
----------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--------

#### I

Inner knob viii
Installation of the GNC 300XL114
Intersections
I/O Outputs 111, 126

### K

Key functions									vii, viii
Knob functions .									vii, viii

#### L

Locked waypoints																			56	)
------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	---

#### М

Magnetic variation
Map datums
Map display
Map orientation
Map page 6-8, 11, 15-16
Map scales
Map setup 101,103
Measurement units 108
Messages 2, 28, 31, 56, 58, 117-122
Missed approaches 82, 84, 87-88, 134
MSG keyviii, 100

#### Ν

NAV/GPS switch
NAV Key
NAV menu 1 4, 11, 23-28

NAV menu 2
NAVCOM page
NavData cards
Navigation terms
NDBs
NRST key vii, 9, 57
Nearest airport
Nearest SUA
Nearest waypoints 9, 57

#### 0

Offset navigation	
Orientation	
Outer knob	

#### Р

Packing list
Parallel track
Position page
Power/volume knob vii
Power on (normal) 1
Power off
Procedure turns 80, 83, 86, 131
Procedures page
Proximity Waypoints

#### R

RAIM prediction
RAIM protection
Radar information
Receiver status
Reference waypoint
Removal of the GNC 300XL114
Renaming user waypoints

Restoring user data
Reversing a route
Route catalog page66
Route comments
Route key
Route navigation 62, 74
Route RAIM Prediction
Routes
Runway page
Runway surface

#### S

•
Satellite acquisition
Satellite data page 22
Satellite information
Satellite status page
Scheduler
Search-and-rescue operations
Settings submenus 100
SIDs 40-42, 65-66, 96-97
Simulator mode
Special Use Airspace (SUA) 58-61
Specifications
Standby frequency
STARs 40-42, 65-66, 98-99
Storing user data 112
SUA alert messages
SUA alert page
SUA altitude fields
SUA settings page
Sunrise/sunset planning
Squelch
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,





#### Τ

1
Table of contents v-vi
Time
Transfer key viii, 3, 33
Trip planning
Trip timer
Trip timer settings
True air speed
Turn anticipation

# Waypoint menu36-37Waypoint scanning56Waypoint sequencing76-77Waypoints with comments54Winds aloft26

### Z

L												
Zoom in/out											8,	16

#### U

Unit settings
Units of measure
User data cards
User waypoints

#### V

Vertical navigation (VNAV)	23-26
Volume	vii, 35
VORs	37, 45

#### W

vv
Warranty
Waypoint categories
Waypoint comment list
Waypoint comments page 54
Waypoint confirmation page55
Waypoint entry
Waypoint holding
Waypoint identification page
Waypoint information
Waypoint key vii, 36
Waypoint list



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