#### **Patuxent River Navy Flying Club**



### **Headings and Winds**

PRNFC
PO BOX 332
PATUXENT RIVER MD 20670
(301) 342-1110

## **Different Headings**

- True Course (TC) the course measured on the chart
  - Measured from True North
- True Heading (TH) TC corrected for the effects of wind
  - "Written in True, spoken in Mag"
- Magnetic Heading (MH) TH corrected for magnetic variation
  - In planning, "East is least; West is best"
- Compass Heading (CH) MH corrected for compass deviation

For	N	30	60	Е	120	150			
Steer	0	27	56	85	116	148			
For	S	210	240	W	300	330			
Steer	181	214	244	274	303	332			



027°

NCEP Wind Aloft Forecast Level: high Forecast: 06 Region: bos (Extracted from FBUS31 KWNO 121958)

> DATA BASED ON 121800Z /ALID 130000Z FOR USE 2000-0300Z. TEMPS NEG ABV 24000

FT 3000 6000 9000 12000 18000 24000 30000 34000 39000 BDL 2115 2522+01 2531-05 2537-08 2662-18 2689-27 761242 762453 764663 BGR 2618 2817-08 2832-10 2848-13 2873-24 2883-35 784444 786553 778061 CAR 2819 2932-11 2935-14 2943-16 2874-27 2890-39 795046 787752 784459 PWM 2416 2822-05 2735-06 2741-12 2770-21 2880-32 773543 774454 776762 EMI 1816 2240+04 2445-01 2445-04 2445-15 2586-25 750139 751250 752462

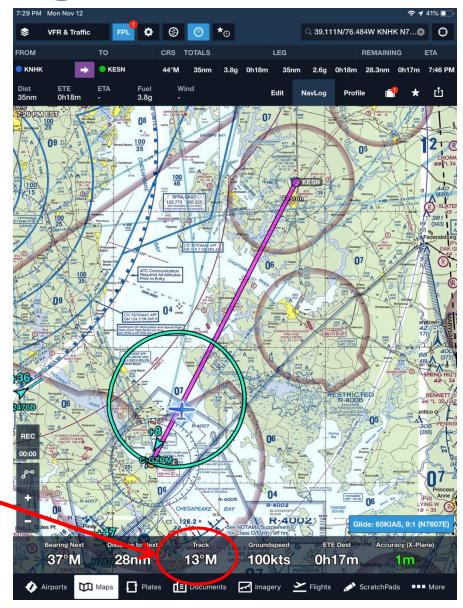


## **One More Heading**

Magnetic Track (MT) –
Actual ground track
corrected for magnetic
variation. It depicts the
effects of wind, but doesn't
compute the heading
correction for winds

- Example in ForeFlight
- "Course" in E6B App

Magnetic Track



# **Setting the Directional Gyro**

We want the Directional Gyro (DG) to show us Magnetic Heading, not Compass Heading.

- DG error is precession, not affected by heading, but is affected by time and maneuvers.
- Compass error is not affected by time or past maneuvering, but is affected by heading.

Given a DG that doesn't precess too much, we want it to be accurate on any heading. Therefore we must remove compass deviation when setting the DG.

If the aircraft's Mag Compass says 245°, what do we set in the DG?

- Deviation at 240 is +4°
- Reverse the sign of deviation and add to the CH.  $245 + (-4^{\circ}) = 241^{\circ}$

Many DGs have been sent in for repair because their owners set CH, not MH and constantly saw errors!

For	Ν	30	60	Е	120	150
			56			
For	S	210	240	W	300	330
Steer	181	214	244	274	303	332

### What about winds?

While ForeFlight and web-based planners like SkyVector provide predicted in-flight winds for their Magnetic Headings, forecasts can be wrong.

- If you plan far enough into the future, the National Weather Service will not have predicted the winds, so they'll be zero.
- Fast moving fronts are difficult to predict and sometimes the predictions are just wrong.
- Your departure time may be significantly different than your estimate when you did your flight planning, so the actual winds will likely be different than the old forecast.

#### So what, your time of arrival is just a little different, right?

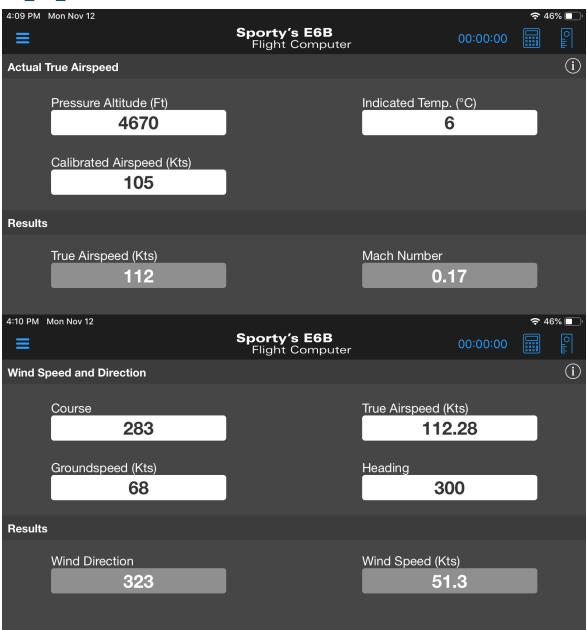
 Yes, but in extreme cases you may not have enough fuel. Or, you go too fast (burning lots of fuel) and get there early only to have to wait for a ride.

# How do you know if the actual inflight winds are different than planned?

#### Figure it out! (Requires an in-flight GPS-connected app.)

- 1. Observe indicated airspeed and correct to calibrated airspeed. There's a chart in the POH. At cruise speed, it's usually minimal.
- 2. Observe outside air temperature.
- 3. Observe pressure altitude. Set the altimeter to 29.92.
- 4. Calculate true airspeed (TAS).
- 5. Observe magnetic heading off DG or correct CH to MH.
- 6. Observe magnetic track (course) from ForeFlight (or similar app).
- 7. Observe ground speed from ForeFlight (or similar app).
- 8. Calculate winds (the wind direction will be in magnetic, not true like you planned).
- Adjust planning as necessary. Proficiency with E6B required.

## **E6B App Screenshots**



### **Summary**

- Sometimes your exact MH isn't important. But sometimes, like when you are flying cross country legs using dead reckoning or when flying an NDB approach it's critical.
- Winds are a big deal in slow flying airplanes. Knowing how to correct for them is the mark of a competent pilot.